The Bombay Gazette

No. 11,301 New Series. BOMBAY :—MONDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1885.

SHIPPING.

P. & O. S. N. CO.
S. S. ASSAM.

SHIPPERS are informed that the s.s. ASSAM will call at Suakim to DELIVER GOVERNMENT STORES, and are requested to note the same with reference to Marine Insurance on their cargo.

F. D. PARKER, Superintendent.

S. S. ASSAM.
TO VENICE AND TRIESTE.

SHIPPERS are requested TO TAKE NOTICE that this Steamer WILL LOAD in the HARBOUR, instead of in the Prince's Dock.

F. D. PARKER, Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessel	Tons	H. P.	Captain.	FRIDAY 1885.
— Assam	3038	500	S. F. Cole	20th Feb.
L. Tasmania	4500	800	G. G. Perrins	27th ,,
M. Cathay	2983	500	T. Fairtlough	6th Mar.
L. Hydaspes	2984	500	G. Scrivener	13th ,,
— Gwalior	2733	500	F. Harris	20th ,,
L. Bokhara	2944	500	H. Weighell	27th ,,
M. Carthage	5013	1000	G. N. Hector	3rd April
L. Surat	3142	550	C. R. Edwards	10th ,,
— Nizam	2726	500	W. J. Webber	17th ,,
L. Chusan	4500	800	H. Wyatt	24th ,,
M. Nepaul	3536	600	J. T. Anderton	1st May.

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta, and those marked M via Marseilles. By the others passengers for London change Vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

A steam-barge will leave the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 3 p. m., on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	On 1885.
VERONA	3116	600	L. H. Moule	20th Feb.
MALWA	2939	500	W. Ad[illegible]	6th March,
ROSETTA	3502	700	G. W. Brady	20th ,,
VENETIA	2726	500	A. B. Daniel	3rd April.

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

F. D. PARKER, Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, Feb. 7, 1885.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

BRINDISI ROUTE.

THROUGH TICKETS from BOMBAY to LONDON *via* Brindisi, including the Continental Railway Fare, are now issued on favorable terms; and return tickets available for three and six months. Tickets can also be obtained which allow passengers to travel 1st class by the steamer and 2nd class by rail from Brindisi to London.

MARSEILLES ROUTE.

STEAMERS leave BOMBAY for MARSEILLES and LONDON direct every four weeks (see general advertisement), and the voyage to the former port is accomplished in 19 days in fair weather (21 days during the Monsoon). The Railway journey from Marseilles to London occupies about 27 hours.

Fares to London, by the sea route or *via* Marseilles, including the Railway Fare across the Continent :—
First Class Rs. 680. Second Class Rs. 370.

Return Tickets are also issued, for particulars of which and all other information on the subject, apply to

F. D. PARKER, Superintendent, P. and O. S. N. Co.
Bombay, Feb. 7, 1885.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Regular Mail-steamers leave BOMBAY on the 1st of each month at noon, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, starting from GENOA on the 8th of every month for BOMBAY.

FARE to all Ports of Italy and Marseilles, Rs. 500, Rs. 340, Rs. 150, for First, Second, and Third Class respectively, inclusive of Wine. Infants are allowed free. Children over three and under ten years, half fare. Families will be allowed liberal discount.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

A discount of 35, 20, and 10 per cent. is allowed to Passengers returning within three, six, and twelve months respectively from the date of LANDING.

The following or other First Class Steamers will leave Bombay :—

	Tons.	H.P.	
CHINA	5,000	850	1st Mar. 1885.
GIVA*	3,600	450	1st April ,,
RUBFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	850	1s May ,,

Steam Launch leaves Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m. on the day of Sailing, with Passengers and heavy Baggage.

Through Railway Tickets available for 17 days, to London via Calais or Brighton, both from Genoa and Naples are issued here.

For Handbooks of information and other particulars apply to

F. BOZZONI, Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Jan. 1, 1885.
* No Second Class accommodation.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI, AND TRIESTE, *VIA* CANAL.

Steamers.	Captains	Tons.	H. P.	To sail 1885.
BERENICE	G. B. Verona	3,500	555	1st March
ELEKTRA	G. Cattich	4,100	600	2nd April
MEDUSA	G. Ragusin	3,500	550	2. d May

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

Above rates include Wines supplied at meals.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 1st and BRINDISI on the 3rd of each month.

The Company's steam launch will be in attendance at the Apollo-bunder on the day of sailing to convey passengers and their luggage to the steamer, free of charge.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail. 1885.
MEDUSA	G. Ragusin	3,500	550	1st March.

STEAM TO COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.

Steamer.	Captain.	Ton.	H.P.	To sail.
ORION	G. Mahorcich	3,500	500	15th March

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church-gate-street, Bombay, Jan. 30, 1885.

ANCHOR LINE.
S. S. "BELGRAVIA," FOR LIVERPOOL, SAILING TUESDAY, 3RD MARCH.

THE attention of Passengers is invited to this fine steamer of 5,000 Tons and 1,000 Horse Power, the largest on the Indian run. She carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, and has splendid accommodation for First Class Passengers only. She is furnished with ample bath rooms, punkahs, &c., and the refrigerating room ensures a full supply of Ice, Fresh Meat and Milk throughout the voyage.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Bombay, February 9, 1885.

PASSENGER SEASON 1884.

MESSRS. KING, KING and Co. will on application forward, free of charge, a copy of their "HAND-BOOK FOR HOMEWARD BOUND PASSENGERS," and full particulars as to Berths available, Rates of Passage, dates of sailing, &c. by P. and O. and all other lines of steamers.

KING, KING AND CO.
Bombay, February 1, 1884.

Rs. 25.—For Rupees Twenty-five we send to any part of India, free of Postage and Packing charges, one of our crystal-faced

CELEBRATED ORIGINAL CAMPAIGN WATCHES.

The Watches are so well known for their decided superiority that we need not further dwell on their merits. Guarantee two years.

FAVRE-LEUBA AND CO.

Beware of Imitations sold under similar names at much cheaper rates. We do not supply these watches to the trade.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE AND KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "COMMILLA," 827 tons, on FRIDAY, 20th February, 1885, at noon, calling (weather permitting) at Verawal, Mangarole, Porebunder, and Cutch Mandavie.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PURULIA," 1,554 tons, on arrival of the English Mail calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Bussorah, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

S. S. "MECCA," 1,450 tons, on 26th February, 1885.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "MADURA," 1,942 tons, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.
Bombay, February 14, 1885.

COOK'S TRAVELLING TICKETS,

BY ALL MAIL AND PRINCIPAL ROUTES OR BY THE SHORTEST AND CHEAPEST ROUTES,

AVAILABLE for one or more passengers, any day, to all parts of Europe, Egypt, Palestine, Japan, America, Australia, etc. may be had to start from

EVERY RAILWAY STATION IN INDIA.

Through Bookings to London at the lowest possible fares. Every information freely given re Quarantine, Steamer Sailings, Sleeping Cars, etc. Cook's Coupons for nearly 800 Hotels. See Cook's Monthly Mail and Indian Advertiser, January Number, Ans. 4. post-free.

THOS. COOK & SON, Tourist Agents.

Bombay, 17, Hornby Row, The Fort.
Calcutta, 10½, Old Court House-street.

N.B.—Subscribers of Rs. 3 to C. M. M. & I. A. Newspaper, for 1885 published monthly, also have a chance of Free First Class Passage to London and back. Subscriptions to be paid before March 20th to participate, see January Number.

BOMBAY TO HAVRE.

THE s. s. BONNINGTON, 2,000 tons, sailing for Havre about 18th instant, has accommodation for a limited number of passengers.

Passages will be granted on very moderate terms. For particulars apply to the Captain on board, at "G." shed, Prince's Dock.

FINLAY MUIR & Co., Agents.

GRINDLAY, GROOM, AND Co., BOMBAY,
GRINDLAY AND Co., CALCUTTA,
BOOK PASSAGES by P. & O. and all other Steamer without charge for Commission.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PRIME
STILTON CHEESE.
Re. 1-4 per lb.
in first-rate condition.

TREACHER AND Co., LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

DREHER'S VIENNA BEER,
IN SPLENDID CONDITION.

THIS BEER has obtained a world-wide reputation, and is without an equal in the Indian Market.

Per doz. qts. Rs. 6-4; Pts. Rs. 4-2, cash.

SOLE AGENTS
TREACHER AND Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S
SUPERIOR PALE BRANDIES,
FROM THE CELEBRATED DISTILLERIES OF THE
VINE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION OF COGNAC.

		Cash.
TREACHER'S PALE COGNAC	per doz.,	Rs. 26 0
TREACHER'S OLD PALE COGNAC	,,	,, 30 0
TREACHER'S FINE OLD PALE COGNAC, the Celebrated "Heart Labelled" Brandy	,,	,, 33 0
TREACHER'S SPECIAL INVALID BRANDY, Matured for Medicinal use	,,	,, 54 0

TREACHER & Co., Limited.

INDIA-RUBBER TUBING.

PURE, perfectly elastic, and warranted the very best made. Sizes of interior diameter ¼ inch to 1 inch.

KEMP AND CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY.

MINERAL WATERS.

WE receive these direct from the springs, and guarantee them perfectly fresh and genuine, viz.—

Hunyadi Janos.	Victoria.
Evian Les Bains.	Aesculap.
Carlsbad.	Tarasp.
Friedrichshall.	Contrexeville.
Morny—Chateauneuf.	Vichy.

KEMP AND CO., Limited,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

KEMP & COMPANY'S
PAINLESS
CORN AND WART REMOVER

GIVES instant relief the moment it is applied, and if used night and morning for a few days the Corn or Wart will peel completely off, without inconvenience or pain.

"In its effects it is a real wonder." M. Jamsetjee.

Per Bottle 10 as. and Re. 1.

PREPARED ONLY BY
KEMP & COMPANY, Limited,
BOMBAY.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

	Qts. Rs.	A.	Pts. Rs.	A.
CLARET—				
Household*	10	0	5	8
St. Julien Medoc. (J. J. B.)	15	0	8	8
Chateau Lafitte (J. J. B.)	30	0	......	
Chateau Bellegrave (J. J. B.)	50	0	......	
BURGUNDY—				
Chambertin (J. J. B.)	30	0	16	0
HOCK (Finest Still)—				
Hockheimer, Specially selected	23	0	12	8
SPARKLING HOCK—				
Choicest Brand	38	0	21	0
SHERRY—				
Dry Cadiz	24	0	13	0
Amontillado	30	0	......	
Cardinal	35	0	......	
MADEIRA—				
Cossart Gordon & Co.'s Choice Reserve	30	0	......	
PORT—				
Invalids'	24	0	13	0
CHAMPAGNE—				
Jules Mumm's Carte Blanche	45	0	24	0
Roederer's Choice Brand	65	0	35	0
SPARKLING SAUTERNE—				
Normandin Maignen	30	0	16	0
BRANDY—				
Kemp's Fine Old	30	0	......	
WHISKY—				
Edina (Scotch)	24	0	......	
Old Head (Irish) ***	24	0	......	
Do. do. ****	26	0	......	
CHARTREUSE—				
White			3	0
Yellow			4	6
Green			5	0
MARASCHINO DE ZARA			1	8

* Prize Medal, Amsterdam Exhibition, 1883.

KEMP AND CO., LIMITED,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

ELECTRO-PLATE.

TREACHER and Co., Limited, purchase only the best Goods from the leading Manufacturers; their present large stock is of the same superior quality as heretofore; for elegance and novelty of design and variety for selection it is unsurpassed by any House in India.

		Rs. a.		Rs. a.
Aghdans	from	25 0	to	30 0
Army and Navy Cups	,,	16 0	to	35 0
Assiettes	,,	50 0	to	100 0
Beer Jugs	,,	45 0	to	70 0
Beer Mugs	,,	10 8	to	28 0
Biscuit Boxes	,,	10 0	to	80 0
Bottle Holders	,,	18 0	to	25 0
Bottle Labels	,,	1 4	to	4 0
Brandy and Soda Frames	,,	50 0	to	70 0
Bread Basket	,,	40 0	to	70 0
Breakfast Cruets	,,	13 8	to	28 0
Breakfast Dishes	,,	40 0	to	60 0
Butter Coolers	,,	16 0	to	30 0
Butter Knives	,,	2 8	to	7 0
Cake Baskets	,,	40 0	to	70 0
Carlton Cruets	,,	13 8	to	28 0
Cheese Scoops	,,	3 0	to	20 0
Children's Mugs	,,	13 8	to	40 0
Christening Presents	,,	10 0	to	100 0
Chutney Frames	,,	25 0	to	50 0
Cigar Lamps	,,	25 0	to	40 0
Claret Jugs	,,	18 0	to	40 0
Cocktail Shakers	,,	18 0	to	30 0
Cruet Stands	,,	20 0	to	60 0
Crumb Scoops	,,	12 8	to	25 0
Dessert Fruit Spoons, sets of	,,	40 0	to	60 0
Dessert Knives and Forks, sets of	,,	32 0	to	100 0
Dessert Stands	,,	36 0	to	70 0
Dinner Cruets	,,	32 0	to	100 0
Egg Boilers or Steamers	,,	29 0	to	35 0
Egg Frames	,,	18 0	to	60 0
Entree Dishes, sets of 4	,,	250 0	to	600 0
Epergnes	,,	100 0	to	200 0
Etnas	,,	30 0	to	40 0
Fish Carvers	,,	25 0	to	35 0
Fish Eating Knives and Forks, sets of	,,	50 0	to	150 0
Flower Stands	,,	40 0	to	100 0
Fruit Stands	,,	36 0	to	70 0
Goblets	,,	28 0	to	100 0
Golf Cups	,,	20 0	to	80 0
Ice Claws	,,	8 8	to	10 0
Ice Hammers	,,	7 8	to	10 0
Ice Jugs	,,	36 0	to	100 0
Ice Pails	,,	18 0	to	30 0
Ice Spoons, sets of	,,	40 0	to	60 0
Ice Tongs	,,	4 8	to	6 8
Ice Water Sets	,,	150 0	to	250 0
Ice Water Urns	,,	200 0	to	300 0
Inkstands	,,	20 0	to	60 0

		Rs. a.		Rs. a.
Jam, Honey and Marmalade Jars	,,	14 0	to	30 0
Knife Rests, per pair	,,	3 8	to	6 0
Luncheon Frames	,,	150 0	to	200 0
Muffineers, each	,,	2 8	to	7 0
Mustard Pots	,,	5 0	to	10 0
Napkin Rings	,,	2 0	to	6 0
Nut Crackers	,,	3 8	to	7 0
Pepper Castors	,,	2 8	to	7 0
Piano Candlesticks	,,	25 0	to	40 0
Pickle Frames	,,	20 0	to	40 0
Pickle Prongs or Forks	,,	1 12	to	8 0
Pickle Sauce Frames	,,	36 0	to	45 0
Salad Bowls	,,	36 0	to	100 0
Salad Servers	,,	20 0	to	30 0
Salt Cellars, sets of	,,	20 0	to	60 0
Salvers	,,	18 0	to	60 0
Sardine Boxes	,,	24 0	to	40 0
Sauce Frames	,,	36 0	to	45 0
Side Dishes, sets of	,,	250 0	to	600 0
Soda Water Frames	,,	30 0	to	40 0
Soy Frames	,,	12 8	to	14 0
Spirit and Liquor Frames	,,	50 0	to	130 0
Spirit and Tumbler Stand	,,	50 0	to	70 0
Spoon Warmers	,,	13 8	to	40 0
Sugar Basins	,,	30 0	to	40 0
Sugar and Cream Frames	,,	36 0	to	50 0
Sulkies	,,	6 0	to	8 0
Tantalus Frames	,,	60 0	to	150 0
Tart Pie or Pudding Dishes	,,	14 0	to	30 0
Tea Caddies	,,	40 0	to	60 0
Tea and Coffee Services	,,	60 0	to	300 0
Tea Infusers	,,	6 0	to	8 0
Teapot Stands	,,	15 0	to	20 0
Tea Services	,,	35 0	to	100 0
Tea Spoons, per doz	,,	11 0	to	20 0
Tea Kettles	,,	72 0	to	100 0
Tea Trays	,,	70 0	to	150 0
Telescopic Cups	,,	16 0	to	20 0
Toast Racks	,,	10 0	to	20 0
Toast Rack and Egg Frame	,,	50 0	to	70 0
Tripartite Vegetable Dishes	,,	72 0	to	120 0
Tumbler and Wine Glass Covers	,,	2 8	to	4 0
Wedding Presents	,,	10 0	to	200 0

TREACHER & COMPANY,
THE FORT, BOMBAY. HEAD OFFICE, BYCULLA.

NOVELTIES IN CLOCKS.
SUITABLE FOR THE DRAWING OR DINING ROOM AND FOR PRESENTATION.

ENGRAVED BLACK MARBLE CLOCK, enamel dial and bell.
BRECHE & BLACK MARBLE CLOCK, enamel dial and bell.
BROCATELLE and BLACK MARBLE CLOCK, enamel dial and bell.
GREEN and BLACK MARBLE CLOCK, enamel dial and bell.

DOULTON WARE PILGRIM BOTTLE.
DOULTON WARE CLOCK.
YEDDO, CHINA CLOCK.
BARBOTINE CHINA CLOCK, with vases en suite.
BLACKWOOD CLOCK, Inlaid Ivory, with vases en suite.
OAKWOOD CLOCK.
WALNUTWOOD CLOCK.
OLIVEWOOD CLOCK.

CLOCKS STRIKING ON GONG'S.

ENGRAVED BLACK MARBLE.
GREEN and BLACK ENGRAVED MARBLE.
COLOURED and BLACK MARBLE.
GREEN BRONZE and BLACK MARBLE.
RED and BLACK ENGRAVED MARBLE.
BRECHE and BLACK ENGRAVED MARBLE.
FANCY CHINA CLOCKS, with vases en suite.
FRENCH FAIENCE YOKOHAMA CLOCK, with vases, en suite.
BLUE FAIENCE CLOCK, on bell with vases.

ORMOLU, HAMMERED METAL & NICKEL CLOCKS.

KIOTO HAMMERED CLOCK.
LAWN-TENNIS CLOCK.
GRAND FATHER'S CLOCK.
HORSE-SHOE AND STIRRUP CLOCK.
HORSE-SHOE & WHIP COMBINATION.
COLLAR AND WHIP CLOCK.
SCULLS AND BUOY CLOCK.
COLLAR & HORSE-SHOE COMBINATION CLOCK.

LONDON CASH PRICES.

LUND AND BLOCKLEY,
WATCH & CLOCK-MANUFACTURERS TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN-EMPRESS AND GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
INDIAN BRANCH
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

WORKSHOPS
LITTLE PULTENEY STREET, LONDON W.

AND AT
42, PALL MALL, LONDON W.

STOCK-TAKING SALE,
SPECIAL SHOW
MILLINERY, FLOWERS, FEATHERS,
ON TUESDAY NEXT FEBRUARY 17TH.

WATSON & CO.,
ESPLANADE HOTEL, BOMBAY.

COGNACS AND COGNACS.

WITH the continued importations of spirits under the name of WHISKY made from common raw grain, and the difficulty the consumer has in discriminating between the genuine and spurious article, the demand during the past few years that has existed for Whiskies is abating and good Brands are again gradually asserting their former position, so much so that in England at the moment it is more difficult to BUY GENUINE BRANDS than it is to SELL them.

We quote for our own selected Brands as follows and invite comparison in qualities and prices :—

Cash. Rs.	a.		Credit. Rs.	a.
42	12	Old Club "20 years old" guaranteed	45	0
34	4	White Capsule **** very choice	36	0
31	6	Green Capsule *** extra soft old pale	33	0
27	8	Blue Capsule ** very soft old pale	29	0
24	0	Yellow Capsule * soft old pale	25	8
19	0	Alexandre & Co., a good peg brandy	20	0

On a purchase of 3 cases a cash discount of 12½ per cent., equal to 2 annas in the Rupee, will be allowed off our credit rates.

MILITARY SQUARE.

BODGER, WARBURTON & CO.

STONE'S LGA LIGHT GRAVITY ALE
Specially brewed to meet the present demand for light Ale.

STONE'S BASS' INDIA PALE ALE
(AS HITHERTO SHIPPED)
May be obtained of all the principal dealers in India.

STONE & SON
9, ST. MILDRED'S COURT, LONDON, E.C.

CALCUTTA INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION
THREE PRIZE MEDALS AND THREE DIPLOMAS
were awarded to

C. MARCKS AND COMPANY,
WATCH-MANUFACTURERS, GOLDSMITHS, OPTICIANS, &c.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

FOR Rs. 200 NET CASH
they will send
Free by post, to any part of India, carefully packed,

A FIRST-RATE KEYLESS LEVER HUNTING WATCH in HEAVY 18-CARAT GOLD engine turned or plain case, with full jewelled movement, finest lever escapement, brequet hair spring and chronometer balance wheel, in polished walnut case, with spare glass and mainspring and a three years' stamped guarantee.

Or in stout crystal fronted 18-CARAT GOLD case at Rs. 170, net cash.

C. MARCKS & CO.,
OPPOSITE UNIVERSITY CLOCK TOWER, BOMBAY.

KANGRA VALLEY TEAS.

MORTON, MAJU & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR HOLTA AND COL. HAWES' TEAS.

☞ PRIZE MEDALS AWARDED AT THE EXHIBITIONS OF LONDON, PARIS, MELBOURNE, AND CALCUTTA.

MORTON, MAJU & Co.'s KANGRA VALLEY TEAS have so long enjoyed a high reputation for PURITY and EXCELLENCE of FLAVOUR, that they think it needless to say anything more beyond recommending THEM to such as have not as yet tried their superior and moderately priced Teas.

Since their introduction, these Teas have been acknowledged by the ELITE of Society to be superior to the numerous varieties of cheap Teas, many of which are so generally known to be adulterated.

22, CHURCH-GATE-STREET, BOMBAY.

WEDDING PRESENTS.

BOLTON & Co. have now opened several cases containing a very large and varied stock of entirely new goods; they are most suitable for presentation and are purchased from the leading manufacturers; for elegance and novelty of design and variety for selection they are unsurpassed by any other firm in India.

INSPECTION IS KINDLY INVITED.

BOLTON AND COMPANY,
ESPLANADE ROAD.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
INVALID'S PORT WINE
RECOMMENDED BY MEDICAL MEN.
Price Rs. 26 Net per dozen Quarts.
THIS WINE HAS NOW MANY IMITATIONS.
See that our Brand is on the Cork, Capsules and Labels.
CUTLER, PALMER & CO., BOMBAY.

THACKER & CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY.
SURVEYING AND MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS.

THACKER & Co. (LIMITED) import Surveying and Mathematical Instruments only from well-known makers, principally ELLIOTT BROS., and W. F. STANLEY, for whom they are appointed Agents, as it is the experience of the Management that the guarantee of perfection and accuracy afforded by such names as the above is highly esteemed by the Profession, although Instruments by unknown makers may be procured at a slightly cheaper rate.

Theodolites.	Spare Instruments.	Stencil Plates.
Dumpy Levels.	Architects' Scales.	Field Books.
Levelling Staves.	Marquois Scales.	Level Books.
Prismatic Compasses.	Protractors (all kinds).	Note Books.
Pocket Sextants.	Pocket Rules.	Mapping Pens.
Optical Squares.	Parallel Rulers (all kinds).	Indian Ink.
Clinometers.	Measuring Tapes.	Plotting Scales.
Spirit Levels.	Measuring Chains.	Mounted Drawing Papers
Pocket Levels.	T. Squares	Cartoon Papers.
Pantographs.	Set Squares.	Tracing Cloth.
Cases of Instruments.	Straight Edges.	Tracing Paper.
Pocket Sets.	Railway Curves.	Sectional Paper.
Half Sets.	French Curves.	Sundries.
	Drawing Boards.	

ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

Dry Water-colours.	Siberian Pencils.	Palettes, Slabs, &c.
Moist do. in pans.	Sable-hair Pencils.	Palette Knives.
Slow-drying do. in Tubes.	Hog-hair Tools for Oils.	Dippers, &c.
Oil-colours in Tubes.	Sable do.	Bristol Boards.
Dry Water-colour Boxes.	Varnishes, Oils, &c.	Mounting Boards.
Moist do.	Drawing Papers.	Drawing pencils.
Oil-colour Boxes.	Oil Sketching Paper.	Crayons.
Illuminating Colour Boxes.	Prepared Canvas.	Gold and Silver Shells.
Camel-hair Pencils.	Prepared Millboards.	Gold Leaf.
	Mahl Sticks.	

ILLUSTRATED PRICED LISTS ON APPLICATION
ALL ARTICLES ADVERTISED ARE KEPT IN STOCK.

THACKER & CO, LD., BOMBAY,
AGENTS FOR—ELLIOTT BROTHERS, LONDON.
W. F. STANLEY, LONDON.
T. H. STEWARD, LONDON.

CONVERSAZIONE (SCIENTIFIC AND LITERARY) OF THE EX-STUDENTS OF THE SIR J. J. P. B. INSTITUTION.

GENTLEMEN (Ex-Students) wishing to join in the Gathering are respectfully invited to send in their names (with address), accompanied with Subscriptions, not less than Rs. 2 each.

Those (about 175) who have already joined are also requested to send in their subscriptions as early as convenient, but not later than the 10th proximo.

N. F. BUNSHAW, L. M. & S., Honorary Secretary.
6, Trinity-street, Dhobi Talao.

P.S.—The Gathering is expected to result in an attempt towards helping the Indigent Students of the Institution with books.

TEA GARDEN FOR SALE.
(OWNER GOING HOME.)

ONE of the best Tea Gardens in the Kangra Valley, Punjab, producing about 15,000 lbs. tea a year, and will soon yield 20,000 lbs., near Cashmere. Good shooting, large local European population. In full working order, for black and green teas. Large out-turn per acre and cheap cost of production, well trained native staff of tea-makers. Good climate. For full particulars apply to H. C., care of Manager, Holta Tea Co., Ld., Palampur, Kangra Valley.

TO OWNERS OF COTTON PRESSES AND COTTON BUYERS.

THE HODGART PATENT COTTON OPENER, MIXING and CLEANING MACHINE,

Overcomes all objections to Machines of previous designs.

Absolute security from Risk of Fire.

Dispenses entirely with labour and beating with canes.

Guaranteed to open and mix 400 lbs. of cotton per minute.

References and full particulars can be obtained from

The Sole Agent,
F. W. SHALLIS,
23, Apollo-street, Bombay.
Where a Model may be seen.

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY COMPANY Limited.
NOTICE.

ON and after the first proximo the OFFICES of the Agent and of the Joint Auditor and Examiner of Accounts, Southern Mahratta Railway, will be REMOVED from POONA to DHARWAR. Communications should be addressed accordingly.

G. M. STEWART, Agent.
Poona, 10th February, 1885.

TO LET,
ON THE NEILGHERRIES,
KOLATI HALL, KOTAGHERI.

THE house is handsomely furnished and has accommodation for three families.

Hot and cold water pipes are being laid on to the four bath-rooms.

There are electric bells to three of the bed rooms, dining room drawing room, library and entrance. The cement Lawn-tennis court is one of the best on these hills. The grounds are well laid out and it is conveniently situated with reference to Residents, Post Office, Church, &c.

Rent Rs. 200 per mensem.

Apply to M. J. REDMOND,
Kolati Hall, Kotagheri.

FOR SALE,
ON THE NEILGHERRI HILLS.

LOCK END, one of the best built houses in Ootacamund, situated on the west end of the Lake. The slope down to the water's edge is very good garden soil.

The land measures about nine and a half acres, and there are a few thousand trees, principally Eucalyptus globulus (Australian blue gum), some of them of very large size.

The house is furnished and fitted with electric bells, has ample and substantial out-houses, also Lawn-tennis and Badminton courts.

It is rented by Government for Rs. 150 per mensem until November, 1886, subject to six months' notice on either side.

Price of the above Rs. 18,000.

Also a piece of land distant about quarter of a mile from the above, containing about twelve acres, suitable for brick making with over 2,000 young eucalyptus globulus trees growing on it. Price Rs. 2,400.

Both the above open to reasonable offers. Apply to the owner.

M. J. REDMOND,
Kolati Hall, Kotagheri.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOMBAY TRAMWAY COMPANY DEBENTURE BONDS.

A LIMITED NUMBER of these DEBENTURES are obtainable at par.

The Debentures are secured by a first mortgage on the whole of the Company's Property and Assets. They are repayable at par on the 1st January 1895, and bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, payable half yearly on presentation of the Coupons at the Company's offices in Bombay.

Full information can be obtained by applying to the BANK of BOMBAY; the CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK of INDIA, LONDON, and CHINA; or the MANAGING DIRECTOR of the BOMBAY TRAMWAY COMPANY, Limited, Bombay.

BASEL GERMAN MISSION.—MANGALORE TILES have the approval of the Government and all leading Engineers, for their durability, elegance, and cheapness. Any roof covered with these tiles is cool and waterproof. Being made by trained Europeans, their excellence is unimpeachable.

Tiles sent DIRECT from the Factory to any seaport town, at favourable rate for freight, &c.

WARDEN & Co.,
Sole Agents for the Bombay Presidency.
32, Meadow-street, Fort; Depot, Powder Bunder, Mazagon.

GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned upto 1 p.m. (gun-fire) on MONDAY, the 2nd March, 1885, for the Supply of BOAT TONNAGE and LAND CARRIAGE for LANDING and DELIVERING all stores that may arrive by sea for this Department.

Schedules of conditions of contract and probable requirements may be seen at the Storeyard, Waree Bunder, during office hours.

The Chief Superintendent, Bombay, is not bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

P. GERRARD,
Hony. Asst. Supdt. in ch. Govt. Telegraph Stores, Bombay,
Waree-bunder, Bombay, 14th February, 1885.

THE IMPERIAL COTTON MILLS COMPANY, Ld.

NOTICE.

THE THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 7, Hummum-street, Bombay, on Wednesday, the 25th February, 1885, at 4 o'clock p.m., (Bombay time.)

1st. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance-sheet for the period ending 31st December, 1884.

2nd. To appoint an Auditor for the ensuing year, and to fix his remuneration.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 18th to 27th February, 1885, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,
R. HYDE CHEETHAM & CO.,
Secretaries and Agents.
7, Hummum-street, Bombay, 16th February, 1885.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay upto 2 p.m. on TUESDAY, the 24th instant for—

Laying 20," 18" and 16" water mains in Baba Dhuboo-street, &c., and other works in connection therewith.

2. Forms of Contract, Specification, &c. and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

3. Tenders should be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 350 to be paid to the Controller of Municipal Accounts in cash and to be forfeited in case of refusal to sign the Contract.

4. A further deposit of Rs. 350 will have to be paid by the Contractor whose tender is accepted.

5. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
C. B. BRAHAM, M. Inst. C. E.,
Deputy Executive Engineer,
Deputy Executive Engineer's Office, Bombay Municipality, Bombay, 14th February, 1885.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.
ESTABLISHED 1803.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL....................£1,200,000
PAID UP..£ 300,000
TOTAL INVESTED FUNDS over.......£1,500,000

POLICIES of INSURANCE against FIRE upon Houses, Mills, and other Buildings, Household Furniture, Goods, Wares, and Merchandise in Bombay and up-country issued, on behalf of the above Company, at most favourable rates, by the Undersigned, from whom full particulars may be obtained.

BENN, ASHLEY & Co., Agents.

COMMISSARIAT NOTICE.

WITH reference to notice in *Fort St George Gazette* No. 9-D, 10th February 1885, page 18, SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Commissariat Storekeeper-General, Madras, until 12 o'clock noon, on the 13th March, 1885, for the supply of 1,788 BLANKETS COUNTRY, 7 by 4 feet, when doubled weighing 8 lbs. for Native Hospitals.

A sample of the blanket which the contractor undertakes to supply should be submitted with the tender. The blankets must be passed by a Committee and rates must include all charges for packing, carriage and delivery at Madras. Damaged or rejected blankets will be made good.

Offers by telegrams will not be accepted.

By Order of the Commissary General,
A. CLARK KENNEDY,
Major.
Commissariat Storekeeper-General.
Commissariat Storekeeper-General's Office, Madras, 12th February, 1885.

NOTICE.—The undersigned is prepared to receive Tenders for the execution of current repairs to the Government Buildings and Roads and for supplying pretty stores and materials for works in charge of the Executive Engineer at the Presidency, during the year 1885-86.

Schedule of rates on which the tenders are to be based and specifications of works to be performed, conditions of contract and list of materials likely to be required during the year can be seen and other particulars learnt on application at the office of the undersigned during office hours on and after the 20th instant.

Tenders duly endorsed and sealed to be delivered at the office of the undersigned until 1 p.m. on the 1st proximo. Each tender should be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 200 to be forfeited in the event of evasion or delay on the part of the Tenderer to sign the necessary Contract Papers.

No reason will be assigned or the rejection of the lowest or any tender.

MUNCHERJI C. MURZBAN, C.E.,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.
Bombay, 14th February, 1885.

NOTICE is hereby given that VITHUL JUGGOO COWLY, LUXUMON ISLMAN COWLY and MAHADEV KASSAM COWLY, son of the late JUGGOO COWLY, deceased, of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitants, have contracted to SELL the following immoveable property. Any person or persons having or claiming any right, title or interest in the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift or otherwise, are hereby required to make the same known to the undersigned at their office, No. 4, Hummum-street within 15 days from the date hereof; otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same if any will be considered as waived.

All that the Oart of Cocoanut Plantations called or known by the name of Runset with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house, standing thereon, situate at Mahim without the Fort Walls of Bombay, assessed by the Collector of, Land Revenue under No. 119 and by the Collector of Assessment under No.—and containing by admeasurement 16,327 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the east by the Oart of Edduljee Cooverjee, on the west by the public road leading to the sea, on the north partly by the passage and partly by the Oart of the Portuguese Church of N. S. D. and on the south partly by the Oart of Sewdass Purshotumdass, the Oart Shree Chuck-aswar Mahadew, the public passage of the Oart lastly hereinbefore mentioned and partly by the Oart of Dr. Ali Sab Coover.—Dated this 14th day of February, 1885.

WADIA AND GHANDY,
Attorneys for the purchaser.

J. NEUBERG,
BOMBAY.

SOUDAN EXPEDITION WARREN'S COOKING Pots, invaluable in camp or field.

GERMAN BEER.—Fresh stock just to hand, in quarts and pints, clear and sparkling.

PIANO STOOLS.—Morocco-covered, with patent metal boss and screw. Rs. 25 each.

VIENNA CHAIRS, bent walnutwood, the cheapest, best, and most elegant drawing, bedroom or dining room chair extant: light, strong, and comfortable; easily disjointed, and eminently adapted for up-country use. Illustrated Price-list on application.

TOBACCO HUMIDERATORS.—Ornamental Porcelain, specially designed for keeping Tobaccos fresh and moist in India's arid clime. Rs. 7-8 each, cash.

SNUFFS.—Prince's Mixture, Morton's Mixture, Real Macouba, exquisitely aromatic.

REAL EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES; from A. Athanasiados, Cairo, first importation into India; fresh and fragrant.

CIGAR and CIGARETTE CASES in great variety, just to hand from the first makers of Paris and Vienna.

LUNCHEON BASKETS, complete with all necessary fittings for two, Rs. 15 and for one, Rs. 10 each.

PIANO INSULATORS, Green, Amber, White, &c., per set of 4, Rs. 6.

BEST ALBUMENIZED PAPER, in hermetically sealed tin cylinders of 1 quire each, Rs. 4-8 per quire.

FLORAL ENAMELLED IRON WASHING SETS, consisting of Basin, Ewer, Brush, and Soap Dishes, beautifully decorated. Rs. 16 per set.

"VICTORESS" COOKING STOVES, with pots, pans, and piping, complete; No. 6, Rs. 80; No. 7, Rs. 100.

BATH-TUBS.—Galvanized Iron Bath-Tubs, with swivel handles, for district use. Strong and serviceable. Rs. 8, 10, and 12, each.

VEVEY CIGARS.—Just received, a small parcel of these celebrated Cigars, direct from Ormond & Co., Switzerland.

"LIGHTNING" CIGAR CUTTERS, useful and ornamental, adjusted for 3 sizes of Cigars. No Mess, Club, Bar or Smoking-room should be without one. Rs. 6 each.

J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW-STREET,
BOMBAY.

DON'T DIE IN THE HOUSE.

"ROUGH ON RATS" clears out Rats, Mice, Beetles, Roaches, Flies, Ants, Insects, Moles, Chipmunks, Gophers.

Cooper, Madon & Co., Bombay, Sole Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE GRAND INDIAN CIRCUS.
PROFESSOR V. M. CHATRE

HAS arrived in Bombay with his troupe consisting of Splendid Horses trained to perfection; best Riders (both female and male) including a boy of only six years; Monkeys and Dogs trained to perform feats never before seen.

Performances will commence from WEDNESDAY next, the 18th instant, in the Circus Theatre erected on the Esplanade, just opposite the G. I. P. Railway Boree-bunder Station.

It is earnestly requested that Public (both European and native) will give their kind patronage.

VENAYEK MORESHWAR CHATRE,
Manager.

SHIPPERS and CONSIGNEES of cargo per Italian mail-steamer CHINA, Captain G. Dodero, are hereby informed of her ARRIVAL, on the 14th inst., and that she is discharging and loading in the stream.

All claims for short delivery, &c., must be sent in before the departure of the steamer, otherwise they will not be admitted under any circumstances.

F. BOZZONI, Agent.

OUTRIGHT AUCTION SALE OF A LARGE QUANTITY OF GOLD MINING PLANT.
OAKES & CO.

UNDER instructions from the Liquidator of the Wynaad Gold Mining Company, will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, on TUESDAY, the 24th February, at 4 p.m., on the bard opposite Messrs. Arbuthnot & Co.'s Office, 1st Line Beach.

A large quantity of mining plant, consisting of stamper boxes, cams, screw spindles, bearings for carrying main shafts, main shafts with couplings, shafts and couplings, pipes for battery, elbows, ripple boxes, amalgum barrel, shoots, cistern, stand, buddle frame and stand, plummer block, retorts, truck wheels and bearings, stamper heads, hexagon steel shoes, foot plate for stay rods, flat and round iron, gas pipes, perforated shoots, cutters, scrapers, bolts, and nuts, washers, steel keys, brass corks, buddle scrapers, spur wheel, perforated copper sheets, enamelled pans, &c.

TERMS—CASH.

N.B.—Two days will be allowed to purchasers to remove their purchases; otherwise they will be subject to a charge for ground rent.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT No. 429 OF 1882.

ANPOORNABAI, widow of the late Sudanund Hurrychundrajee, Hindoo inhabitant, residing in House No. 145 at Dady Setts Agiary Lane, outside the Fort of Bombay.....................Plaintiff,

vs.

NARAYEN HURRYCHUNDRAJI, of Bombay, Hindoo inhabitant, residing in House No. 146 at Dady Setts Agiary Lane, outside the Fort, Bombay, BENABAI alias ANPOORNABAI, widow of CRUSTNATH HURRYCHUNERJEE, Hindoo, residing in House No. 145, situate at Dady Setts Agiary Lane outside the Fort, Bombay, CRUSTNABAI alias LUXUMIBAI, wife of Bhau Mooba, Hindoo, residing in House No. at Tadwady outside the Fort Bombay, and SOKRABAI, wife of GUNPUTRAO PANDURANG at present residing at Nahal Pett in Poona...................Defendants.

WHEREAS by a Decree made in the above suit on the 29th day of April, 1884, it was ordered that the following property should be sold by the Sheriff of Bombay, namely:—All that piece or parcel of Government land with buildings thereon, situate on the southern side of Dady Setts Agiary Lane, Bombay, in the Sub-district of Fort and Colaba, the land is registered in the Book of the Collector of Land Revenue in the name of Hurrychund Bhaskerjee, under No.—and the buildings are assessed under Nos. 145 and 146 in the books of the Collector of Municipal Taxes, and bounded on the east by the house of Mathoora Naiquin, on the west by the house of the late Tarra Naiquin, on the north by the public road called Dady Setts Agiary Lane, and on the south by the Cavel-street or Gaiwaddy.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having rights in, or charges or claims on the abovenamed property that they should, on or before the 5th day of March, 1885, lodge in my office a statement verified by oath or solemn affirmation of such rights, claims or charges. Dated this 12th day of February, 1885.

A. K. OLIVER,
Acting Assistant Commissioner.

MATHERAN.

THE undermentioned HOUSES are TO BE LET at MATHERAN for the ensuing Season:—
SCOTT'S BUNGALOW.
ROBERTSON'S BUNGALOW.
CASTLE HILL.
BARR COTTAGE.
RUGBY LODGE.
STONEHENGE.
THE CHALET.
BELLE-VUE.
BEE-HIVE.
FOLLY.
LYNCH'S BUNGALOW.
KEEPSAKE.
WOODLAND.
COXON'S BUNGALOW.
PARBUT HOUSE.
RAJASTHAN.
ROSE HILL (General Fuller's House).
SPRINGWOOD.
CAIRNMORE.
WILDERNESS.
MARY LODGE.
ARNOULD LODGE.
FERNWOOD.
KITTY VILLA.
SUNNY SIDE.
GOMES'S HOUSE.
CAPRERA.
SOUZA HOUSE.
BUND ROSE.
BUN SIDE.
PINTO LODGE.

For Plans of the Houses and particulars of rent, &c., apply to

E. W. FLOWER,
House Agent.
4, Hummum-street.

THE PROVINCIAL BANK OF INDIA, Limited.

(Incorporated under Act VI. of 1882.)

CAPITAL—Rs. 5,00,000.

HEAD OFFICE—DELHI

J. PENGELLY PHILLIPS,
MANAGER.

BRANCH—AJMERE.

P. J. LANCASTER,
AGENT.

BANKERS
IN LONDON, CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY:
THE NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Opened and interest allowed monthly at the rate of two per cent. per annum on balances of Rs. 250 and upwards.

FIXED DEPOSITS—Received and interest allowed as follows, on deposits subject to notice of withdrawal—

of 12 months at 6 per cent. per annum.
9 „ „ 5 „ „
6 „ „ 4 „ „

LOANS granted and Bills discounted on approved security.

Bills of Exchange on London,
And Drafts on Calcutta, Bombay, etc., negotiated.

SECURITIES purchased, sold, and received in safe custody: and general Banking business undertaken.

P. J. LANCASTER,
Agent.
Ajmere, Feb. 13, 1885.

TO LET from the 1st of April for eight months a furnished Bungalow on Cumballa Hill.

FOR SALE about the same time—
A pair of very good grey Arab horses and harness. The horses have been only two years in work.
A buffalo (and calf) in full milk.
A buffalo in calf.
A victoria, horse and harness, well suited for office work, the horse good-looking and up to any amount of work.
For further particulars apply to MANOCKJEE CURSETJEE PATELL, 15 Rampart-row.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

NOTICE is hereby given that it is proposed to add the articles "WEED SEED" and "BARLEY" to the Bombay Tonnage Scale and to revise the measurement of "GRAM." The testing of same will take place at the godown of Messrs. Ralli Brothers, Carnac-bunder, on WEDNESDAY, 18th instant, at 3 p.m., when the attendance of those interested is invited.

By order of the Committee.
JOHN MARSHALL,
Secretary.
Chamber of Commerce, Bombay, 11th February, 1885.

FOR THE FIRST TIME.
CHINA AND JAPAN
CURIOSITIES! CURIOSITIES!! CURIOSITIES!!!
Never before imported to India.
Charges surprisingly moderate.
Worth paying a visit by
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.
INDEED RARE CURIOSITIES!!!
BEST CHINA TEAS
at very moderate rates.
THOW VING AND Co.,
TEA AND GENERAL MERCHANTS,
15, Kalbadevi-road, Bombay,
Trading in Bombay for the last 15 years.

WELLS' "ROUGH ON CORNS."
Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." Quick relief complete, permanent cure. Corns, warts, bunions.
Cooper Madon & Co. Bombay, Sole Agents

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines Re. 1 each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

BICYCLE and TRICYCLE WHISTLES with Guard Chain, Re. 1 each.—BARTON & Co, Limited, Church-gate-street.

MRS. CHESTER'S Boarding Establishment, Apollo House, Marine-street, door., Fort.—Terms moderate and comfort assured, English Management. Opens on the 15th Inst.

OWING to the Bombay Races and the Regatta of the Royal Bombay Yatcht Club taking place on Tuesday, the 17th instant, there will be no "At Home" at the Officers' Mess, Marine Battalion, on that day.

MAHABLESHWUR READY LAID DAK—Framjee Ardaseer, Mail Contractor, appointed Dak Supplier in ordinary to H. E. the Governor of Bombay, has always on hand at Civil Lines, Poona, comfortable DAK PHAETONS and TONGAS. Terms moderate.

FOR SALE, Wrought Iron PIPES 1¼, 1½, 2, 2½, 3 and 3½ inches diameter.—EWART LATHAM & Co.

WANTED immediately a thorough-bred Scotch or English MASTIFF. Apply, stating price and particulars, to "M. P.," *Bombay Gazette*.

ON VIEW, MR. M. MAVROGORDATO's valuable house hold furniture, piano, horse, carriage, &c., at Napier Sea-road, Malabar Hill.

CONTINUATION of Mrs. Taylor's sale to-day, great bargains in Dress materials, Costumes, Corsets, Millinery, Hosiery and Fancy Goods.

GENERAL Sir John McNeill and Colonel Nugent have found the Great Western Hotel clean, comfortable, excellent food and good attendance.

TO HAND a new consignment of Coatings, Scotch Tweeds, Angolas, &c. All wool suits from Rs. 20. Trousers all wool from Rs. 8. JOHN MAHOMED & Co., 16, Meadow-street.

TO THE PATRONS OF CHARITY.—A homeless Parsee boy who has lately lost his parents, seeks employment as a bill-collector or any. Pray apply to "Sympathizer.", *Gazette Office*.

FOR SALE, English Brougham and Australian Gelding 15.1, 7 years old, Rs. 1,000. Pony and Saddle Rs. 60. Pony-cart by Stephens, Rs. 175. Swiss Cottage Tent, 14 by 12 Rs. 170. Apply to Mr. ORR, High Court.

WANTED by a very respectable person (age 22) as NURSE to children out of arms, or LADY'S MAID (preferred) has never been out before, but will give entire satisfaction. Please address, "A. G," care of Post-Master, Dhulia, Khandeish.

DRIED COD FISH, Ham, Bacon, Cheese, and Oilmanstores can be had at PEARSE'S, Apollo-street.

COLEMAN'S FAMILY HOTEL, Apollo House, Fort. Some lofty, airy Rooms on top-floor.

ALL SHOULD VISIT THE BYCULLA BAR AND BILLIARD ROOMS.

PICKLED CABBAGE, mixed Pickles, Chow-Chow, Walnuts, in gallon jars.—PEARSE, Apollo-street.

COMPOSITORS.—WANTED, a few good JOBBING COMPOSITORS. Apply to MANAGER, *Bombay Gazette*.

NEW PATENT TYPE WRITERS, Rs. 50 CHARLES ZERRENER & Co., No. 1, Tamarind-lane.

FRESH ARRIVALS—Albums in every variety, floral, plush, musical, easel, &c. Capital articles for presentation.—STEWARD and Co

CHOCOLATE CREAMS, Burnt Almonds, Caramels, Pistachio Chocolate, Metz Fruits, Liqueur Bon-Bons.—PEARSE, Apollo-street.

GENTLEMEN who intend furnishing their houses should not fail to visit the extensive show rooms of JOHN ROBERTS & Co., 15, Marine-street.

KIDD and SHADBOLT'S Scotch WHISKY, as supplied to the Bombay Club and Yacht Club. Importers, PHIPSON and Co., 18, Forbes-street.

GENERAL SATISFACTION expressed by Patrons for style and finish of work. Mrs. Coulson, Milliner and Dressmaker, near Crawford Market.

FOR SALE at makers' prices, Salford Donkey Pumps all sizes in Stock. Machine Exchange Company, 26, Apollo-street, Fort, Bombay.

ADELPHI HOTEL, BYCULLA, near the Byculla and Grant-road Railway Stations, situate in a quiet locality, large airy Rooms.

JUST UNPACKED, a splendid assortment of Jewellery and superior old Persian Carpets of all sizes. HERJIMULL & Co., Esplanade-road.

PERRIER JOUET, "B" BRAND, RESERVE CUVEE CHAMPAGNE. Magnums, Rs. 114; Quarts, Rs. 57; Pints, Rs. 30-8 per dozen cash. Apply to LYON & Co.

COMFORTABLE PHAETONS and TONGA DAWKS for Mahableshwar, ready laid, at very moderate rates.—Peroshaw Burjorjee, Proprietor, Poona.

J. COCKBURN and CAMPBELL'S EDINBURGH WHISKY, Rs. 26 per dozen. Apply EWART, LATHAM and Co., 3, Church Lane.

RUINART'S Champagne, green seal, established 1791. Magnums, Rs. 98 per doz.; quarts, Rs. 50 per doz.; pints, Rs. 26 per doz. Apply Ewart, Latham & Co.

BASS'S Champagne Ale, bull-dog brand bottled by R. Porter and Co., first prize at Melbourne Intl. Exhibition. In cases 4 doz. quarts Rs. 5-6 per doz; 6 dozen pints Rs. 3-6 per doz. Apply EWART, LATHAM & Co.

£6 277,986-3-0 STG. is the amount of the invested Funds of the Standard Office. New Assurances last financial year £1,300,000.

ANTON DREHER'S VIENNA BEER.—Kl. Schwechat Brew. Fresh supplies just landed. Rs. 5-12 per doz. quarts. Apply to BELL, BRANDENBURG and Co., 28, Bombay Green.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1885. Price, Rs. 5, with postage, Rs. 5-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

CHUBB'S SAFES, Writing, Cash, Paper and Key Boxes Locks and Padlocks. Sole Agent in Bombay, Eduljee Pestonjee, 47 Parsee Bazar St., Fort, Illustrated Price-Lists free by post.

WANTED, at the beginning of May, furnished or unfurnished, a suite of room in the Fort, for three gentlemen, including the usual servants' quarters. Address G. B. G., *Gazette* office.

JUST RECEIVED, per mail, Good French Kid Gloves. 2 Buttons, at Rs. 2-4 per pair, with a choice assortment of Fancy Tweeds, &c., for the season.—Y. A. LACKA & Co., Hummum-street, Fort.

WONDERLAND Art Pottery Works. Christmas presents. Reduced prices. Silver Medals, Paris Exhibition, 1878; Amsterdam Exhibition, 1883; Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-84.—Esplanade, Bombay.

TRICYCLES!!! Just received another consignment of splendid Coventry Machines, with ball bearings patent band brake, and other latest improvements.—H. A. GEYER & Co., Bombay.

LADIES' Tailor made Ulsters, Riding Habits. New Market Coats, &c., made and fitted to present style of our new clothes just imported. Estimates and patterns free.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld.

COLOURED COTTON CHECKS and Stripes or Jharan Suits and Horse Clothing. The Muir Mills Company, Limited, Cawnpore, have a stock of the above in a variety of patterns. Samples and prices on application to the MANAGER AND SECRETARY.

VIENNA CHAIRS, bent walnutwood, the cheapest, best, and most elegant drawing, bedroom, or dining room chair extant; light, strong, and comfortable; easily disjointed and eminently adapted, for up-country use. J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

AT MATHERAN.—TO BE LET, for the season, the "Folly," one of the best houses at Matheran, with six bed rooms, commanding excellent view, and well furnished. Rent moderate. Apply to B. C., care of this paper.

PEARSE'S RESTAURANT is open from 6 a.m. to 7 p.m. Hot joints from 1 p.m. Chops, Steaks, &c, at any hour, 22, Apollo-street

SALES BY AUCTION.

JOHN AND COMPANY.
51, ESPLANADE CROSS-ROAD.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 17th instant, at 1 p.m Messrs. JOHN & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their auction room, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood french-polished furniture, such as blackwood single and double bedsteads, easy chairs, conversation sofas, cupboards, dumb waiters, round and camp tables, looking-glasses and side boards, best plated ware, such cruet and pickle stands, jampots, butterpots, spoons and forks, dessert knives, rich crockery and glass ware, flower vases, oleographs, pictures, rich table ornaments, table hanging wall and globe lamps, sewing machine, filter, marble toys, gold and silver watches, gold rings, ladies brushes, China matting, washing tub and other miscellaneous articles.

JOHN & CO.
Bombay, 16th February, 1885.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
51, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE OF S. S. DUGMAR MATERIALS.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 16th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Mazagon, near Gunpowder Works, the same containing of—

A large lot of cast iron chains, all sorts of ropes, pulleys, oil cans, a large lot of wooden planks, beams and warfs, lanterns, scales, copper utensils, washing boxes, pumps, cranes, winch, and steam boiler chronometer, &c.

1 jolly boat and 1 other in complete order.

Terms—25 per cent. deposit will be required at the time of sale.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
Bombay, 16th February, 1885.

SKINNY MEN.
"WELLS' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor cures Dyspepsia, Debility, &c.
Cooper, Madon & Co., Bombay Sole Agents.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BAPOOJEE HORMUSJEE.
No. 26, Meadow-street.

LANDED PROPERTY for sale by Public Auction, situate at Mody and Mody-Bay Street, Fort.

BAPOOJEE HORMUSJEE will sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 19th instant, at 4 o'clock p.m. on the premises, by order of Hawoody Rewbeen Dawood Esrail, the undermentioned property, all that piece or parcel of land or Government ground, with message, tenement dwelling-house, situate lying and being in the Mody and Mody-bay street, in the subdistrict of Fort and Colaba, containing by admeasurement 895-9 square yards, or thereabouts assessed by the Collector of Municipality under No. 85, Collector Old No. 743, Collector New No. 5965, old Survey No. 101, and New Survey No. 8545 and bounded on the east by Mody Baystreet or Mint road, on the west by the Mody Street, on the north by the property of Moosa Mapla, and on the south by the property of Hayder Ally Casemjee.

For particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

BAPOOJEE HORMUSJEE,
Auctioneer.
Bombay, 16th February, 1885.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAMED LUGGAGE.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 16th instant, at 1 p.m., at Colaba, near the Tramway Company stables, in the goods shed of the B. B. & C. I. Railway—

A quantity of unclaimed luggage.

On THURSDAY, the 19th instant, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will hold their usual weekly auction sale at their rooms of a quantity of grey, coloured and white piece-goods, twist, &c. &c.

25 bales grey shirtings, 10 lbs. and 8¼ lbs
5 „ grey dhoties.
2 cases coloured sarries.
10 bales claret union clotta.
20 cases Mogul prints.
20 cases German beer in pints.
50 cases preserve fruits.
A quantity of iron pipes, suitable for gas and water.
10 casks yellow grease.
3 cases superior playing-cards.
On account and risk of Abdoolally Dawoodkhan.
143-A.D.—11 cases soap.

MENESSE & CO.
Bombay, 16th February, 1885.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND COMPANY,
No. 4, FORBES AND MEADOW-STREETS.

SALE of valuable bungalows and 1 Press House, &c., at Hingunghat.

Under instructions from the Mofussil Company, Limited, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th instant, at 4 p.m., at their sale room, No. 4, Forbes and Meadows streets, Fort, the following valuable properties at Hingunghat; a large plot of freehold land containing 2 pucka brick and chunam built bungalows, one large and one small with outhouses, one tank, and one well, admeasuring about 5 acres; also a very substantially stone and chunam built press house, outhouses, &c., &c.

For full particulars and descriptions of the properties apply to the undersigned at their office, No. 4, Forbes and Meadows streets, Fort, or to the Mofussil Company, Limited.

SALE of Panwell Bricks, Waggon-wheels, Portable Boiler, Unserviceable and Surplus Stores, &c., &c.

Under instructions from E. C. K. Ollivant, Esq., C. S., Municipal Commissioner for the city of Bombay, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Municipal Workshops' Compound, Boree Bunder, on THURSDAY, the 19th inst, at 1-30 p.m. the following:—

A large number of Panwell Factory Bricks in small lots of 10,000 each.

Some serviceable waggon wheels, axles, points, pieces of rails and sidings buffers, portable boiler machine desicating with boiler, copper-brass and iron cocks, spindles, C. I. sluices, ferrules, screw spanners, garden tools and pumps, leather hose, tools, harness, old wooden wheels, iron tyres, C. I. naves, boiler tubes, cast and wrought iron pickaxes, powras, files, empty boxes, casks, cans and drums, bolts, nails, cotton waste, iron chain, boiler composition, belting leather, W. striped cloth, gauge, glasses, grease, leather laces, India rubber pipes, rings and washers, iron T. and angle pieces, locks, wire, bees wax, carbolic powder, kerosine and street lamps, iron tree guards, logs, iron tanks, iron cages, old iron cart, old mutton benches, oil cloth, mill stores, C. I. urinals, lead pipes, baskets, buckets, rammers, yokes, pins, chairs, &c., &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, 16th February, 1885.

BENNETT AND COMPANY.
No. 3, APOLLO-STREET.

AUCTION SALE of a large collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 16th inst., at 7 a.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Walkeshwur-road, Government House, lower gate, a large collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, consisting of crotons, ferns, palms, araucarias, roses, &c., the property of E. WILKIN, Esq.

On WEDNESDAY, the 18th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Nepean Sea-road, Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood french-polished plain and carved household furniture, best electroplated ware, very rich crockery and glassware, a handsome mahogany grand square pianoforte by Soundy and Co., handsome China and Japanese vases, first rate oleographs and pictures, rich table ornaments, one handsome English-built strong dog-cart, a handsome strong country built dog-cart, a strong built pony dog-cart, a handsome fast-trotting brown Australian mare, sets of single harness, &c., the property of M. MAVROGORDATO, Esq. The same comprises rich star-cut glass-ware, handsome dinner, dessert and tea services, best plated-ware such as ice pitcher, cruet and pickle-stand, butter-pot, toast rack, ice pail, cake basket, a set of spoons and forks, table candlesticks, cutlery &c., handsome teakwood and blackwood french-polished and richly carved household furniture such as a dining table in four pieces, side-board, dumbwaiter, mallet pattern arm and without arm chairs, handsome circular pier, side, card, oblong and writing tables, easy, folding, reclining, long arm, rocking and drawing room chairs, conversation sofas, chiffoneers, bookstands, teapoys, centre ottoman, tete-a-tete couch, handsome Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, Link's patent duplex hanging and wall kerosine lamps, handsome brass and teakwood bedsteads, reclining sofas, dressing and washing tables with marble top, dressing glass, clothes presses, chest of drawers, almira with plate glass door, dispense articles, cooking utensils, a collection of choice and rare plants, &c.

AT 2 P.M.

1 handsome English built strong dog-cart.
1 „ strong country built dog-cart.
1 „ „ Pony dog-cart.
1 „ fast trotting brown Australian mare.

N. B.—The plants will be sold at 4 p.m. on the same day. Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF BOILER, at the Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mills Co.'s Mills, Byculla.

On MONDAY, the 23rd inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. have been instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the above mentioned place—

1 Cylindrical Boiler fitted with 2 internal furnaces, length 23 feet 3 inches, diameter 6 feet, by Galloway and Sons, Manchester. Pressure allowed by the Government Inspector is 60 lb. per square inch.

A deposit of 35 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 16th February, 1885.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY.
7, MARINE-STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF SHARES.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 16th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Share Bazaar, by order of the Mortgagee, and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Nurrotum Anundjee Mody—

1 Share in the Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Ld.
2 „ „ Mazagon Spinning and Manufacturing Co.
1 „ „ Maneckjee Petit Manufacturing Company.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 16th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

10 bales grey shirtings.
10 „ „ dhoties.
10 cases printed scarfs.
10 „ T red shirtings.
8 „ „ Garments.
5 „ „ Pd Jaconets.
11 „ „ Gauzapat.
4 „ „ Dresses.
270 English brooms.

On account and at the risk of the indentor Aba Hajee Fuckeer Mahomed.

G AH F—10-12—8 cases G 20 white shirtings 30, 33, 36, and 45 inches.

On account and at the risk of the indentor Pranjeevun Sakerlall—

P S 3 9—3 cases each 66 to 67 pieces 27 in double border chowlee prints—

On account of the underwriters ex s. s. Berenice.

A B—413—1 case 100 lb. orsidue.

The property of an officer consisting of military saddles, dinner and dessert services, electroplated, curry dishes, &c.

AT 2 P.M.

1 second-hand English-built brougham,
12 English fowls, 5 Chinese ducks, and 2 geese.
And any carriages and horses which may be offered.

SALE OF KEROSINE OIL.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 17th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Mazagon Darookhana by order of Mr Tharlabhoy Topun and on account and at the risk of Moosajee Khanbhoy—

1,000 cases Devoe's kerosine oil.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

SALE of shares in the Jewraz Balloo Spinning and Weaving Company.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 17th instant at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction at the Share Bazar by order of Mr. Hurripursad Suntokram and on account and at the risk of Devidass Jeewundass—

25 shares in the Jewraz Balloo Spinning and Weaving Company.

By order of Mr. Tullockchund Hurnathjee and on account and at the risk of Devidas Jeewundass.

13 shares in the Jewraz Balloo Spinning and Weaving Company.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

On SATURDAY, the 21st instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 19, Chinchpoogly Hill, the valuable and handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, one handsome glass fronted double seated brougham, one powerful flea-bitten Arab horse, set of plated single harness, table ornaments, pictures, books, a large collection of choice and rare plants and roses in pots, &c., &c., the property of C. POOLE, Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the day of sale.

On THURSDAY, the 26th instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Cumballa Hill next to the Cumballa Hotel, the valuable and handsome french-polished carved and plain blackwood, and teakwood and satin wood household furniture of the latest design, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a sweet-toned mahogany semi-grand pianoforte by Soundy & Co., a first-rate miniature slate billiard table with balls, cues and lamp complete, a Wheeler and Wilson's sewing-machine, a handsome light canoe-shaped Barouche lined real morocco for one or pair of horses with a fast trotting chesnut horse and a set of brass mounted single harness, a handsome chestnut young Arab horse "Emperor," a strong bay Arab horse both going in saddle, harness, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, real Persian and English carpets, superior pictures, table and hanging lamps, choice and rare plants in pots, &c., the property of Major W. J. LeBreton.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the day of sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.
Bombay, 16th February, 1885.

BANKS

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
SUBSCRIBER and PAID-UP CAPITAL..........£3,200,000
RESERVE FUND...£800,0..

LONDON BANKERS
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
Messrs. C J. HAMBRO & SON.
LONDON OFFICE—52, THREADNEEDLE STREET E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.

DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.

LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.

DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted through the Bank

M. BLUM, Acting Manager.
1, Rampart Row, W.

THE AGRA BANK (LIMITED

CAPITAL—£1,000,000.
RESERVE FUND—£210,000.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

CURRENT ACCOUNT are kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and interest allowed thereon at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS granted at the exchange of the day on London, Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.

CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.

GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.

INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.

All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank, Limited.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL .... $7,500,000.
RESERVE FUND .... $4,400,000.
RESERVE FOR EQUALIZATION OF DIVIDENDS .... $ 400,00
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS........ $7,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS:
Chairman—A. P. MCEWEN, Esq.
Deputy Chairman—Hon. F. D. SASSOON,

C. D. Bottomley, Esq.	H. Hoppius, Esq.
H. L. Dalrymple, Esq.	Hon. W. Keswick.
W. H. Forbes, Esq.	A. McIver, Esq.
M. Grote, Esq.	M. E. Sassoon, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER:
Hongkong—The Hon. THOMAS JACKSON.
LONDON BANKERS—LONDON & COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

BOMBAY—INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Deposit Accounts, at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the Daily Balance.

On Fixed Deposits:—
For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months, 4 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

G. R. JOHNSTON,
Agent.
Offices of the Corporation, Church-gate-street, Bombay.
September 15, 1884

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES, from whom the Clubs and Messes obtain their supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Europeans in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.

For List of Prices apply to
THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,
18, Forbes Street, Bombay.

BEST INVALID PORT.—This wine is carefully selected and guaranteed as of excellent quality, an very highly recommended by medical practitioners for invalids and convalescents. Price, Rs. 27 per case of one dozen quarts.

FERNANDES & Co., Chemists, &c., Bombay.

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., ON SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned:—

	Per 1 doz. quarts.	Per 2 doz. pints.
CHAMPAGNE		
Charles Heidsick's Grand Vin Premium, White Seal, Dry	Rs. 52 0	...
Heidsick's Dry Monopole	„ 55 0	Rs. 58 0
Cuvee de Choix Champagne	„ 48 0	...
Dry Elite	„ 48 0	„ 50 0
First Quality Dry	„ 40 0	„ 42 0
From MESSRS. DEUTZ AND GELDERMANN, AYEN CHAMPAGNE.		
Carte Blanche, dry	Rs. 32 0	Rs. 34 0
Cabinet India, very dry	„ 37 0	„ 39 0
Goldlack, extra	„ 42 0	„ 44 0
STILL HOCKS.		
From G. M. PABSTMANN, SOHN, MAYENCE.		
Laubenheimer	Rs. 16 0	Rs. 19 0
Deidesheimer	„ 17 0	„ 20 0
Geisenheimer	„ 18 0	„ 21 0
Leibfraumilch	„ 22 0	„ 25 0
Steinwein	„ 22 0	„ ...
Hochheimer Berg	„ 26 0	„ ...
Rudesheimer	„ 26 0	„ ...
Marcobrunner	„ 30 0	„ 33 0
Queen Victoria Berg	„ 30 0	„ ...
From OTTO PRUMM MAYENCE		
Moselblümchen	Rs. ...	Rs. 16 0
Niersteiner	„ ...	„ 16 0
Hochheimer	„ ...	„ 19 0
Brauneberger	„ 16 0	„ ...
Liebfraumilch	„ ...	„ 22 0
Berncasteler-Rosenberg	„ 19 0	„ 22 0
Rudesheimer	„ 24 0	„ ...
Oberemmeler-Rosenberg	„ 29 0	„ 32 0
Steinberger	„ 2 0	„ 32 0
Scharzhofberger	„ 35 0	„ 38 0
Johannisberger	„ 36 0	„ 39 0
FRENCH WHITEWINES.		
From A. DUPILLE, MACAU MEDOC.		
Sauterne	Rs. 19 0	...
From MESSRS. MUNZER & SPANN, BORDEAUX.		
Haut Sauterne	„ 22 0	...
CLARETS.		
From MESSRS H. & C. BALARESQUE, BORDEAUX		
Chateau de Frauds	Rs. 14 0	Rs. 16 0
Les Canons	„ 17 0	„ 19 0
Chateau Leoville	„ 20 0	...
Chateau Lafitte	„ 24 0	...
From A. DUPILLE, MACAU MEDOC.		
Listrac Medoc	Rs. 15 0	...
Cru de Barreyre	„ 19 0	...
Chateau La Begorce	„ 24 0	...
From MESSRS. MUNZER & SPANN, BORDEAUX.		
Medoc	Rs. 11 0	Rs.
St. Estephe	„ 13 0	...
Haut Canon	„ 14 0	„ 17 0
Margaux	„ ...	„ 19 0
From J. ROEMER & SOHN—WIEN.		
Chateau Romer	„ 17 0	...
BRANDY		
F. Dessandier & Co.'s * Brandy	Rs. 22 0	–
Cognac, Fine Champagne, Red Bars M. & Spann	„ 25 0	–
Cognac, Gold labels, blue capsules, A.L. Boiteau & Co.	„ 30 0	–
Charles Lervoire very old Brandy***	„ 36 0	–
BURGUNDY.		
From A. DUPILLE, MACAU MEDOC		
Volnay	Rs. 22 0	...
Chamberlin	„ 28 0	...
WHISKY.		
Bon Accord	Rs. 22	...
Finest Old Scotch Whisky	„ 22 0	...
Thistle Blend Whisky***	„ 25 0	...

BEER.	Per doz.	Per doz. pints.
St. Pauli	Rs. 6 8	Rs 4 4
Pilsener Beer	„ 6 0	„ 4 0
Lagerbier	„ 5 0	„ ...
Kaiser Beer	„ 6 0	„ 4 0
Export Beer	„ 5 8	„ ...
Romford Light Bitter Beer	„ 6 0	„ 4 8
India Pale Ale	„ 5 0	„ 3 0

SUNDRIES.	Per doz. quarts.	Per doz. pints.
Vin d'Harib (Bitters)	Rs. 36 0	Rs. ...
Finest Kummuel	„ 30 0	...
Italian Vermouth	„ 18 0	...
Do. do. Superior	„ 20 0	...
Do. do. Finest	„ 21 0	...
Real Italian Oil, (Flutes)	„ ...	„ 6 0
Do. do. Pints	„ ...	„ 6 0
Aromatic Magon bitters	„ 14 0	...
Fortuna Caloric Punsch	„ 15 0	...
Cherry Cordial	„ 15 0	...

	Per Doz.
Fortuna Taffel Akvavi	Rs. 15 0
Fortuna Koruman Braendevin	„ 18 0
Finest Copenhagen Kummel	„ 20 0
Old St Croix Rum	„ 20 0
Finest St. Croix Rum	„ 22 0
Swiss condensed milk, in bottles	„ 4 0
Do. do. do. „ tins, First Swiss Brand.	„ 5 0
Do. do. do „ Baby	„ 5 0

PRESERVED MEATS, SAUSAGES, VEGETABLES, &c.

		Rs. a.
Danish Butter, finest	per 1 lb. tin	1 3
Do. do.	per ½ lb. tin	0 10½
Do. Prime Preserved	per 1 lb. tin	1 1
Do. do.	per 2 lb. tin	2 4

Nett Cash.

From L. GRADLER and HARTWIG GOTHA.

Truffel Leberwurst (Truffled per large tin. Per small tin) Liver Sausages)	Rs. 1 8	Rs. ...
Mettwurst (cooked meat Sausages)	„ 1 6	„ ...
Cervelatwurst (Brain Sausages)	„ 1 6	„ ...
Asparagus	„ 2 8	„ ...
Cut Asparagus in Water	„ 1 6	„ 0 12
White Pickled Cabbage	„ ...	„ ...
Red do. do.	„ 1 4	„ 0 12
Young French Beans in Water	„ 0 12	„ 0 7
Cellery	„ 0 14	„ 0 9
From BUSCH, BARNEWITZ & Co., WOLFENBUTTEL.		
Asparagus	Rs. 2 8	Rs. ...
Cellery	„ ...	„ 0 10
French Beans	„ 0 14	„ 0 8
Cut French Beans	„ ...	„ ...
Small Sausages	„ 1 6	„ ...

Nett Cash.

TERMS.

No order for less than a case of wines (provisions excepted) &c., will be executions.

Outstation orders should be accompanied by a remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

Cash payments for supplies of wine, &c. (Preserved Provisions excepted) carry a discount of per cent.

VOLKART BROTHERS,
Rampart-row.
Bombay, 1st February 1885.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Winchester, 1435 tons, Captain W. E. Bently, sailed on Saturday last for Kurrachee in ballast.

THE steamer Vortigern, 876 tons, Captain J. Brown, sailed on Saturday last for China, &c., with a general cargo.

THE steamer St. Dunstan, 1,451 tons, Captain J. Henry, sailed on Saturday last for Antwerp, with a general cargo.

THE Clan line steamer Clan Cameron, 1,585 tons, Captain J. R. Kewley, sailed on Saturday last for Marseilles, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Iran, 108 tons, Nacoda, arrived in harbour on Saturday last from Bhownuggur, with a general cargo and 88 deck passengers.

THE steamer Scawfell, 1,439 tons, Captain J. Stanhope, arrived in harbour on Saturday last from Cardiff (13th Jan.), with a cargo of 2,438 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE steamer Flamsteed, 1,289 tons, Captain J. Robertson, arrived in harbour on Saturday last, from Shields (13th Jan.), with a cargo of 1,896 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Killick, Nixon and Co.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Mecca, 939 tons, Captain A. May, arrived in harbour on Saturday last from Zanzibar, &c., with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Captain Mittal, Gunner, and Mrs. King and two children, and 28 deck.

THE following is the list of passengers per Italian mail-steamer China, Captain G. Dodero, arrived from Genoa on the 14th inst.:—From Genoa—Mr. T. Perne, Mr. Schneider, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Boscolo, Mr. Davidson, Mr. S. H. Wynne, Mr. Anderson, Mr. Hegyeby, Mr. G. Inzoli, Mr. F. Luciano, Rev. and Mrs. Swgorton and child. From Suez—3 deck passengers. From Aden—11 deck passengers.

THE Anchor Line steamer Nubia, T. G. Knox commander, from Glasgow (January 13th), &c., arrived in port yesterday, at 9-15 p.m., with a general cargo and the undermentioned passengers:—Lieut. T. Hammond, Mrs. Harvard, infant, and nurse, Dr. J. M. Jack, Mr. F. B. Lindsay, Mr. F. T. Coode, Mr. A. E. Smith, Mr. C. H. Espley. She experienced moderate winds and fair weather on the passage.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessel.	Commander	From.
14	Scawfell (s)	Stanhope	Cardiff, Jan. 13.
	Flamsteed (s)	Robertson	Shields, Jan. 13.
	Iran (s)	Nacoda	Bhownuggur, Feb. 13
	Mecca (s)	May	Mozambique, Jan. 10

DEPARTURES.

Feb.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
14	Vestal	Nacoda	Mozambique.
	Winchester (s)	Bently	Kurrachee.
	Vortigern (s)	Brown	China, &c.
	St. Dunston (s)	Henry	Antwerp.
	Clan Cameron (s).	Kewley	Marseilles.

The following vessels were entered for loading on Saturday last:—
Steamer Niagara, to Liverpool.
„ Iran, to Bhownuggur.

MADRAS.
ARRIVALS.

Feb.			
12	Brindisi (s)	......	Calcutta.
	Goalpara (s)	......	Singapore.
	May Frere (s)	......	Pondicherry.
13	Almora (s)	......	London.
	Tibre (s)	......	Colombo.
	Arcot (s)	......	Bombay.
	The Bruce	......	Calcutta.

DAILY IMPORTS.—FEBRUARY 14.

FROM LONDON.

Chusan s—275 kegs paints of sorts, Dossabhoy Sullamanjee; 7 cases aniline dye, Tyebally Moola Tazkhanjee; 4 hogsheads brandy, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee; 40 cases champagne, Phipson and Co.

Bokhara s—2 cases provisions, A. K. Shrufally.

Bengore Head s—3 cases butter and 50 cases milk, Volkart Brothers; 45 casks glass vials, Byramjee Shaporjee; 4 casks glassware, Rahim Cassum; 5 cases blacking, Mohamed Khoosal; 45 cases sodawater corks, Pallonjee Heerjeebhoy & Son; 5 bales paper, Balcrushna Sazba and Co; 57 cases oilmanstores, an l medicine, Essaljee Currimbhoy; 48 cases oilmanstores cheese and provision, Essoofally Russooljee; 27 casks sodasodawater, lemonade, ginger ale, and tonicwater, Merwanjee Nusserwanjee, Sons and Co; 6 cases glassware, Goolam Hoosein Cullian; 101 cases old tom, Dajeebhoy Dadabhoy; 60 cases champagne, the Byculla Club; 66 cases portwine, Jamsetjee Framjee

Cathay s—100 kegs white zinc paint and 10 packages varnish, Adumjee Jeewanjee; 25 cases yellow metal sheets, Benn Ashby and Co; 490 kegs white zinc paint, Greaves, Cotton and Co; 1 package earthenwares, Rogers and Co; 10 cases cologne water, Abdool Hoosein Esmalljee; 217 cakes copper, Ritchie Stewart and Co; 11 cases oilmanstores, Allybhoy Sumsoodin; 40 barrels china clay, Ruttonjee Rustomjee; 2 bales paper, the *Times of India*; 10 drums printing ink, the *Bombay Gazette*; 2 cases books, Gopall Narayen and Co; 133 packages white zinc paint and red colour, Ebrahim Abdool Currim; 5 packages medicines, Cooper, Madon and Co.

Accomac s—25 cases whisky, Benn, Ashley and Co.
Nuddea s—5 cases whisky, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Tasmania s—5 cases port, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Altmore s—15 cases claret, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Huzara s—101 cases old tom, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee; 8 cases medicines, Heerjeebhoy Mooljee and Co.

FROM ANTWERP.

Chusan s—1,000 boxes candles, A. Blascheck and Co; 5 cases glassware, Visram Allana.

FROM GIBRALTAR.

Chusan s—30 cases sherry, Phipson and Co.

FROM GERMANY.

Surat s—35 cases still hocks, Phipson and Co.

FROM MARSEILLES.

R. Rubatino s—14 packages champagne, claret, &c, D. P. Batha and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—FEBRUARY 14.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Londa—1,050 cwts bones, S. Molo bhoy and Co; 523 cwts myrabolams, Mooljee Goculdass; 250 cwts myrabolams, Jaitha Pursotum.

Niagara s—1,000 cwts bones, T. M. Rahimbhoy; 4,900 cwts wheat, Lalljee Poonsey and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Ascalon s—100 bales cotton, Harvey and Co; 15 bales hides, Aba Oosman; 4 bales hides, C. Hajeebhoy; 14 cwts fishmaws and 10 packages peacock feathers, Vazeer Hajee; 10¼ cwts fishmaws, H. Purdhan; 146¼ cwts gum, Dadabhoy Rustomjee, 204 cwts coir yarn, Tricomdass Lowjee; 61 cwts nutmegs, Lalljee Soorjee; 50 cwts deer horns, S. Mooloobhoy and Co.

FOR HULL.

Abana s—2,000 cwts myrabolams and 2,464 cwts wheat, Ralli Brothers.

FOR VENICE.

Knight of St Patrick s—50 bales cotton, Harvey and Co; 255 bales cotton, George Lockhart and Co.

Bengore Head s—120 bales cotton, George Lockhart and Co; 150 bales cotton, E. Spinner and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Knight of St. Patrick s—110 bales cotton, Peel Cassels and Co.

Bengore Head s—110 bales cotton, Breul and Co; 550 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co; 1,000 cwts myrabolams, Volkart Brothers.

FOR HAVRE.

Bennington s—2,200 cwts wheat, Volkart Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Clan Cameron s—62¼ cwts coir yarn, Gulabchund Kessowjee; 2 pots rosa oil, Tyebjee and Co; 812¼ cwts gingellyseed, Lang Moir and Co.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

DEPARTURES.—FEBRUARY 13.

Betham, Lieut., Worcestershire, to join, to Nusserabad.

Roupell, Captain, Dy. Asst. Adjt. Genl., on duty, to Quetta.

FEBRUARY 14.

Morice, Brigade Surg., from leave, to Allahabad.
Hakim, Surg., to join, to Kamptee.
Bayly, Inspector Genl., R.A., on duty, to Poona.

FEBRUARY 15.

Habday, Surg. Major, from leave, to Rajkot.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.
REGIMENTAL ORDERS
By Lieut.-Col. the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Comdt., B. V. R. C.
Bombay, February 16.

The Cadets of the Indo-British Institution will attend at Coorla for class firing on Monday, 2nd March next, leaving the Bori Bunder station by the 5-30 a.m. train.

Cr. Sergeant Brewin will assume Command of D. Company during the absence of Lieut F. de Marse on leave.

The parades during the week will be as follows:—At the oval on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6-45 a.m.; the parade on Monday will be under the Adjutant; at the J. J. Hospital on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 5 p.m.; at the P. & O. Dockyard on Monday and Friday at 5 p.m. and at the Town Hall every Monday and Wednesday at 4-45 p.m.

B. V. RIFLE ASSOCIATION EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEETING.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Bombay Volunteer Rifle Association held on Friday, the 6th Feb., it was resolved—

1st.—That the competition for the National Rifle Association silver medal as shot for in the late Association meeting remains good, and that it will not be fired for again.

2nd.—That the B. V. Rifle Association will pay the entrance fees of five members of the Corps who may be desirous of trying for places in the Indo-Wimbledon Rifle Competition.

3rd.—The competition for these nominations will take place at Coorla and Poona or Kirkee on Thursday, the 12th inst. Distances 200, 500, and 600 yards. 7 shots at each distance and one sighting shot at each distance. Wimbledon targets and rules. Other members of the Corps may, if they choose, compete for places on payment of their own entrance fees, *viz*, Rs. 10.

4th.—The sizes of targets are as follows:—3rd Class—Bull's eye, 8 inches; inner 24 inches; magpie 36 inches; outer remainder of target 4 feet square. 2nd Class—Bull's eye, 2 feet; magpie 3 feet; inner, 4 feet; outer remainder of target 6ft. square.

5th.—The final three competitions, from which the names of those selected to represent the Indo-Wimbledon team at Wimbledon will be taken, have been arranged to take place on Monday, 23rd instant, Thursday, 26th, and Saturday, 28th. The scores and entrance fees from must be sent to the Adjutant before the 1st March, when the three trial competitions close. The fees and registers will be sent to Major Francis, 2nd P. V. R.

By order,
A. H. ATKINSON, Captain,
Adjutant, B. V. R. C

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 27 June, 2017

BOMBAY.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 14th:—Scawfell (s), from Cardiff; Flamsteed (s), Shields; Iran (s), Bhownuggur; and Mecca (s), Mozambique.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed on the 14th:—V-st-l, for Mozambique; Winchester (s), Kurrachee; Vortigern (s), Chi-a, &c.; St. Dunstan (s), Antwerp; and Clan Cameron (s), Marseilles.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles at the Esplanade bandstand at 6 p.m.:—

Overture	Sommernachtstraum	Suppé.
Waltz	The Old Lock	G. Lamothe.
Cavatina	Clarionet Solo	Gassner.
Cradle Song	Ander Wiege	Lange.
Polka	Wir Beide	Faust.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Strathairly left the dock yesterday.

THE YACHT CLUB REGATTA.—We are requested to state that owing to the Bombay Races taking place on Tuesday, the Regatta Consolation Cup and the Sculling Match will be decided on Wednesday instead of on Tuesday.

MARINE BATTALION AT HOME.—It will be seen from an advertisement in another column that owing to the Bombay Races and the Regatta of the Royal Bombay Yacht Club taking place to-morrow, there will be no "At Home" at the Officers' Mess, Marine Battalion, on that day.

A PICK-POCKET.—Gopajee Doodari was on Saturday convicted by Mr. P. Ryan of stealing a purse containing Rs. 3 from the pocket of Kondajee Tookaram, whilst at the Walkeshwar fair on Friday. The accused was arrested by a police detective while in the act of running away. He was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

A DARING HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—Tookaram Hasso, a shoemaker at Coorla, was on Saturday convicted by Mr. P. Ryan of attempting to rob a woman named Manki of a gold neck-ornament as she was passing along the Sewree-road, at half-past 7 o'clock, on Friday night. The complainant was walking in company with two other women, when the accused attempted to snatch off the ornament. The women raised an alarm, which brought two men to their assistance. The prisoner was seized and made over to the police. He was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

FATAL ACCIDENT ON BOARDSHIP.—A coroner's inquest was held on Saturday at the Morgue, Camateepoora, on the body of Avelin Mozaretto Colladio, aged about 33 years. Deceased was a butcher of the P. and O. steamship Zambesi. On Thursday night, at about half-past 7 o'clock, he fell through a hatchway on the 'tween decks into the hold, sustaining severe injury. He was picked up unconscious and attended to by Dr. David Durran, the surgeon of the s. s. Assam, and remained unconscious up to the time of his death. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

AN ATTEMPT TO SMUGGLE ARMS.—On Saturday afternoon Mr. John Ringrow, customs preventive officer, stationed at Mody Bay-bunder, seized a case of goods, containing 293 daggers, the property of a merchant named Jan Mahomed, a dealer in perfumery, while he was endeavouring to ship the case from the Mody Bay-bunder on board the brig Vesta, bound for Mozambique. The owner, it appears, while passing the goods through the Custom House for export declared the box to contain medicines. The matter is at present under investigation before the Collector of Customs.

FATAL RAILWAY ACCIDENT.—A coroner's inquest was held on Saturday at the Morgue, Cammateepoora, on the body of Muddon Khetsey, aged 25 years. Deceased was a servant to Lukumsey Dawjee, a grain merchant. At 8-15 p.m. on Friday deceased, while attempting to cross the railway line about ten yards beyond the Curry-road station on the G. I. P. Railway line, was knocked down and run over by a train composed of an engine and two brakes. His head and his left leg were injured, the latter being completely smashed. The train was immediately brought to a stand, and deceased was placed in one of the brakes and removed to the Parel station, where he died from the effects of the injuries ten minutes afterwards. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

ATTEMPTING TO CHEAT GOVERNMENT.—The case in which Colonel Sartorius, of the Marine Battalion, charged one Gainee, a woman, with attempting to cheat Government, was resumed on Saturday before Mr. Cooper, at the Fort Police Court. Mr. Little, solicitor to Government, appeared for the prosecution. Since the last hearing Sonac Sajnac, the pensioner who had supported the petition of Gainee for a pension, had been arrested, and was also charged with her. The woman pleaded not guilty, and said the petition had been written by her brother, and that she had not known its contents. She had stated that she was the sister of the deceased Babnac Surnac. The other accused said that he had always heard the woman Gainee called mother by the deceased, and was under the impression that she really was his mother. He had eaten the salt of Government for 22 years, and would never have told a lie deliberately. The case was adjourned.

PRIZE DISTRIBUTION.—Prizes were distributed yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Ledgard, at the Rev. Ledgard's bungalow, to the successful candidates of the S. P. G. School situated at Two Tanks. The school is under the patronage and personal supervision of the Rev. Mr. Ledgard, and consists of about a hundred students under a staff of four teachers, with Munshi Shaikh Sardar as a head-master. Almost all the students are Mahomedans and are taught English and Hindustani up to the fourth standard. The school was examined by Government officers on the 3rd with the view of securing it a grant-in-aid. The Rev. Ledgard, Khan Bahadur Haji Ghulam Mahamad Munshi, and Munshi Sayad Muniruddin addressed the students in Hidustani, calling their attention to the benefits of education and the means of acquiring it at their disposal. Nosegays and rose-water brought the proceedings to a close. A girls' school has also been opened at the Rev. Mr. Ledgard's from this month.

CRICKET.

ORDNANCE CRICKET CLUB vs. CARLTON CRICKET CLUB.

ON Saturday, the 14th instant, on the Carlton ground the Ordnance Cricket Club followed up their late easy victory over the Jumna by administering a still more decisive defeat to the Carlton Club. This was a matter of some surprise, as owing to their victory over the Gymkhana last year, the Carlton are considered to be very strong. The pitch was very good, and runs came at a great pace, the victors making 198 runs off 31 overs in less than two hours. The result of the match was due to the fine bowling of Cruickshank, the free batting of Lieutenant Jervois, and the steady play of Evans, the latter of whom was in while the score mounted from 29 to 133. Lieutenant Jervois hit 3 fives, 6 fours, 9 threes, etc. Norris also batted very freely. The Ordnance fielding was as usual execrable, with one or two exceptions, while that of the Carlton was fairly good. Most of the latter batted steadily, and they scored very evenly, but their bowling was completely collared, and the match ended in a victory for the Ordnance by 79 runs and 6 wickets. Score appended.

CARLTON CRICKET CLUB.

E. Thomas, run out	2
G. F. Chance, c and b Cruickshank	12
F. Sutton, b Cruickshank	19
S. Graves, c Norris b Cruickshank	21
F. Thomas, b Cruickshank	4
H. Pritchard, b Jervois	1
W. L. McKenzie, c and b Cruickshank	17
E. Anding, run out	23
C. Bailey, b Cruickshank	2
G. Mitchell, not out	10
R. McKenzie, b Holborne	5
Extras	3
Total	119

ORDNANCE CRICKET CLUB.

W. Holborne, c Graves, b Pritchard	7
J. Lonegan, run out	14
Lieut. C. E. Jervois, R.A., not out	88
W. Cruickshank, b Chance	0
W. Evans, c McKenzie b Anding	32
R. Norris, not out	26
H. Philips, A. Salter, W. Kennedy, G. Dowley, C. Gouldsworthy, did not bat.	
Extras	31
Total	198

HIGH COURT.—FEBRUARY 16.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

In the matter of the Land Acquisition Act X of 1870 and in the matter of Government and Krishnarao Balmookund and another—Tyabji and D. and Payne, G. and S. for claimants—F. A. Little for Government.

Suit for hearing and final disposal.

Long Cause.

256-83—Thakurdas and D.—Jairam Narronji vs. Kooverbai and other—Little, S. F. and N. Jefferson, B. and D., and M. M. Munshi.—Part heard

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice PINHEY.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Cause.

367-83—Hore, C., and B.—Mahomed Ismail bin Cumroodin and others vs. Shurfudin bin Khubh Khan Uranpar—Payne, G. and S.—Part heard.

New Long Causes.

236-84—Craigie, L., and O.—Dadabhoy Dossabhoy vs. Palonji Pestonjee Golliwala and another—Payne, G., and S.

315-84—Muljee B. B.—Bhowanbhoy Ramjee vs. C. A. Turner and others.—Macfarlane and E.

Long Cause.

15-83—Bomonji and H.—Jijibhoy Ardaseer vs. Heerjee Hunraj and others.—J. C. Cama and Payne, G., and S.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice SCOTT.)

Suit for hearing and final disposal.

Long Cause.

444-81—Macfarlane and E.—Jugmohundas Mungaldas vs. Sir Mungaldas Nathoobhoy and others—Little, S., F. and N., and Nanu and H.—Part heard.

THE DESIGNS FOR THE NEW MUNICIPAL BUILDINGS.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the Corporation was held on Friday afternoon, Mr. Pherozshaw M. Mehta presiding. There were present:—Surgeon-Major H. J. Blanc, Drs. Thomas Blaney, P. C. De Souza and Cowasjee Hormusjee, Lieutenant-Colonel G. L. C. Merewether, R. E., Captain H. Morland, Khan Bahadur Muncherjee Cowasjee Murzban, Sir Frank Souter, the Hon. Kashinath Trimbak Telang, Messrs. E. B. Carroll, G. Cotton, J. R. Duxbury, Grattan Geary, D. Gostling, J. Macfarlane, Dr. P. Peterson, Messrs. E. F. Underwood, Bhaishankar Nanabhai, Dadabhai Naorojee, Fazulbhoy Visram, Hurkissondas Narrotumdas, Jamshedjee Pallonjee Kapadia, J. B. Murzban, Muncherjee Nowrojee Banajee, Nanabhoy B. Jeejeebhoy, Nowrozjee Furdoonjee, Raghunath Narayen Khote, R. N. Khory, Shantaram Narayen, Tribhowandas Mungul-das Nuthoobhoy, and Tribhowandas Vurjeewandas.

DESIGNS FOR MUNICIPAL BUILDINGS.

The following report of the committee of the Corporation on the selection of a design for the new Municipal Offices and Hall was read:—

The Committee beg to report that, at a meeting held on the 11th instant, it was agreed that the following report be submitted:—

After considering with the Municipal Commissioner the several competitive designs for the new Municipal buildings, and availing themselves of the opinion of a Committee of experts specially appointed to advise on the subject, your Committee come to the conclusion—

That the design bearing the motto "Queen Empress" (hall without dome), estimated to cost Rs. 4,93,000, is entitled to the first prize offered, viz., Rs. 5,000.

That the design bearing the motto "Audaces Fortuna Juvat," estimated to cost Rs. 4,99,410, is entitled to the second prize offered, viz., Rs. 3,000.

That no third prize should be given, as the experts advise that there is no other design sufficiently fulfilling the conditions of the competition.

That the Corporation be asked to allow the Committee an extension of time for submitting their report as to which of the competitive designs, if any, should be adopted for execution.

Municipal Office, Bombay, 12th February, 1885.

GRATTAN GEARY.
WILSON BELL.
G. MEREWETHER.
R. M. SAYANI.

The report may be forwarded to the Corporation, but under the circumstances mentioned in my minute on the previous circular on this subject, I don't like to sign this report.

K. T. TELANG.

Entertaining some doubts as to the designs selected by the Committee fulfilling the conditions prescribed by the Corporation, I am unable to sign the above report adopted by the Committee.

NOWROZJEE FURDOONJEE.

I am sorry I am not able to sign this report as I have not been able to attend the meetings of the Committee.

DADABHAI NAVROJI.

Mr. Geary moved that the report now submitted be recorded, and that the committee be allowed a month's time to draw up their report relative to the question as to which, if any, of the competitive designs should be adopted for execution. The report that was now submitted dealt with one important point, but not the most important from the point of view of the Municipality. It dealt with the subject of the awards to be given for the best designs sent, in accordance with the invitation issued by the Municipal Commissioner. Sixteen designs were submitted, and the committee of experts, having carefully examined them from a technical point of view, pronounced fourteen of these designs to be not within the conditions set down. The two which they deemed to deserve a prize were those bearing the mottoes "Queen-Empress" and "Audaces fortuna juvat." The "Queen-Empress" design was two-fold. The one, without a dome, came within the limits of the conditions, and would be, according to the specifications of rates given to the architects, within the prescribed limit of five lakhs or thereabouts; and the other was almost precisely the same as the first design, but had a dome, which would cost an extra lakh. The latter design, though the best, went out of the conditions as regards the cost, and consequently the Commissioner awarded the first prize to the alternative design bearing the motto "Queen-Empress," and the second prize to "Audaces fortuna juvat." The Municipal Commissioner came to this conclusion with the full concurrence of the committee, and the sanction of the Town Council with regard to the award of the prizes was obtained on Wednesday. Mr. Geary presumed that it was now competent for the Commissioner to open the seals and ascertain the names of the prize-winners. With regard to the further question of the construction of the buildings, he did not think it would be of any advantage to bring the whole matter into premature controversy, but the matter was a little complicated. It was, he supposed, no secret to any one of them that although the cost of the buildings selected for the prize was, according to the scale of rates submitted to the competitors, within the prescribed limit of five lakhs or thereabouts, yet their construction would probably, as most buildings did under such circumstances, considerably exceed that amount. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Nowrozjee Furdoonjee.—By how much?

Mr. Geary.—By some three lakhs, more or less. There seemed to be no help for that sad fact. The rates which were given were declared on good authority to have been fair rates for the materials specified; but as a matter of fact, no buildings of that character had been constructed in Bombay at the rate of 4 annas per cubic foot, which was set down for the materials. They must look forward to the payment of six annas per cubic foot; and it must be stated that this additional charge must apply to every one of the designs submitted for competition. He said this because it seemed to be imagined that if they threw aside the two designs which were selected for a prize, they would get one of the other designs for the amount allocated for the purpose of the buildings. But that was not the case. He believed the Corporation had made up its mind to have Municipal Buildings and a Municipal Hall, and it would be necessary to decide which of the designs would be the best for the purpose. The Municipal Commissioner and the committee awarded the first prize to the alternative design of "Queen-Empress," which did not include a dome. But there was no doubt that any one who saw the design with a dome would say that it was far preferable to the other, and would in every way be a nobler building, and one worthier of the Municipality. It was clear that they must face the fact that they could not get the accommodation required for the sum which was at first deemed sufficient. They must consider whether a larger grant would not be necessary, and if so, to what extent, and how best to meet the financial question. For all these purposes, he hoped the Corporation would give the further time that was necessary. There had been a considerable amount of work already done; and he thought that the committee, composed as it was of business men, would not be very long in laying its second report before the Corporation. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. R. N. Khote seconded the motion.

Here a letter was read from the Municipal Commissioner, stating that he fully agreed with the report of the committee.

Dr. Peterson said he had no objection at all to the extension of time asked for by the committee. (Hear, hear.) As to the result of the deliberations of the committee as to the adjudication of the prizes, there was unfortunately no design which came within the limits of the prescribed amount. He was painfully obliged to say that the Corporation ought to express its disapproval of the procedure adopted by the committee. When the Corporation decided that it would give Rs. 10,000 in the shape of prizes for designs, it was, of course, hoped that the expenditure of the money would provide them with a suitable design for the new buildings. The Commissioner, according to the instructions given to him by the Corporation, was merely asked to select the design which seemed to him to be the best, and to report to the Corporation within a fortnight. At the last meeting of the Town Council, he, with four other members, protested against the proposal under which the money was to be given away before the committee's report was submitted to the Corporation. He then pointed out that the report was in the coat pocket of the chairman, but that the Corporation and the Town Council had not seen it. But he was told that the Town Council could not ask to see it. The report, which he only saw within the last five minutes at the meeting of the Corporation, in some measure accounted for the reluctance exhibited with regard to placing it in the hands of the Town Council. It now appeared that the report of the committee was only signed by four members out of more than eight. He had taken up, at the Town Council, the position that the matter was within the jurisdiction of the Corporation; and for the Commissioner and the Town Council to pay away the money, and thus take it out of the jurisdiction of the Corporation, was unconstitutional and irregular in the very highest degree. But he was beaten—(hear, hear)—that must, of course, be expected, under the circumstances. (Laughter.) It was said next morning that he and those who went with him were beaten by a decisive majority. But it was a majority of seven to five, and it could not be called a decisive majority. There had been an elaborate attempt to instruct the public in the absolute identity of the figures, five lakhs and nine lakhs, which he hoped would be convincing to the lay mind. But to his mind, it appeared that the committee were going to launch them into double the expenditure they had originally sanctioned. He hoped the Corporation would express its sense of the important fact that when it appointed a committee to do a particular work, it was not for the committee to consider whether it should proceed to act on its own judgment. It was for the committee merely to present its report to the Corporation, and take its instructions from the Corporation on that report.

The Chairman said that before the discussion proceeded further, he must point out to Dr. Peterson that that was all the committee had really done. (Hear, hear.) As to what action was to be taken on the report, that was a matter with which the committee had nothing to do. They must be simply held responsible for what they had actually done.

Mr. Nowrozjee Furdoonjee, speaking against the report, said it was observed by Mr. Geary that, as the matter stood at present, there would be an enhancement of fifty per cent. over the original estimates. But Mr. Nowrozjee was sure, from past experience, that the increase would be more nearly a hundred than fifty per cent. The estimates, therefore, as given in the report were misleading. They must make a further reference to the committee to see if, in their opinion, the new buildings could not be constructed within the prescribed amount.

Mr. Jamsetjee P. Kapadia moved an amendment, that the report be remitted to the committee with the request that they would further consider and report on the matter previously referred to them.

Dr. Peterson seconded the amendment, saying that he knew, as a matter of fact, that the report was sent only the day before to one of the members of the committee for his signature. He hoped the Corporation would feel, and the four members who had signed the report would also feel, that there was nothing unfair or discourteous in asking a committee which presented a report like that to further consider the matter and submit their report within a fortnight or thereabouts.

Colonel Merewether said that great stress had been laid by some of the speakers on the fact that the report was signed by only four members of a committee which consisted of about nine members in all. He believed he was correct in stating that four of them did not sign the report in consequence of their absence from the meetings of the committee. The only dissentient was Mr. Nowrozjee Furdoonjee, who expressed some doubts as to the designs fulfilling the conditions prescribed by the Corporation. But the matter had been most fully explained to Mr. Nowrozjee at a meeting of the committee, and if he could not, after all, understand the explanation, that surely was not the fault of the committee. (Hear, hear.) Dr. Peterson had stated that their action would involve the Corporation in something like double the expenditure which had been originally anticipated. But Colonel Merewether said that the committee had involved the Corporation in no expenditure whatever—(hear, hear)—beyond that they assented to the award of Rs. 8,000 out of the sum of Rs. 10,000 set apart by the Corporation for a definite purpose. It was the distinct opinion of those who had carefully gone into the subject that the two competitors were legally entitled to the prizes, and in his opinion it would be a dirty swindle to keep them out of the money. (Cries of "Oh, oh" and "Hear, hear.)

Dr. Peterson explained that he did not say that the action of the committee had involved the Corporation in double the expenditure, but that in effect it tended in that direction.

Mr. Nowrozjee asked the Chairman whether he would allow a member of the Corporation to apply the term "dirty swindle"—(hear, hear)—in connection with the discharge of official duties by other members of the Corporation. (Hear, hear.)

The Chairman said he took it that Colonel Merewether spoke hypothetically about some hypothetical action, and did not intend it in any way personal.

Colonel Merewether agreed with the Chairman, stating that, knowing the Corporation as he did, it was impossible that they would be a party to an action of that kind.

Dr. De Souza said that, if the suggestions made by Mr. M. C. Murzban, as an engineer of great experience, at a previous meeting had been followed they would not have had to face the difficulties which had now arisen.

Khan Bahadoor M. C. Murzban said he regretted that, as had been fully anticipated by him, the result had not been as satisfactory as might be wished. He was sure that the result would have been more satisfactory if they had gone to the half-a-dozen or dozen professional men who knew the wants and requirements of the city. If they had decided to give a premium of Rs. 5,000 for the best design, it must be understood that the design was to be the best in all respects, and fully in accordance with their requirements.

Dr. Blanc said the question really was whether those who were away from the committee were in the right, or those who were present at the meetings, and took a great deal of trouble to investigate the matter. (Hear, hear.) The Committee, having given their advice to the Commissioner, who with the sanction of the Town Council had acted upon it, reported the fact and asked for time to consider the next step to be taken. Why not give them the time for that purpose, and accept the report as to what had been already done. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Gostling said the committee's report stated one notable fact, namely, that out of the sixteen designs that were submitted in response to the public invitation, only two came within the prescribed conditions. This was sufficient evidence that there was no competition whatever. It was unfortunate that the conditions were framed in such a way that none of the local architects who wished to enter the competition could do so. The conditions did not appear to be drawn up by any person who knew much about competition. The conditions were altogether unnecessarily onerous—he should say they were foolishly onerous; and the result was that none of the local architects thought it worth his while to enter into the competition. There were Mr. Campbell, Mr. Stevens, Mr. Adams, Mr. Murzban, Mr. Forde, Mr. Hewson, and others; but they simply declined to compete on the terms set forth. Although the "Queen-Empress" design was unquestionably the best, he had no doubt that if there had been a proper competition, they would have got a design more suitable and more handsome than the one selected by the committee. But now he did not think the matter could be helped. The prizes must be awarded to the two gentlemen who were apparently entitled to them. (Hear, hear.)

Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee thought they were simply wasting their time in an unfortunate discussion. (Hear, hear.) If the Municipal Commissioner were legally advised that he was bound to give the premia to the competitors, and if the speaker's information were correct that the moneys had already gone into the pockets of these gentlemen, then there was no help for it but to sanction the prizes.

Dr. Blaney said if it were true the money had already gone into somebody's pockets, then they could not help it. He said that none of the speakers had given any reason why the matter should be disposed of by the committee piecemeal, instead of doing it in one report. (Hear, hear.) He hoped the committee, after the expression of opinion on the part of the Corporation, would take back their report for reconsideration in a kindly spirit. The way in which the sub-committee proposed to deal with the matter was unbusiness-like and improper.

Mr. Geary.—"Unconstitutional and irregular." (Laughter.)

The Municipal Commissioner regretted that what seemed to be a very simple issue should be surrounded by so many difficulties. When the discussion for inviting designs took place at the Corporation, it was very strongly urged that there should be an unlimited competition by members among whom were some of those who were now most strenuously opposing the adoption of the report. If he had been left to judge for himself in the matter, he should certainly have liked to have got one or two architects together, and obtained the plans. But there was a strong feeling on the part of a very great majority of the Corporation that there should be an unlimited competition. (Hear, hear.) Mr. Gostling told them that the terms advertised for competition were not the best possible. But he (the Commissioner) had done his best under the circumstances. The terms had been read by him to the Corporation, and certainly they were not objected to at the time. He submitted that the question before the Corporation was a very simple one. The committee had given their opinion as to the designs which best fulfilled the requirements of the conditions, but they did not ask the Corporation to adopt any one of these designs for execution. That was a matter in the hands of the Corporation, and he had no doubt that there would be a very great difference of opinion as to what amount should be expended on the buildings. The question immediately before the Corporation was whether the two designs should be awarded prizes or not. As the discussion of the larger and more important question would occupy a considerable time, and seeing that there had already been very great difficulty in getting the meetings of the sub-committee, and that great delays had occurred and were likely to occur, it was thought that the simpler issue as to who should get the prizes should be decided at once. He thought he might take the Corporation so far into confidence as to say that the committee at one of their meetings were absolutely on the point of opening the seals and disclosing the names. But it occurred to him that there was yet one more stage to the final process, which was that under the Municipal Act the Town Council had also rights in the matter, and, as they all knew, the Town Council had now sanctioned the disbursements. So long as there was any uncertainty about the issues, he took legal advice and followed it. The Commissioner proceeded to say that he had endeavoured throughout to act with the greatest respect to the Corporation, and to carry out its wishes. One of the speakers had presumed that the money was already in the pockets of the successful competitors. But, as a matter of fact, the money was still in the municipal treasury, and the covers containing the names of the successful competitors were still unopened. (Hear, hear.) If the prescribed sum of five lakhs could be arrived at in accordance with the schedule of rates, and if any of the competitors had fulfilled the conditions, entitled to the prizes. (Hear, hear.) Now, if the schedule of rates was wrong, then constructively he as Municipal Commissioner, and indirectly his professional advisers, were responsible for it. All he could say at present on the point was that the gentlemen who had prepared the schedule of rates were perfectly sure that it was correct. In order that the Corporation itself might have perfectly independent advice in the matter, he had asked the Town Council to allow him the services of independent experts, and the Town Council had rightly complied with his request. There was no question whatever, at that stage, of their exceeding the estimates. If they were satisfied that the design could be carried out within the sum of five lakhs, they might commence the work at once. But when they had professional gentlemen throwing any doubts on the subject, it would perhaps be a wise course to consider whether they should not satisfy themselves on two points—first whether it was likely that the sum of five lakhs would be exceeded; and secondly, whether they were willing that there should be any excess. It would be a very great pity if the question of the award of prizes were allowed to stand over. He was sure nobody, except professional gentlemen, could tell them whether all the conditions had been fulfilled in the case of the two designs. Now, the professional gentlemen had ascertained that those conditions had been fulfilled, and therefore the money must be paid over without any delay. The Commissioner took occasion to observe that he had not the slightest idea, excepting what he had seen in the newspapers, as to who were the competitors. The committee intended to meet again on Saturday, and the first item of business would be to open the covers, and when they were opened, they would give away the money. But if the Corporation decided in the wrong direction, and put off the question of the payment of the awards, then, of course, he would have to keep the covers still sealed up, until the matter was finally settled. But in the meanwhile it would be an injustice to the competitors that people should be talking about their names in connection with attacks upon their designs, when they ought only to talk about the mottoes.

Mr. Geary, in his reply, said that after so protracted a debate he would confine his remarks within the narrowest limits. They had discussed a large number of questions which really were not within the compass either of the motion which he had submitted, or of the amendment. What was the use of now discussing whether there ought to have been a competition at all? The Corporation had decided that there should be an open competition, and that settled that question. (Hear, hear.) As to the amendment, it was practically identical with the purport of his motion, which was to give the committee additional time to consider the question of the best design for the buildings. The portion of the report they had placed before the Corporation was what would be called in Parliamentary phrase a progress report. The committee would not have come before the Corporation to ask for more time if the Corporation had not, as he presumed, by inadvertence, limited them to the period of a fortnight. With regard to the suggestion that the committee should reconsider the point on which they had reported progress, that, of course, would be simply absurd. It was impossible that what had been done could now be undone. The committee had duly discharged the function which was entrusted to them; and the Town Council had sanctioned the payment of the awards. The committee had done their duty, and it was for the Corporation either to censure them, or approve of what had been done. But neither the committee nor any one else could unsay, the advice given to the Municipal Commissioner, who had already acted upon that advice. (Hear, hear) The committee had given the advice to the best of their ability, and to reconsider it would be simply to stultify themselves. The amendment wanted to give further time, which the committee were themselves asking for. Where then was the difference between the amendment and the original proposition? The committee had carried out the instructions of the Corporation to the letter, but an endeavour was made to mystify what had been done. The instructions were that the Municipal Commissioner should, in conference with the committee, decide on the awards. The committee, having discharged this portion of their functions, by conferring with and advising the Commissioner, were now asking for an extension of time for performing another part of their duty; and he hoped the Corporation would not allow themselves to be led away by those who did not understand the simple issue before them. (Hear, hear.)

On a division, the amendment was carried by a majority of one. It was then put as a substantive proposition and carried by twelve votes to nine, one member by inadvertence voting for it in the belief that it was the original motion.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

THE following is a Memorandum on the Budget Estimates for 1885-86 by Colonel Merewether, the chairman:—Estimates of the Income and Expenditure of the Trust for the year 1885-86 are herewith submitted in terms of Section 52 of the Port Trust Act, 1879. As has been customary in recent years, these estimates have already been examined by a special Committee of Trustees, and such modifications of the estimates prepared by Heads of Departments as seemed to a majority of them to be necessary, have been given effect to.

2. It will be observed that the Capital Account of Prince's Dock cannot yet be closed, some work still requiring to be done in the channel of approach and in lighting the entrance. The amount required (Rs. 27,500) is, however, not large, and the Trustees have the sanction of Government to their borrowing it as part of a loan for 12 lakhs, should they desire to do so.

3. The expenditure during the ensuing year on the Dock extension scheme is estimated at Rs. 25,45,500. It is not yet possible to state how this amount is to be provided. It will necessarily be by a loan of some sort, but until Government come to a decision on the application which the Trustees have made for a guarantee the question of the provision of funds must remain undetermined. It will, doubtless, cause much inconvenience should the final decision of Government be much longer delayed, and, as the Trustees have remarked in their correspondence with Government they were not prepared to find that, notwithstanding the cordial support they have received from the Local Government, an application first made in October 1883 would at this late date still remain undisposed of.

4. Under the head of "new works" other than the foregoing it is proposed to spend Rs. 2,24,300. The works mentioned in this list have all been sanctioned by the Board, and it is proposed to provide for them—

1. From ordinary receipts pertaining to this head of account	Rs.	27,888
2. From Loan for 10 lakhs (not yet raised) sanctioned by Government for carrying out new works at Mody Bay	,,	1,46,444
3. From Sinking Fund	,,	49,968
	Rs.	2,24,300

5. From the summary given at p. 1 it will be observed that the revenue from all sources for 1885-86 is estimated at Rs. 37,44,700, and the expenditure on Revenue Account at Rs. 34,57,500, leaving an estimated balance of Rs. 2,87,200.

6. This balance is chargeable, in the first instance, with an allotment of one lakh towards a "Sinking Fund." A similar allotment has been made each year since 1882, but instead of using the money to reduce capital debt it has been applied towards the construction of new works for which otherwise new capital would have had to be raised, and in this way it has served the object intended by Government and the Trustees. It will be observed that, according to the present estimates (p. 2), it is proposed to use Rs. 47,968 of the current year's allotment towards such "new works" which, if the estimates should prove correct, will leave Rs. 52,032 to be applied in reduction of capital debt at 31st March 1886.

7. After deducting the allotment for Sinking Fund (1 lakh), there remains an estimated surplus of Rs. 1,87,200. If there were reason to suppose that existing rates pressed with severity in any particular direction it might be the duty of the Trustees to use a part of this surplus in granting relief. So far, however, as a majority of the Committee are aware there is no special cause of complaint on the part of any branch of the trade, and in present circumstances they consider it would be unwise to employ the apparent surplus in reducing rates. They have been helped to this conclusion by some other considerations. It will be noticed, for example, that Municipal taxes are entered (p. 11) at Rs. 1,26,000; this amount, although in excess of any payment hitherto made to the Municipality, is much less than the claim put forward by the Municipal Commissioner (Rs. 2,15,000); and although the Trustees, so far as the correspondence on the subject has yet gone, have no reason to doubt the correctness of their estimate, which agrees with the amount entered in the Municipal Budget, the question is one on which there is room for argument on both sides, and it is only reasonable to keep in view that the estimate of Rs. 1,26,000 may be to some extent exceeded.

8. Again, the Trustees have, with the sanction of Government, set aside the unappropriated balance of revenue for the past two years (Rs. 3,88,806) as the nucleus of a reserve to meet future contingencies. Considerable sums have already been spent during the current year on account of the increased Bunder, Wharf and shed accommodation at Mody Bay necessitated by the removal of trade from the site of the Dock extension. These it was proposed to provide for by a special loan, but, so far as can at this moment be seen, it will be possible, with the aid of the accumulated surplus revenue, to meet this expenditure, as well as that upon other new works sanctioned in course of the year, without borrowing in the market. The Trustees will, no doubt, consider that, in view of the uncertainty that still exists as to the conditions on which the money required for the Dock extension (94 lakhs) is to be raised, and the market in which it is to be borrowed, it is wise to refrain from putting out a small loan just now if it can possibly be avoided. Should, therefore, the past accumulations of revenue be absorbed in the manner indicated, it will be more than ever imperative to arrange for a surplus in the forthcoming year.

9. There are some details of revenue and expenditure which require explanation.

10. As a rule, the Bunder revenue has been based upon the actual receipts for 1884. There is a reduction of Rs. 18,000 under the head of ground rent and some slight decrease under the heads of godown and shed rents, caused by the larger amount of outstandings collected in 1884 than there is reason to expect can be collected in 1885-86. A fair allowance has at the same time been made for the natural growth of the land revenue.

11. The estimated revenue from Dock Warehouses (p. 4) is increased from Rs. 94,955 (the actual receipts during 1884) to Rs. 1,05,000, owing to the additional accommodation which will be available next year; an upper-storied pucca warehouse and a single floored temporary warehouse being under construction on Elphinstone Estate, and a pent having been provided for on the east of the existing Dock Warehouses, which will admit of these warehouses being utilized to a greater extent than hitherto.

12. The estimates of Dock revenue have not in past years proved reliable. In 1881-82 the actuals were 70 per cent. more than the estimate: in 1882 83, 32 per cent; in 1883-84, 30 per cent; and in the year 1884, 25 per cent. In some of these years there were disturbing causes, such as the Egyptian expedition in 1882, to partially account for the great difference between estimates and actuals; but there is no doubt that, with the experience already gained, a closer approximation of the estimates to the actuals should be obtained. The matter has received careful and special attention in Committee, and the conclusion of the majority of the members is that, making a fair allowance for dulness of trade at the present time and in the near future, it will be safe to fix the estimates for 1885-86 at 12 per cent. below the actual receipts for 1884, and this has been done in the figures now submitted.

13. In the case of Dock dues on square-rigged vessels a further deduction has had to be made, owing to actuals for 3 months of 1884 having been levied at the rate of 4 pies per ton, while the rate has since been reduced to 3 pies per ton.

14. An entry at page 8, "Engineering Establishment" to be transferred to New Works at end of year, requires a word of explanation. Government have ordered that the whole cost of the Engineering Staff shall, in the first instance, be paid from revenue, and that, if at the end of the year it be found that a portion of the staff has been employed on any new work, a transfer may then be made. It is anticipated that, owing to the Dock extension and other Capital Works in progress, it will be necessary to transfer Rs. 63,526 of the total cost of Engineering Staff to such new works, and credit is, therefore, taken for that amount. It is entered against revenue, in the first instance, under the head of General Charges at page 14. The precise sum to be debited to New Works will, of course, be determined at the close of the year, when the Engineer will be able to report how the various members of his staff have been employed.

15. It will be noticed that the estimated receipts from the Port and Pilotage Departments are very near in amount to the actuals of the past year.

16. On the expenditure side of the account the various establishments are entered as they have from time to time been fixed by the Board.

17. Under the head of Bunder Expenditure, there is an apparent decrease of Rs. 1,17,653. This is not, however, a real saving, but is owing partly to the Engineering expenditure having been differently distributed in 1885-86, and partly to the carrying out of such special works as dredging Sassoon Dock, alterations to Bonded Warehouses, Customs Bunder (Rs. 26,603), while the expenditure on contingent works in 1884 was Rs. 52,415, against an allotment of Rs. 20,000 for 1885-86. It may also be noted that increased expenditure is provided for in the forthcoming year, viz., 6,000 at the Dock Warehouses, to meet the expected increase of coolie-hire for goods to be warehoused; Rs. 10,000 for dredging Carnac Basin, the foul condition of which is much complained of; and Rs. 26,000 more than last year for Municipal taxes.

18. The estimated expenditure at Prince's Dock, Rs. 7,17,500, is sufficiently near the actual expenditure for the past year, Rs. 7,09,828, to dispense with the need for remark. There are numberless variations in actuals, but none that appears to call for special explanation.

19. Under the head of General Charges, there is a striking increase from Rs. 1,10,865 to Rs. 2,00,100 equal to Rs. 89,235. But of this amount, Rs. 63,526 is for Engineering Establishment, referred to in para. 14, which is only placed under this heading as a temporary measure until the proper amount to be charged to Capital Works at the end of the year can be determined. The estimated contribution to Provident Fund, Rs. 21,700, against Rs. 3,755 (increase Rs. 17,905) also pertains to all departments of the service, except Pilotage.

20. In the Port Department there is, on the one hand, a contemplated saving of Rs. 27,008, on "construction of beacons," and, on the other hand, budget provision has to be made for the Trustees' share of the Port Health Officer's Establishment, Rs. 14,398; for repairs and re-coppering the spare Lightship, Rs. 6,000; and new boiler for the Minx, Rs. 1,000. The other variations are unimportant.

21. In the Pilotage Department the sum of Rs. 18,257 paid for the tug Sphinx in 1884 does not appear in the estimates under consideration, while the repairs to the schooners are estimated Rs. 8,685 less than was spent in 1884.

G. MEREWETHER, Chairman.

Bombay, 10th February, 1885.

SUMMARY.

ESTIMATES OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH 1886.

Actuals from 1st January to 31st December 1884.	REVENUE.	Estimates for year 1885-86.	TOTAL.
Rs.			Rs.
17,57,199	Bunder Properties (including land) (see page 4)	17,41,800	
17,41,846	Prince's Dock Revenue (see page 7)	15,32,700	
28,706	Interest and Miscellaneous Revenue (see page 8)	94,900	
2,02,766	Port Fund Account (see page 9)	2,04,500	
37,30,517		35,73,900	
1,80,321	Pilotage Account (see page 8)	1,70,800	
39,10,838	Total Receipts		37,44,700
	EXPENDITURE.		
5,50,753	Bunder Properties (see page 11)	4,33,100	
7,09,828	Prince's Dock Expenditure (see page 13)	7,17,500	
1,34,710	Rents (see page 14)	1,34,900	
1,10,865	General Charges (see page 14)	2,00,100	
16,01,180	Interest (see page 14)	16,43,100	
1,66,339	Port Fund Account (see page 17)	1,58,000	
32,73,675		32,86,700	
1,93,536	Pilotage Account (see page 18)	1,70,8000	
34,67,211	Total Expenditure		34,57,500
			2,87,200

ENGLISH SPORTING NOTES.

FOOTBALL.

THE great question as to whether professionalism in Association football shall be permitted or stamped out was, after months of hesitation, at last brought forward and discussed at a special general meeting of the Football Association held on Jan. 19. Viewed from whatever stand-point, there can be little doubt that it has proved a critical day in the history of the game, for whichever way the decision had gone, there was every probability of a schism being created. The meeting was as crowded as could be, every club of importance being represented. The question before the meeting was with regard to professionalism being recognized, and there were strong arguments for and against it brought forward. Mr. C. W. Alcock proposed, and Mr. C. N. Jackson seconded, "That it is expedient to legalize professionalism under stringent conditions." An amendment to this was brought forward by Mr. Crump, and seconded by Mr. Proctor—"That the introduction of professionalism will be the ruin of the pastime, and it is most unwise to permit it, the rules of the Association, if carried out, being sufficient to prevent abuse and importation." After a discussion which lasted over two hours, Mr. Alcock's proposition was put to the meeting, when 113 voted for it and 108 for Mr. Crump's amendment. As Bylaw 3 of the Association requires that no alteration be made in the laws unless supported by a majority of at least two-thirds of those present at the meeting, the proposal to legalize professionalism was therefore lost. It now only remains to be seen how this decision will be received by the football clubs all over the country. Now that the Challenge Cup contest is approaching its final stage, enhanced interest naturally attaches to the ties in the fourth round. The only undecided game in the third round was decided on Wednesday, and several ties in the fourth round were also played off. The undecided game was that between the Swifts and Old Westminsters. These clubs had met twice and drawn the game each time, but on the third occasion fortune favoured the Swifts, who won a well, contested game by two goals to one. On Saturday, Jan. 17, two of the ties in the fourth round were decided. As expected, Queen's Park defeated the Old Wykehamists, who had to journey North to Glasgow, but even their warmest supporters did not count upon so easy a victory as that of seven goals to none. Darwar rather unexpectedly went down before Church, which scored three goals to their nil. The Blackburn Rovers (the holders) had little difficulty in disposing of Romford. During the first half the Romford team held their own, but their exertions told in the end, and goal after goal was obtained by the Rovers, who won by eight goals to none, three of them being obtained in the last five minutes. Few association contests were looked forward to in the South with so much interest as was evoked over the return match between Preston North End and the Corinthians. The northerners having lowered the colours of almost every team in the County Palatinate, the home of Association football, except the Blackburn Rovers (who are said to be afraid to meet them), were by many considered the best club in the kingdom. The Corinthians, on the other hand, include some of the best players in England in their ranks, the club consisting, as it does, mainly of past and present Internationals, and the crack players of the Varsities and the Metropolis. The previous meeting which took place at Preston, it will be remembered, was in favour of the home team, the visitors evidently suffering somewhat from the results of their tour, and besides not being fully represented. On this occasion both sides were strongly represented, and the anticipation of brilliant play was fully realised. The game was fast enough to bewilder onlookers, the ball being seldom stationary in any one quarter. Attack and counter-attack were always met by the backs; the Corinthians played with the greater dash, whilst the all-round play of the Northerners was almost perfect. The interest in the game was kept up to the last moment, and eventually the Corinthians were returned winners by the narrow majority of three goals to two.

BILLIARDS.

The second day of the match between Cook and Mitchell 6,000 up, level, proved to be a most eventful one, owing to the extraordinary form displayed by both cracks. On Thursday night Mitchell held a lead of 221, and was still in hand, but on resuming on Friday morning he played grandly, and occupying possession, he succeeded in retaining it for the whole of the first part, on which Cook had to be satisfied with looking on entirely. He, however, soon gave way on continuing after the interval, but not before he had amassed the fine break of 669, in which were 215 consecutive spots. After this effort he fell away, and to the end of the series only contributed three figures once in 143. Cook, however, coming out splendidly by the aid of 134, 206, 110, 281, and an unfinished 93, not only rubbed off his debit created shortly after the start for the day of 643, but actually passed to the front with a credit of 186. Before retiring in the early evening show the ex-Champion increased this to 508, his previously unfinished essay reaching 415. Mitchell responded with 143, and then 185 came from the other. Minor points accrued to each for an unusually lengthy period, in fact Cook's next best only totalled 44. After 174 from Mitchell the latter did nothing at all for three successive innings, but at the next opportunity, with the game standing at 3,213—3,603 against him, he surprised all present by compiling a magnificent 787 unfinished, chiefly by the favourite hazard, thus at the termination of play for the day claiming an advantage of 397, and still in a position to proceed on the next day. But on Saturday he only added six before retiring. But from this period, though he did not show extraordinary play, he kept on pegging away, and with several breaks of over a century and an unfinished 385 held an advantage of 801 points with only another thousand to go before reaching the goal. The match was considered quite a certainty in favour of Mitchell, and any odds were offered on him, but did not find acceptance. The issue nevertheless proved another instance of the unexpected happening; for Cook, by the daintiest of manipulation and good judgment, playing better than ever in his life, left Mitchell simply helplessly standing still, whilst he rubbed off nearly all the other's previous four-figured credit with the aid of such breaks as 108, 179, 324, and 95. Mitchell, who in the time occupied by the ex-Champion in putting together 978, had only aggregated 147, now roused to better things with 212, increasing the gap to 382 in his favour. At the next time of asking Cook surpassed himself, and achieved the sensational by not only passing to the front, but took a substantial lead with a masterly 755, subscribed almost entirely by the spot-stroke. This proved really the first occasion where the ultimate winner seemed bent absolutely upon paying the favourite mode of fast progression undivided attention, as in all his previous essays he had imparted material entertainment by mixing the one method with the all-round, as though scarcely confident at times of running a risk. Mitchell had one more chance, but soon let down, and then Cook suitably completed a handsome victory by 417 points with a beautifully played 66 (unfinished). At the conclusion of the game Cook publicly challenged Roberts for the championship under the usual conditions. He also accepted Roberts's challenge to give any man in the world 2,000 points in 12,000 up, spot-barred. So many other important contests have been going on during the week that only a very brief reference could be made here to each. The sixth day's play in Gatti's tournament mentioned last week saw Roberts and Sala at the head, with an equal number of games won and lost. On the seventh day, each gaining another victory, it was a tie between them for first place, H. Roberts being third. On playing off the tie Roberts was found to be off colour, while Sala was never seen to greater advantage. The latter eventually won the game by 329 points. Shortly after the decision of this tie a match for £100 was commenced between Roberts and F. Bennett. The game was 10,000 up, Roberts to be spot-barred and Bennett allowed all in. From the commencement Roberts took a strong lead, and on the first day the score stood at 2,000 to Bennett's 1,270. On the second day he scored at a rate that was fast even for him, and obtained 2,080 to Bennett's 587. The game stood at Roberts 4,001 Bennett 1,857. Bennett improved somewhat on the third day, but could not prevent Roberts from drawing away still further. Score Roberts 6,001 Bennett 3,225. On the fourth day (Thursday) Roberts continued to move at a much greater pace than his opponent, and brought his score to 8,002 to Bennett's 4,704. On Monday the elder Bennett entered upon a spot-barred match 5,000 up with Peall, in which he gave his young opponent 500 points to start. On the first day Peall astonished even his friends by making a break of 235, the largest he has made in public at the restricted game. Bennett was in poor form throughout, and, as anticipated, Peall won in the end by 314 points, though at one moment he held a four-figure lead. When the mail left, a match for £200 was also being played between Sala and Coles. The game was 4,000 up, spot-barred, Coles to receive 500 points. On Thursday, the third day, Sala had gained all but 98 points of the start, the score being Coles 2841, Sala 2743.

PIGEON SHOOTING.

The Grand International Meeting at Monaco, in spite of the absence of several well-known crack English shots, has been a great success. The important events of the first two days were chronicled last week. On the third day the grand prize of the Casino, undoubtedly the most coveted in Europe, was to be shot for, and the excitement was intense. The work of art presented this year was a mantel clock surmounted with two pigeons, life size, in silver. Details:—Grand Prix du Casino, an objet d'art and 20,000f., added to a sweepstakes of 8l. each, the second to receive 4000f. from the prize and 25 per cent. of the entries, the third 2000f. and 25 per cent., and the fourth 1000f., and 15 per cent; twelve pigeons, four on the first day at 26 metres, one on the second day at 26 metres, and seven at 27 metres; the winner of the prize last year to be penalised one metre, and those missing three to retire; 56 subs. M. Dorlsdot by grassing 12 in succession got the first prize. Mr. Crosfield, who only reached Monaco on the morning the shooting for this commenced, secured the second prize. Signor Danneo was third, and Signor Guidicini fourth. The next event of importance was the Prix de Monte Carlo, Free Handicap, a prize of 200l., added to a sweepstakes of 4l. each, the second to receive 1,250f. from the prize and 25 per cent. of the entries, the third 750f. and 20 per cent. of the entries, and the fourth 500f. and 15 per cent.; three pigeons, those missing one to retire. Captain Shelley with nine kills gained the first prize, Mr. Blake was second, Captain de Wintow third, and Mr. Day fourth, no foreigners having had a look in. The Prise de Consolation, an objet d'art and 1,000f., was won by M. Thome, Mr. Sebot being second, Mr. Noel third, and Mr. Novan fourth. Many complaints were heard that as a rule the birds used during the contest were not so good as they might have been.

AQUATICS.

A sculling handicap promoted by Mr. Innes is to take place on the Thames at the end of February over the Putney to Chiswick course. Sixty-four professional oarsmen have been alloted starts, and a large number of those who have been handicapped are sure to accept. Largon is scratch; Perkins is allowed 4 secs start; Bubeas 6 sec; Godwin 9 sec; Elliott of Blyth 10 sec; Hawdon of the Tyne 12 sec. These are the six top men. The limit is 40 sec. Professional sculling has now fallen so low in England that Wallace Ross, of New Brunswick, Canada, offers to concede Largon, England's present "Paper Champion," 10 sec. at the start of a race from Putney to Mortlake for £200 a side, and allow 5 sec. in addition at the finish. Ross is very anxious to have the promised chance of again meeting Laycock on the Thames, but the match does not appear likely to come off. In Australia Hanlan has already commenced training for the triangular match between Clifford and Beach and himself. He is being trained by Laycock. He has received two new boats from Canada for use in the matches, while Clifford also has had two boats built for him by J. Clasper of Putney. Matterson, a young sculler, only 20 years of age, who has already made a name for himself in minor races, is said to be the coming man.

The light blue crew have, as stated, last week already commenced practice for the struggle over the Championship Course on March 28. Previous to their appearance on the London water both eights will undergo a course of training in the neighbourhood of Cookham. The dark blues will be the guests of Mr. Hammersley, at Abney House, Bourne End, and the Cantabs intend making the Ferry Hotel, Cookham, their headquarters on and after Monday, March 9. The President of the O. U. B. C., Mr. D. H. Maclean, New College, commenced operations on Monday, January 19, a week after the Cantabs. Of last year's crew D. H. Maclean, New, C. R. Carter, Corpus, and R. W. Taylor, Lincoln, alone remain to commence this year's crew with, but the trial eights and the fours have revealed sufficient materials for the formation of a useful crew. Mr. J. Haviland, the ex-president, and Mr. Bourne, an old blue, were up to coach them. An eight was made up and had been having satisfactory rows. With the exception of Girdlestone and Fothergill, who have been replacing each other, the following crew went out each day of the week.

		st	lb
	W. S. Unwin, Magdalen (bow)	10	10
2.	H. Girdlestone, Magdalen	12	2¼
3.	H. Maclean, New	12	10
4.	C. R. Carter, Corpus	13	0¼
5	H. H. Walroad, Exeter	13	1¼
6.	P. W. Taylor, Lincoln	13	0¼
7.	F. O. Withered, Christ Church	12	8
	H. Balfour, Trinity (stroke)	10	8
	W. E. Maynard, Exeter (cox)	7	13¼

Balfour is the successful stroke in the Trial eights. Unwin is the winner of the diamond sculls at Henley and the stroke of the winning four at Oxford. Cartes and Taylor are old blues, while the rest of the crew were selected from the trial eight men, with the exception of H. Maclean, brother to the president, who rowed in the Eton eight at Henley. The Cambridge crew have had a light practice boat made so that the change into the outrigger should not be very marked, and the plan has answered very well, as the boat suits the men admirably. Swann, last year No. 4, put in an appearance and resumed his place in the eight, but Haig, it is said, will not be able to take his place in the boat till late. Swann's arrival necessitated some changes, the crew as at present constituted being as follows:—

		st	lb
	N. P. Symonds, Lady Margaret (bow)	11	2
2.	C. H. Bicknell, Jesus	10	2
3.	R. H. Coke, Trinity Hall	12	3
4.	S. Swann, Trinity Hall	13	6
5.	F. E. Churchill, Third Trinity	13	0
6.	J. C. Brown, Lady Margaret	12	6
7.	W. H. W. Perrott, First Trinity	12	3
	F. I. Pitman, Third Trinity (stroke)	12	
	G. Wilson, First Trinity (cox)	7	

The prospects of Cambridge appear to be very fair this year, and it is probable they will repeat last year's victory, with Pitman again to stroke them, and so many of last year's crew available. The other material ready for use is also of a good quality.

LIST OF RESIDENTS.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL, BOMBAY.

Mr D Burne	Capt and Mrs Bentley, 8 s Winchester
a Mr R Warder	Mr J Arthur Brooks, Bombay
a Mr R Wolfe	Mr F A Innes Noad, Bombay
Mrs F H Boult	Mr J P [illegible], Oomrawati
Maj General Bayley, Poona	Mr Thos. Wilson, Bombay
a Mr E A Lutter, Calcutta	Mr Richard Cox, Bombay
Capt and Mrs Gill, England	Mr R H Baxter, Bombay
Mr W Nichol	Mr E Minors, Bombay
Mr and Mrs Anson, Agra	Surg M Collie, IMD, Bombay
a Capt Dickson, Mhow	Mr G I. Burn, Bombay
a Mr R W Egerton, Lahore	Surg G E Fooks, Poona
a Surg Maj Slaughter	Mr Wm. Valk, England
Mr J A Leonard, Calcutta	Lieut Battiscombe, 26th N I, Quetta
Surg Maj Cotter, Umballa	Mr J Crowther, England
Mr J Eunson	Mr Mark Wadia, Bombay
a Mr G H Nelson, Poona	Mr John M Heyn, Belfast
Mr M Scoulandi, Bombay	Mr John G H Meacbeth, Bombay
Mr Gieseke, Poona	Mr W E Doerr, Bombay
Mr Shillidy, Surat	Mr G L Trevor, Bombay
Mr F A F Phillips, Raipur	
Mr and Mrs R H Vincent, Bombay	
Mr A L Bacheldor, Boston	
Col P Lambert, RE, Bombay	

Residents left during week marked (a) thus.

FLORILINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The "Fragrant Floriline," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers throughout the world. Sold wholesale by The Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 33, Farringdon Road, London.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 14.

MONEY in London is the turn easier, the rate of discount on 3 months' paper being ⅛ lower, at 3½ per cent. per annum, the same as on 6 months' bills. Stock Exchange quotations, however, are lower, owing, we are told, to a panic, originating in a false report that the Russians had occupied Herat. Consols close at 99¼, a decline of ¼, Four per cent. Rupee Paper at £75¾., Fours-and-a-half at £77½, a fall of ⅛ and ¾ respectively.

In Mincing-lane, Seeds and Wheat are unchanged. Coffee is flat with a decline of 1s. per cwt. Ceylon Cocoanut Oil is 5s. per ton lower.

COTTON in Liverpool yesterday closed dull, and to-day steady, the sales being only 6,000 and 5,000 bales respectively, including 1,000 Surats. Prices are unaltered both on the spot and to arrive, but from New York an advance of 8 points in futures was advised yesterday owing no doubt to the small receipts at the ports. The week's total is only 69,000 against 104,000 bales for the corresponding week last year, and at this rate a crop of 5,600,000 bales is not such a distant possibility as it looked. In any case 5,800,000 may now be taken as a safe maximum, and that being so, it will require even a worse state of trade than we are now experiencing to cause Cotton to give way in price. The takings of the trade from Liverpool during the week were only 56,000 bales, causing an increase of 40,000 bales in the stock. Still the visible supply for all Europe has decreased by 40,000 bales, and is now 350,000 bales less than last year and 255,000 bales under the same time 1883. Surats continue to exhibit a particularly light supply. In Liverpool the stock is down to 67,000 against 76,000 last year, with only 32,000 bales afloat as compared with 101,000. The steadiness of Surats for some time back as compared with other descriptions, therefore, is not surprising :—

The American crop figures to date give the following comparisons with the two previous years :—

	1885.	1884.	1883.
Week's receipts	69,000	104,000	145,000
" exports to U. K.	66,000	97,000	60,000
" " Cont.	17,000	19,000	42,000
Total receipts since 1st Sept.	4,260,000	4,168,000	4,636,000
" Exports to U. K. "	1,805,000	1,6-6,000	1,902,00
" " Cont. "	1,8,000	1,044,000	1,112,000
" Stock in the Ports	8.7,000	1,020,000	931,000
Saturday's receipts	10,000	11,000	17,000

The total visible supply of Cotton for all Europe on the 13th instant affords the following comparisons with the two previous years :—

	1885.	1884.	1883.
Total supply of all kinds	3,040,000	3,3,0,000	3,294,755
" " Surats	271,000	419,000	486,130

For the United Kingdom only the figures are :—

Stock in Liverpool	900,000	898,000	886,000
" London	38,000	58,000	75,000
American afloat	250,000	310,000	28,000
East Indian "	32,000	101,000	69,000
	1,220,000	1,367,000	1,315,600
Price of Mid-Uplands	6d.	5 13-16d.	5⅝d.
" Good Fair Dhollera	4⅜d.	4 7.16d.	4⅜d.
Difference	1⅝d.	1⅜d.	1⅛d.

Consequent on the improvement in New York futures, there has been rather a firmer tone apparent here to-day, and a shade more business has been doing for export, both in ready and forward. New Broach European selection, sold yesterday at Rs. 226, has been in request at Rs. 227, and Good Bhownuggurs for April native selection has changed hands at Rs. 198 per candy.

In WHEAT ready there is very little doing owing to the difficulty in obtaining freight, and stocks are accordingly increasing. Forward, however, there is some little inquiry, and at Rs. 3-8 for new Delhi a considerable business would result.

SEEDS show no change.

FREIGHTS for near loading are strong. For Liverpool 30s. is the quotation for measurement only, no room for wheat being available. The steamer St. Andrew's Bay has been fixed for Liverpool, March loading, the liners having all been taken off the berth in the expectation of securing Government employment. For Antwerp ready shipment 32s. 6d. is asked. These figures of course are checking business, but further forward, say for April loading, 25s. to 26s. 3d. are about the quotations.

COALS are quiet but very steady at Rs. 15-8 per ton alongside for forward shipment of both Cardiff and Davison's.

EXCHANGE.—There is no further decline in Bar Silver in London, but with Calcutta weak and almost nothing in the shape of ready paper offering here, the banks have further reduced their buying rates to-day by 1-32d. 3 months' Credits being saleable up to March at 1s. 7 3-16d. Drawing rates remain the same, but that only owing to the limited character of the demand. We quote :—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 6d. 15-16d.	per rupee
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 6⅞	"
Credits, three months' sight	1s. 7 3-16d.	"
Francs, do. do.	2·03⅛d.	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been quite nominal in value, the decline at home having quite stopped buyers from operating. To do business we should say Fours are worth Rs. 96¾, Fours-and-a-half Rs. 99½.

SHARES are not any weaker. On the contrary, some of the Spinning Mills are quoted Rs. 10 to Rs. 15, the result of bears covering in. The position otherwise is unchanged, as there is no improvement in the position of the Mills.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

—	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	5 p.ct.	756½
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	1 do.	860
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 do.	630
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	all	6 do.	118
Hong. and Shang. B. Corporation	60,000	$125	all	17½ do.	£50
National Bank of India	37,320	£ 250	12½	do.	99

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G.I.P Railway Co.'s Consolidated Stock	..	£20	218-3-0	5 p.ct	160
Do. New £20 shares	..	£20	130-14-6	do.	350
Ditto	..	£20	.5-7-3	do.	585
Ditto	..	£20	21-13-1	do.	
B. . & C. I. Ry. Co.	..	£100	1,000	do.	617
Do. New Shares	£1	£18	6-5-0	do.	50

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	1,30.	1,000	1,000	...	1,375
Albert Edward Cotton Mills Co., Ld.	1,000	500	500	Rs. 18½	510
Anglo-Indian S. & W. Company	30,000	100	100	Rs. 2	101
Alfred Manf'g. Co.	1,000	500	500	Rs. 17½	400
AllianceCotton & Silk Manufg. Co., Ld.	1,800	1,000	1,00.	Rs. 30	675
Bellary S.&W.Co.,Ld.	871	500	all	..	475
Bhownuggur Mills	9,0 0	100	100	...	29
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,00.	Rs. 30	88.
BudneiraMf'g.Co.,Ld.	1,000	500	50.	..	200
Central India S. & W. Company	3,000	500	50.	Rs. 40	675
Connaught Mills	340	500	200	..	230
Cooria Mills	1,300	1,000	1,00.	Rs. 30	645
City of Bombay	600	1,000	1,000	..	730
D. Spinning	3,000	2,000	2,000	..	285
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,0.0	1,.0.	..	1,000
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,500	500	500	Rs. 25	735
Framji Petit Mfg. Co.	1,250	1,000	1,000	25	580
Golam Baba S. Co.	2,000	500	500	..	430
Gordon Mills	1,032	1,000	1,000	..	268
Hindustan Mills	1,200	1,00.	1,00.	Rs. 40	700
Hingunghat Mill Co.	700	500	50	70	700
HydrabadSpinningCo	700	1,...	1,0.0	Rs. 70	1,175
Impl.Cotton Mills Co.	400	50.	500	Rs. 20	450
Indian Manfg Co. Ld.	.68	1,000	1,.0	..	850
James Greaves Mills.	100	500	400	..	435
Jaffer Ali Spin. Co.	1,340	5..	50.	Rs. 40	590
Jewraz Bhailoo	1, 00	1,00.	1,00.	Rs. 30	1,010xd
Khandeish	750	1,00.	1,00.	Rs. 30	820
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,00.	1,00.	Rs. 40	805
Leopold S., Bleaching & Mfg. Co., Ld.	3,500	10.	10.	Rs. 5	134 xd.
Madras United	500	1,00.	1,00.	160	3,000
Mahalukshmi	650	1,00.	1,00	Rs. 35	690
Manockjee Petit's	4,050	1,00.	,00.	Rs. 50	1,142½
Mazagon Spinning Co	5,000	25.	25	Rs. 9	187½
Morarjee Gocuidas	1,150	1,00.	1,00	Rs. 65	1,360
National Spinning	600	1,00.	1,00.	—	580
NaigaumCottonCleaning Co. Ld.	1,000	100	100	..	120
New Great Eastern	1,500	1,0..	1,00.	Rs. 45	970
Oriental	5,725	625	625	Rs. 20	485
Parell S. & W. Co. Ld.	2,500	400	400	Rs. 10	175
People of India S. & W. Company	1,00.	250	250	6½	185
Prince of Wales Spinning Company.	1,250	500	500	..	130
Queen Spinning	800	1,000	1,.10		765
Ripon	641	1,000	1,0..	..	625
Sassoon S. & W. Co.	1,500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,400
Sholapore Mills	678	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	1,350
Soonderdas	650	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	650
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Rs. 20	410
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co. Ld.	1,212	250	250	Rs. 10	230
Victoria Mills	600	1,000	1,000	...	525
Western India S.&M. Company	1,200	1,0..	1,00.	Rs. 25	610

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	..	850
Akola Press Co.	85	500	500	Rs. 50	450
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	500	Rs. 45	425
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	220	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	1,125xd
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 20	297½
Bellary	620	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	550
Bre..l's Cawnpore P. Co., Ld.	500	200	200	..	185
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,250	500	500	Rs. 45	570
New Broach Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,400	100	10.	Rs. 40	3
Bombay Cotton Press.	1,000	12.	125	41½	250
Colaba Press Co.	50.	1 880	1,880	Rs. 600	880
Dhollera P. & G. Co.	5 0	300	300	12	180
East India Press Co.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 13.	1,175xd
Fort Press Co.	150	8,500	8 500	400	2,825
French Press Co.	300	500	500	Rs. 45	610
Harvey & Sabapathy Co., Ld.	450	500	500	..	45.
Khamgaum Cotton Press Co.	240	500	500	Rs. 40	475xd
Manmar Manfg. Co	1,000	250	250	Rs. 40	290
Mercantile Press	1,500	125	125	Rs. 7½	145
Mofussil Co.	3,125	400	400	Rs. 30	370
New Indian Press	4,000	125	125	Rs. 10	187½
Prince of W. Press	600	500	500	10.	575
Sabapathy Press Co., Ld., (Bellary.)	500	500	500	—	500
Sind Press Co.	400	2,000	750	Rs. 50	600
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 90	1,175xd
Sassoon Press Co.	300	500	500	25	515
Volkart Press Co.	450	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	760

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown&Co. Ld.	1,750	200	150	Rs. 4	145
Badham,Pile &Co.Ld.	3,600	100	100	Rs. 1½	170
Bapty Co., Ld.	2,625	200	165	Rs. 10	206
Barton & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	1.0	R 0	90xd
The Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld.	300	500	100		100
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	500	500	500	..	590
Bombay Saw Mills	600	1,000	1,000	..	415
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1,250	100	100	Rs. 6	108 / 103
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	1,500	300	4,200
Do. New Shares	1,000	500	300	60	830
Bombay Fire Insurance Co.	600	1,000	1,000	25	875
Bombay Municipal Bonds	..	..	..	6 p.ct.	104
Bombay Brick & Tile Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	...	10 n
Bombay Tile Co.	1,000	100	100	..	
Cash Bazaar	1,500	100	100	..	70
Cooper, Madon & Co., Ld.	3,000	100	100	10½	120
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association	5,000	100	10	Re. 1	12
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000	..	5	..	43
Kurrachee IceCo.,Ld.	600	500	300	36	35
Kurrachee Lighterage Company, Ld.	500	500	300	36p. s.	321
Kemp & Co. Ld.	4,000	200	175	Rs. 22½	319
MechanicsBuildingCo	4,000	50	50	1½	23
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company	5,000	200	50	2½	55
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	1½	23
Peage and Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	..	95
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance	250	8,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,450
Soundy & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	Rs. 8	93
Telephone Co., Ld.	19,200	25	25	Re. 1	15
Trencher & Co., Ld.	2,000	500	500	Rs. 90	1,185
Thacker & Co., Ld.	1,500	100	100	Rs. 15	162
Western India Flour Mills	1,000	125	75	12 p.ct.	127

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 3 HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

MR. C. A. GRAVES,
SURGEON DENTIST,
NO. 14, RAMPART-ROW,
OPPOSITE WATSON'S HOTEL.

MR. T. H. STEPHENS,
REGISTERED SURGEON DENTIST,
19, RAMPART ROW,
(Adjoining National Bank,)
Fees moderate. Painless extractions.

VSIITORS to MATHERAN may obtain copies of the *BOMBAY GAZETTE* at Messrs. NANABHOY DADABHOY & Co., General Merchants, Main-road Bazaar.

HISTORY
OF
THE PARSIS:
INCLUDING
THEIR MANNERS, CUSTOMS, RELIGION, AND PRESENT POSITION.
BY
DOSABHAI FRAMJI KARAKA, C.S.I.
With coloured and other illustrations.
IN TWO VOLUMES.
PUBLISHED BY
MACMILLAN & Co., LONDON,
BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE, BOMBAY.
2 Vols., Rs. 16—Postage 9 Annas.
Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Rampart Row.

SIGHT-SAVING GLASSES.
MR. LAZARUS' system is first to examine the eyes and establish the refractive correction, after which the Spectacles can be made according to what is required. This system prevents the painful effects that ignorance might cause, besides trouble and expense, Spectacles and Eye-glasses adapted by him being made not only to prescription, but under his supervision.
Dr. Beaumont, Residency Surgeon, Hyderabad, says :—" Mr. Lazarus has shown me his method of testing the eyes of persons whose vision is defective, and I consider that any one requiring Spectacles may depend on being carefully fitted by him."
Pamphlet, with price list for mofussil residents, free on application.
N. LAZARUS, Oculist-Optician,
(Opposite Watson's Hotel)
Bombay.

SASSOON MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

THE following BOOKS have been added to the Library during the week :—

ROOM A.

A Jaunt in a Junk (A ten days' Cruise in Indian Seas).
Cruise of the "Falcon," vols 2, by E. F. Knight.
Chasing a Fortune, by Phil. Robinson.
Edmund Yates (His Recollections and Experiences) vols 2.
Heth and Moab (Explorations in Syria in 1881 and 1882), by C. R. Conder.
In the Alsatian Mountains, by Katharine Lee.
James and Philip Van Arteveld, by J. Hutton.
Lord Wolseley (of Cairo), by C. R. Low.
Ralph Waldo Emerson, by O. W. Holmes.
Siege of London, by Posteritas.
Through Siberia, by H. Landsell.
Voyage of the Jeannette, vols 2, by Emma De Lony.
Women of the Day, by Frances Hays.

ROOM B.

Alaric Spenceley, by Mrs. J. H. Riddell.
Hanley Castle, by W. S. Symonds.
Healey, by J. Fothergill.
Lady Grizel, by Hon'ble L. Wingfield.
Margaret and Elizabeth, by Katharine Saunders.
New Port, by Geo. P. Lathrop.
Of High Degree, by C. Gibbon.
Only a Black Box or a Passage in the Life of a Curate by G. Phillmore.
Prince Saroni's Wife, by J. Hawthorne.

DEFECTIVE OR FAILING SIGHT.
THE sense of sight is so valuable that the importance of perfect and carefully adjusted spectacles can scarcely be overrated ; although the wearing of single eye-glasses should be strictly avoided, we have the highest medical authority, confirmed by daily experience, that imperfect glasses, together with the haphazard plan of selection generally employed, are frequent causes of irremediable injury to the sight ; and as no present economy can compensate for such a loss, it behoves all to be cautious how they are tempted to use the common pebble or glass spectacles now so generally sold.
For the guidance of those who are using pebble spectacles, it may be stated that when the pebbles are cut *against* the grain, and not polished on the principle which has been universally declared the most appropriate based on scientific research, they are injurious to the sight.
Unadvisable as the unnecessary wearing of spectacles undoubtedly is, the common notion that their use should be postponed to the utmost is proved beyond dispute to be a grave mistake.
Being in possession of all the optical instruments taken over by us from Dr. A. Menist, we are not only in a position to suit the eye sight to perfection, but to supply different accommodations for each eye which so frequently are needed.
Pamphlet with self-suiting directions free on application
C. MARCKS & Co.
43 Rampart-row, Bombay.

DR. J. SAXTY GOOD,
DENTAL SURGEON,
18, RAMPART ROW,
May be consulted daily from 10 till 5.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON,
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 8 A. M. TO 6 P. M.
Extracts teeth under Nitrous Oxide Gas.
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
Next to *Bombay Gazette* Office.

NOW READY.
MACLEAN'S
GUIDE TO BOMBAY
AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
FOR
1885.
PRICE—Rs. 5 CASH.
BY POST Rs. 5-4.
Copies may be had at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE, BOMBAY.

NOTIFICATION OF THE UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

I—WILSON PHILOLOGICAL LECTURES, 1884-85.

THE first of a Series of Seven Lectures on " English Viewed in Connection with Anglo-Saxon and its other Sources" will be delivered in the University Library on SATURDAY, the 21*st February, at* 5-15 *p.m.*

LECTURER—W. E. HART, B. A.

LECTURE I.—The subject defined—Genealogy of English, and its relationship to other languages of Asia and Europe.

The Lectures are open to the Public.

II.—THE WILSON PHILOLOGICAL LECTURESHIP.

The Ninth Series of Lectures falls to be delivered in Bombay in the first, or cold weather, Term of 1885-86.

SUBJECT—" Latin and Greek."

The Series will consist of not fewer than Six Lectures.

The Honorarium is Rupees One Thousand.

Candidates for the Lectureship are invited to send in their applications to the Undersigned on or before the first day of May next.

PETER PETERSON, D. Sc., University Registrar.

Bombay, February 11, 1885.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED].

EUROPE.

DEATH.

PROCTOR-SIMS—January 21, at Belfast, Basil, third son of R. Proctor-Sims, of Bhownagar, aged 15 years.

BOMBAY.

BIRTHS.

D'ESPERANCE—February 11, at Bhuj, the wife of J. D'Esperance, Superintendent, School of Arts, of a daughter.

MACDONALD—February 14, at Byculla, the wife of D. MacDonald, M.D., of a son.

DEATH.

CHARDE—February 8, at Bombay, of dropsy, the wife of Conductor J. Charde, Quarter master-General's Department, Poona, aged 45 years.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BOMFORD—February 8, at Multan, the wife of the Rev. T. Bomford, M.A., Church Missionary Society, of a son.

PARTRIDGE—February 9, at Rampur Hat, the wife of T. Partridge, Esq., of Messrs. Maxwell and Co., Medical Hall, Darjeeling, of a son.

DEATHS.

BAYLEY—February 10, at Trichinopoly, Alice Eileen, the dearly loved child of Major H. E. Bayley, 30th Regiment N. I., aged 13 years.

PARTRIDGE—February 9, at Rampur Hat, William Maxwell Partridge, son of T. Partridge, Esq., of Darjeeling.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1885.

THE announcement which our Rangoon correspondent made on Saturday in relation to the treaty between France and Burmah is of serious importance. He tells us that the treaty cedes to France the Shan States east of the River Salween ; that it grants a concession of the ruby mines at Mogoung to a French syndicate ; that a Burmese ambassador is to be permanently located in Paris ; that the Burmese are to be allowed to import any quantity of arms and ammunition through Tongking ; and that France pledges herself to protect the Burman kingdom against encroachment by any other Power. In addition to this there is the stipulation that four hundred French soldiers shall be allowed to protect the ruby mines at Mogoung—a stipulation of special interest for the reason that it will give the French a footing on the Irrawady, a long way to the west of the Shan territory which the treaty cedes to them. The treaty, therefore, yields to France much more than those territories to the east of the Salween which have been in chronic insurrection since Theebaw ascended the throne. With one foot in Burmah Proper, as she will have when protecting her subjects in the exploitation of the Mogoung ruby mines, she will be in a position to advance to fresh acquisitions the moment that circumstances may invite her to do so. Her antecedents in Tunis will enlighten us as to the possibilities of her policy in this direction. We know what her method of operations in the Regency was, and how unblushingly her Foreign Minister, M. Barthelemy de St. Hilaire, proclaimed her policy of honeycombing a foreign territory with French interests as a convenient preliminary and pretext for annexation or something like it. Her merchants, her land speculators, her mine exploiters, are the *avant couriers* of her soldiers. They established the interest upon which the pretext for annexation or for protection was based, and the army of which they are the advanced guard was not long in following. In the present case, however, France has been a little more precipitate than she was in Tunis. She has done much in acquiring the Shan States ; she has done more in obtaining the right to send forward half a battalion of her troops into the heart of Burmah, just above Bhamo—fixing them there as a wedge which may be driven home at the earliest opportunity. The locality itself suggests how easy it will be for her to find the opportunity—how easy to make much of it when it is found. Had a French garrison been at Mogoung the other day when Bhamo was captured by Kachinese and Chinese marauders, nothing would have been more natural than for France, having taken King Theebaw under her protection and promised to guard him against encroachment, to call her soldiers from the ruby mines, perhaps to double their numbers, and to send them to the help of the royalists in the beleaguered town. This indeed is what we should expect to happen in such circumstances ; what would happen afterwards—what the ultimate issue of this friendly intervention would be—cannot so easily be predicted. It would depend partly upon the ambition of the men in office in Paris, partly upon the impulses of the French commanders in Indo-China, and partly upon the resources at the disposal of France at the time. But we can see clearly enough what the general tendency of events would be in such a contingency.

The programme which Mr. Colquhoun recently attributed to the directors of French policy in Indo-China has not, at this stage, been accurately realised. Mr. Colquhoun's belief was that France would extend her possessions from the Cambodia side—that is, that she would begin by laying hands on some of the tributary States of Siam, and that she would then advance northward, so as ultimately to embrace the Shan States on the east of Upper Burmah and tributary to that country, the Shan States tributary to Siam, and possibly Siam itself. The course that has been followed is somewhat different. The French, even before they have got Tongking in their effective occupation, have extended outwards to the west, embracing the Burmese Shan States within their grasp, and so coming into potential possession of continuous territory stretching from the Gulf of Tongking to the Salween river. As to the countries lying further to the south, France has within the past year converted her protectorate over Cambodia into what is an annexation in everything but in name—a fact significant enough to the authorities at Bangkok, who can remember the time when Cambodia was as much a dependency of Siam as Tongking was of Anam. The French authorities at Saigon are said to make no secret of their designs upon Siam, and the hectoring tone in which some agents recently despatched to Bangkok by the Governor of French Cochin China addressed the Siamese Government showed plainly enough in what spirit the colonial authorities are disposed to treat their neighbours. France, then, is one step—and a very long step—nearer the realization of that dream of a vast Indo-Chinese colonial empire in which some of her politicians have indulged ever since she was forced finally to abandon the thought of empire in India. People at Saigon, it is often said, are a good deal more Chauvinist than those to whom they have to look for support in France. They share with colonists all the world over that liking for a forward policy which has been the immediate cause of colonial extension in our own Empire. But the earth hunger of French colonials is not to be set aside as a mere extravagance when we find that the Government at home are ready to satisfy it as they have done in this case. We have been accustomed of late to regard the difficulties of France in the south-east as an adequate protection against her ambition. Until recently our confidence seemed reasonable enough. But it is now evident that difficulties alone do not deter her from giving rein to her aggrandizing impulses. Absurd as it seems for a Government with such work on its hands as France has in China and in Tongking to add to its responsibilities by adding to its territory, we have to deal with the consequences of her policy, and not with its absurdities. We must at least prepare for the time when even Tongking will be in her peaceful possession—even though it be a *pax Gallica*—and when over Anam and Cambodia and the States newly acquired from the King of Burmah the flag of either a possessing or a protecting Republic will float. France will have much to do and many sacrifices to make before then ; but we must at least prepare for the new condition of things as within measurable probability.

It is for the Government of India and the Government at home to decide what measures this new development of French policy in Indo-China imposes upon us. There is substantial ground for believing that the state of affairs in Burmah itself has been carefully watched by the Viceroy's Government, and that they are not disposed to let matters follow their own course. The cry for an annexation of Upper Burmah which had twice been raised at Rangoon during the past few months has been raised once more. There can be no doubt as to the anxiety with which the situation is regarded at Rangoon, or as to the earnestness with which people cling to the belief that strong measures at Mandalay are imperatively necessary. But Rangoon opinion, deserving though it is of very respectful attention, must be accepted subject to the consideration that it is based almost entirely upon commercial considerations. The trade of Rangoon suffers from the disturbed state of affairs across the frontier, and it is mainly in the light of that fact that those who have recently approached the Government of India on the subject appear to have contemplated the situation. But here is a case in which the nearer view is not the larger view—probably not the truer view. Rangoon interests in the question are too immediate, too narrow perhaps, to have a determining weight in the decisions of the Government of India in dealing with it, and the Government will probably base their conclusion upon a larger body of considerations than that which appears to have sufficed to satisfy people at Rangoon that a forward policy is the only one that is open to us. The case certainly calls for the exercise of the fullest vigilance. We must be as ready as our neighbours, even though we are content to be, for the moment, less acquisitive than they. The French have anticipated events in Burmah by claiming beforehand territory which might easily have fallen into their hands on the almost inevitable downfall of King Theebaw. They have anticipated events in their own way—a precipitate, hazardous, and costly way probably, and one which in the end may prove to have been not the easiest that they might have taken. Have we a better way of preparing against the near and likely contingency of a breaking up of Independent Burmah? The question is one to which a prompt and distinct answer must be given, and there is reason to believe that the Government will not be slow to give it.

THE correspondent who called attention in our columns on Saturday to that " continual source of annoyance," the Rajabai clock, has set out, we fancy, on a forlorn hope in his endeavour to persuade the public that it would be good for them to have a little less of " the melody of the everlasting chimes." If the residents of the Fort endorse his complaining, as he hopes they will, with one voice, it will perhaps be because there is only one voice, in the Fort or elsewhere, which will be raised in confirmation of his denunciation of what to most of us seems a work of public utility and delight. We do not pretend, of course, that those who denounce steeple music are in want of an august precedent. But our correspondent would not like to be reminded who it was that, according to the legend, commissioned a cohort of his imps to do with the bells of Strasburg what he would wish to see done with the chimes in the Rajabai Tower :

> Lower, lower, hover downwards,
> Seize the loud vociferous bells, and
> Clashing, clanging to the pavement
> Hurl them from their windy tower.

The denouncers of bells and chimes may think they are doing good service, but they ought to remember that they are not, as Lord Beaconsfield would have said, " on the side of the angels," for even Lucifer's angels set out with a doubting heart when he sent them to make an end of the aerial music of Strasburg. If there are any to whom the chimes are more of an annoyance than a delight, it is easier to be sorry for them than to devise means for their relief. For if we are to have chimes at all, we cannot well have less of them than we now have. They are first heard at six in the morning—an hour at which all men who wish to live long are up and doing ; they are last heard at nine at night, when they can disturb the slumbers only of infants and of the few unwise men who indulge in the baneful post-prandial nap. In the interval they are heard at noon and at half-past five. Is this too much of so good a thing? The striking between the hours is a grievance of another kind. Our correspondent apparently objects to it not because he does not care for music, but because he does not like to be reminded of the flight of time. But then most of us, whether we like such reminders or not, find them very useful ; and after all, there are so many things that tell us that the years are hurrying on, that if we wanted to do so we could not persuade ourselves, either by spoiling good clocks or by covering their dials, that time is standing still. It is a question of public convenience and public utility which our correspondent has raised, and emphatic though his protest is against both the chimes and the quarter-striking apparatus, we suspect that a protest far more emphatic and far more general would be raised if either were done away with. Let us comfort him, at least, by reminding him that he might have been worse off even than under the shadow of the Rajabai clock-tower. How would he have liked Big Ben of Westminster for a neighbour? Or if these chimes are so wearisome to him how would he have liked to hear the tinklings from the Belfry of Bruges, whose carillon is heard eight times an hour.

WE are glad to hear that Mr. Shyamjee Krishna Varma takes the place of Rao Bahadur Gopalrao Hari Deshmukh as Dewan of Rutlam—a State under the Central India Agency. Mr. Shyamjee lately returned from England, where, under the guidance of Professor Monier Williams, he studied at Balliol College, Oxford, and took his degree of B. A. After graduating there he studied law, and was called to the bar a few months ago. On his return to Bombay he was sworn and enrolled as an advocate of the High Court. Mr. Shyamjee is a gentleman of considerable parts. His legal studies, combined with an intimate knowledge of Sanskrit, will go doubtless far to help him in achieving success in the new office to which he is appointed. We wish Mr. Shyamjee every success.

THE INDIAN CONTINGENT.

THE Government of India has directed the Madras Government to suspend action with regard to the despatch of the 23rd Regiment of Native Infantry to Bombay for Suakim. One hundred and fifty sappers and miners will go instead from Madras. Another of the British India steamers, the Buldana, was chartered on Saturday by the Director of Indian Marine, for the transport of the troops.

Brigadier-General Hudson's staff, it is stated will be composed as follows :—Major R. M. Stewart, R. A., to be Assistant Adjutant-General and Assistant Quartermaster-General ; Major Norman Stewart, from Jubbulpore, to be Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General and Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General ; Major Cook, at present Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, Presidency District, to be Brigade-Major ; Major Pearson, R. A., now Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General of the Meerut Division, to be Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General ; Colonel Luckhardt, Deputy Commissary-General, Bombay, will probably be placed in charge of the Commissariat of the Brigade ; Captain C. W. Muir, Commandant of the Viceroy's Body-Guard, has been appointed A.-D.-C. to General Hudson. Orders have been received by Lieutenant H. F. S. Ramsden, M.C.S., who has been appointed Field Paymaster to the Indian contingent, to leave for Bombay on Saturday next. He will be accompanied by Volunteer H. R. Grinoll (C. V. R.), who has been appointed as his assistant in the Field Pay Office during the campaign. Mr. Grinoll rendered good service in a similar position during the last expedition to Egypt, for which he received the Khedive's Silver Medal and Bronze Star. Colonel A. P. Palmer goes with the 9th Bengal Cavalry, as Colonel Watson vacates on the 24th of April, and will not rejoin the regiment.

NOTES FROM THE BERARS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

AMRAOTI, FEB. 9.

BULDANA has been favoured by Mr. Cordery, the Resident, with a prolonged visit. He visited all the chief places of interest in the vicinity of the district head-quarters, in company with Colonel Hugh Menzies, the Deputy Commissioner. He returned to Hyderabad *via* Ajunta. Had it not been for the ceremony of investiture of His Highness the Nizam his stay in the Province would doubtless have been longer. Wherever he has gone, he has been addressed by the municipalities with the view of making known their wants to him. He has promised many things in the way of improvements, and in almost every instance touched up on the boon the local self-government scheme would confer on the people when introduced. Now that he has returned to head-quarters, everybody is on the look out for the fulfilment of his reiterated promises. There has been a universal crusade against the annual peregrination of the Judicial Commissioner through the Province, and Mr. Cordery was implored, in beseeching terms, to do away with the existing practice, as it retarded justice and increased the cost of litigation. To comply with this request it will be necessary to remodel the constitution of the Judicial Department, and this will entail extra expenditure. Mr. Cordery advised the people to formally represent the matter, when he promised to give it his best consideration and support.

Colonel Bell, the Judicial Commissioner, is still on his annual tour, and is at present at Buldana holding sessions.

Mr. Leslie S. Saunders, Commissioner of Ajmere, has been appointed Commissioner of Berar, in the room of Mr. Henvey, who has been again compelled to proceed home for the benefit of his health. Mr. Henvey, who joined us at the end of 1882, became indisposed a few weeks after, which necessitated his going home immediately on long furlough. And this was not surprising, seeing that Mr. Henvey had to exchange the delightful climate of Kashmere for the rather insalubrious one of Berar. He returned to Amraoti in October last (relieving Mr. Ridsdale, his *locum tenens*, who left us for Fatehpore, and died there three weeks after), and for the second time has become so seriously indisposed as to occasion another furlough. He is suffering from insomnia. A man of sedentary habit, the recent visit of the Resident to the Berars, and the attendance on him by the heads of departments, must have aggravated Mr. Henvey's complaint. The short time he was here he made himself very popular, and there is wide sympathy with him. It is much to be feared he will not return to Berar again, since his constitution cannot stand the climate. Colonel Bell is holding the dual office of Judicial Commissioner and Commissioner, pending the arrival of Mr. Saunders.

The extreme dulness of Amraoti was last week somewhat relieved by a Christmas tree for the children of the station, got up by Mrs. Metcalfe, the minister's wife. She was to have had this amusement for the little ones during Christmas week, but owing to untoward circumstances she was unable to do so. Before the prizes were distributed to the youngsters, they were regaled with tea and other refreshments at Mrs. Metcalfe's house. After tea the adult ladies indulged in the usual pastimes. The Christmas tree itself was held in the Club House, which was decorated for the occasion. The children got some nice little presents with which they seemed well pleased. Altogether they enjoyed a most pleasant evening, and Mrs. Metcalfe, to whose personal exertions the success of the entertainment was mainly due, had the satisfaction of seeing everything pass off most admirably. The company broke up at 7 o'clock.

Major Stainforth, Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General for Musketry, Nagpore Division, has signified his desire to witness some of the Berar Volunteers shoot. He has fixed upon Wednesday for the occasion, and a team has been carefully selected from the crack shots of the company to maintain the reputation of the corps. It is to be captained by Mr. H. S. Nicholetts, whilom champion shot of the North-Western Provinces for several years. The inspection of the corps will also come off some time next month. If practicable, a camp of exercise will be formed at Amraoti for the whole corps, or the two companies will be inspected separately. Colnel Fane Sewell, commanding the troops at Ellichpur, has been deputed to this duty by General Gough, commanding the Hyderabad Contingent. He was the inspecting officer last year also. It is a pity the authorities cannot pitch upon a better time of the year for this annual inspection. For obvious reasons March is a most inconvenient month to the majority of the volunteers, and the heat, too, is against them. It could easily be arranged to have the inspection in January or the early part of February, as is arranged in other corps. The attendance would then be greater than what it now will be. Some shooting matches will also be arranged for the occasion. Advantage should be taken of the opportunity to challenge the Nagpur Volunteers to a return match, as many of them will, no doubt, come down for the matches.

A woman met with an accident the other day at Budneir. She was passing along a path when a stray bullet from a rifle struck her on the ankle and fractured it. She was brought into the Civil Hospital here, and is under the treatment of Dr. Hume, the Civil Surgeon. She is a poor woman with a numerous family of helpless little ones. The police, I believe, are investigating the case with the view of finding out who had shot the woman.

Upon the invitation of Mr. E. C. Rich, the representative of Messrs. Ralli Brothers, a large number of the European and native residents of Amraoti met together on Thursday afternoon last to witness the opening of the cotton factory erected by that enterprising firm near the railway station. This makes the sixth factory in Amraoti with nine cotton presses at work, which speaks well for the commercial prosperity and activity of the great cotton mart of the Province. Messrs. Ralli's new press house and machinery, with the approach leading to the former, were tastefully decorated for the occasion with flags, buntings, and arches. Mrs. Bullock, the wife of Colonel Bullock, Deputy Commissioner, performed the pleasant task of starting the engine, when one bale of cotton was quickly pressed and turned out. After this was over bouquets of flowers were handed to the European guests, and they were treated to champagne and other light refreshments *ad libitum*. For the native guests *pan supari* and *uttar* were freely provided. Mr. Oliver Scott, the engineer of Messrs. Ralli Brothers, has put up the new press in the course of a few months, and has earned the commendation of his liberal employers for the rapidity with which he has done so.

REFORM OF ADMINISTRATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE " BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I think " Inquirer's " interrogatory might have been addressed to the " architectonic minds to whom constructive legislation has been consigned in India." Some of us suffer too much from a scourge euphemistically called the " vices of Departmentalism," or in other words from a fell complaint of knowing too much about our respective businesses, to be able to give a really competent answer to even a simple question. " Pedetentim's " would have been the fit mind to appeal to. He would have grasped the whole subject by intuition, after having taken a wide view, and also, of course, a statesmanlike survey of the sections submitted by " Inquirer." It is to such persons the Legislature invariably appeals, and why does not " Inquirer " follow so wholesome an example and do the same? It is better to suffer from factional vices than from any other kind of vices in the modern world, at any rate of India. You can then prance about over Departmental vices, make your laws reflect a sublime ignorance of accurate essentials, and kiss your hands to a discerning public when you have earned £1,000 per annum after picnicing for twenty-one years in the best procurable climates. But seriously. We have land administrators in the Presidency who would find their magisterial and miscellaneous assortments of duties offered no insuperable difficulty in explaining why the poor ryot should be made to pay (1st) for water in wells, viz., subsoil, (2nd) for water the right of which vests in Government, viz., rivers and streams (3rd) for water in canals, and (4th) for water in the form of rain. " Inquirer " will ascertain from them that there is absolutely nothing in law to prevent all four being charged on the ryot at the same time, and even whether he gets the benefit of them or does not, it is all one! Wide and statesmanlike methods are the only way to deal with these miserable and contemptible details ! " Forester " the other day called the Abkari Department as now conducted an organized hypocrisy ; so too is land administration he'll be sorry to learn, only much more so. The one has, no doubt, begun its destructive course, which is likely enough to land us in Moplah riots on this side of India, the other is just about completing that course, which will offer them a fine field for more " constructive legislation," just as the Agricultural Department is offering them a good field for spending more money by ignoring the proper organization of existing material.

RAMJI BIN ROWJI.

THE COMMON-SENSE VIEW OF DIET.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE " BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In my last letter entitled the " Common-sense view of Diet," etc., etc., a misprint has crept in (owing to my bad penmanship) which I must entreat you to remedy, by kindly publishing a second letter. I am made to say there as follows in speaking of the almost universal meat-eating lowest castes of Hindoos :—" The lowest and best developed classes," etc., when I wrote or meant to write " the lowest and least developed classes of Hindoos eat every sort of meat almost." It is quite certain that the lowest castes, Mangs, Mahars are not better developed than others ; nay, as far as my own observation goes, not so well developed. But this is to be attributed to insufficiency rather than kind of food, to drunkenness and bad hygienic conditions generally.

I take this opportunity to repeat that well-cooked, well-done meat is so physically, and even chemically, changed (new volatile substances, perfumes, as osmazome, etc., being produced) that it is as little " bloody " as vegetables. Underdone, pinkish meat, which the French even have adopted to a certain extent and exaggerated (in their joints only, after our stupid example), is now proved to be less digestible than well-done meat. Moreover, underdone meat is undoubtedly dangerous, as it may still contain the germs of diseases, which thorough cooking destroys. It is also, as Lord Byron said, " beastly," and looks so too. To cook meat thoroughly, however, does not mean to reduce it to oily charcoal or fatty carbon, although that would be nevertheless nutritious also, but to subject it to such a heat as shall kill all germs and change its organised or formed tissues into simple organic substances which are identical with vegetable ditto. In fruit and salad we eat living organised tissues, and not without some slight danger, however charming. But what a cook is nature ! If we carefully tend the graves of our dead she will and does change their dust into flowers ! She will or she can change that tough old goat, my friend John Capet Hircus, Esq., into succulent grass ! It cannot be too often insisted upon that " all flesh is grass." The body of the " dead Hindoo " and others, men and animals, is literally eaten by Brahman, Jain, and Buddhist in flourishing harvests of grain, *i. e.*, in the shape of rice, wheat, jowari, etc., and *per contra* almost all grass is flesh, for the whole animal kingdom almost eats the vegetable one. Good thorough cookery divests the eating of meat of all its dangers and repulsiveness. It imitates the chemistry of Nature. It enables man to add a vast extra supply to the food of starving human beings without outraging their higher nature. For what is there offensive in a thoroughly cooked poulet à la Merengo or a sole Normande, or Galantine de Gibier, or even the roast beef of old England, if done to a turn, not sanglant, as in France, or too often at home, or abroad generally? This extra supply adds variety to diet also, now recognised as a most important and even necessary point. Just a last word apropos of exclusive diets. Lord Byron got very fat on vegetable diet, though he ate olives and bread only and drank spirits in order to get thin ! But it was also his hereditary tendency, perhaps, to get fat. In any case fresh vegetables or fruit are necessary besides grain, or we get scurvy and die whether we eat only meat, or bread, or both.

CHUTNEY PAPER.

HOME FOR DEAF AND DUMB CHILDREN.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE " BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Will you kindly allow me to ask through the medium of your valuable paper, whether there is a Protestant home or Institution for native deaf and dumb girls?—Yours, etc.,

JANE R. BRANDON.

GENERAL GORDON.

From out a past heroic and nobly grand,
  In depths of Continents and orient zone,
  He came, and splendid, like a new star, shone,
The cynosure of eyes of every land.

Loyal, he sped, to Honour's first command.
  No prince of chivalry his knighthood won
  More worthily than now Fame's youngest son
Wrought deeds redressive on an alien strand.

Titanic Hero, hurling back the hordes
  Of frenzied fanatics, befouled and fierce,
  That dared and raged his citadel to climb ;

By strength of Love's and Wonder's unseen chords
  The magic ring he formed which nought could pierce
  Till treason dark ordained his death sublime.

II.

Thy work was done ere came to thee release.
  Why, bootless, do we mourn for one to whom
  No terrors waited in the darkling tomb,
And welcome was the hour when earth's toils cease !

Sleep on, brave warrior, in eternal peace—
  Perchance where now lies deep the shade of gloom,
  In that soaked soil, the flowers of Hope may bloom
And Freedom prosper with the world's increase.

Thy work remains ; thy name is in our hearts,
  Graved and illumined by thy Martyr's death.
  Thy bright example lives before our eyes.

New aims and impulses thy spirit imparts.
  Valour discerns the victor power of faith,
  And high nobility in sacrifice.

14th Feb., 1885.

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE WAR IN THE SOUDAN.

THE NEW EGYPTIAN EXPEDITION.

LONDON, FEB. 14.

Major-General Sir John Macneil has been appointed to the command of the Second Brigade of the new Expedition to Egypt.

FURTHER REINFORCEMENTS.

The 5th Lancers (Royal Irish) have been ordered for service in the Soudan, and will proceed to Suakim direct.

OFFERS OF TROOPS FROM AUSTRALIA.

LONDON, FEB. 15.

New South Wales and Victoria have made offers to the Home Government to furnish troops for service in the Soudan.

THE EGYPTIAN CAISSE.

CAIRO, FEB. 13.

The Egyptian Government has notified to Germany and Russia its assent to those countries being represented on the Caisse of the Public Debt.

ITALY IN THE RED SEA.

ROME, FEB. 14.

A third expedition, consisting of fourteen hundred Italian troops, will leave for the Red Sea on Thursday next.

FALSE ALARM ON THE LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

LONDON, FEB. 14.

A report current yesterday that the Russians had occupied Herat caused quite a panic on the Stock Exchange here. Consols and other securities were considerably affected by the rumour, and consols closed last evening at 99¼. The report was, however, without foundation.

ILLNESS OF THE QUEEN.

LONDON, FEB. 15.

The Queen is indisposed. Her Majesty is suffering from a severe cold.

ADMISSION OF THE PUBLIC INTO THE HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT.

Stringent regulations have been made with regard to the admission of the public into the Houses of Parliament during the forthcoming Session.

PORTUGAL AND THE WEST AFRICAN ASSOCIATION.

LISBON, FEB. 14.

The Portuguese Government has come to an agreement with the West African Association.

THE FRENCH AND CHINESE FLEETS.

SHANGHAI, FEB. 13.

The French fleet left here to-day in search of the Chinese fleet.

POISONING IN MADRAS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, FEB. 14.

A very sad case of poisoning occurred here last night to the Rev. John Smith White, a senior Chaplain, who succeeded the late Rev. Mr. Kenneth a few weeks since as principal of the Madras Theological College. He partook, with his wife, of some pillao for dinner. Last night they were taken seriously ill from, it is presumed, copper-poisoning, and Mr. White died this morning. Mrs. White is still dangerously ill.

MANDALAY MURDERS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, FEB. 15.

The local papers publish a telegram from Mandalay announcing fresh murders in the palace. A youth, the son of the Thongzai Prince, together with all his followers, was killed last week.

The reported re-capture of Bhamo by the Burmese is unconfirmed.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, FEB. 13.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macdonald arrived here this morning.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer India, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this morning.

PORT SAID, FEB. 13.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Henzada, homeward bound from Bombay, Kurrachee, and Malabar Coast, left here this morning.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, FEB. 13.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed dull. Surats quiet.

The London Cotton market has been quiet.

Good Fair Dhollera .... 4⅜d.

The Manchester market has been flat.

4 per cent. Rupee Paper	75¾	} quotations nominal.
4½ „ „	77½	
3 „ Consols for Account	99¼	
3½ „ Sterling Loan	103	
4½ „ French Rentes	109⅞	
Bar Silver	49 3-16	

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

Total week's sales of Cotton	38,000	bales.
„ „ „ Surats	7,000	„
„ Imports of Cotton	106,000	„
„ „ Surats	7,000	„
„ Stock of Cotton	9,000,000	„
„ „ Surats	67,000	„
„ „ Cotton in London	38,000	„

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(FEBRUARY 15.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

Suez, Feb. 15.—Suez-Suakim section interrupted.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

SATURDAY, NIGHT, February 14.

10 p.m. .... 71·4

SUNDAY, February 15.

6 a.m. .... 66·6
10 a.m. .... 74·5
2 p.m. .... 79·2
4 p.m. .... 78·0

COMING EVENTS.

TO-DAY

Yacht Club Regatta.
Distribution of prizes, Byculla Schools.
Yacht Club Dance.

Feb. 17.—Bombay Races.
Regatta.
„ 18.—Town Council.
„ 19.—Bombay Races.
„ 21.—Bombay Races.
Ladies' Tiffin, Byculla Club.
General Meeting of Members of the Ladies' Gymkhana, 6-45 p.m.
Wilson Philological Lecture, University Hall, 5-15 p.m.
„ 25.—Byculla Club Ball.
„ 27.—Gymkhana Sports.
„ 28.—Gymkhana Sports.
Half-yearly general meeting Byculla Club, 6 p.m.
March 2.—Yacht Club Dance.
Nariad Agricultural Show.
„ 3.—Annual Sky Races, Gymkhana.
„ 4.—Dinner to Sir James Fergusson, Western India Club, Poona.
„ 5.—Naval and Military Sports, Bombay.
„ 6.—B. V. R. C. Cinderella Dance.
„ 7.—Annual Sky Races, Gymkhana.
„ 26.—Farewell dinner to H. E. Sir James Fergusson at Byculla Club.
„ 27.—Departure of H. E. the Governor for England.
April 3.—Departure of T. R. H. the Duke and Duchess of Connaught for England.
„ 6.—B. V. R. C. Cinderella Dance.

SIR JAMES FERGUSSON, who, with Miss Fergusson, proceeded on the 2nd inst. to Calcutta, and stayed there as the guest of the Viceroy, returned to Bombay on Saturday morning last. His Excellency came by the G. I. P. Railway train, and alighting at the Boree-bunder station, proceeded to the Secretariat, where he passed the greater part of the day in attending to public business. His Excellency presided in the afternoon at the distribution of prizes at the Scottish Orphanage, Mahim. In the course of his address His Excellency made the gratifying announcement that the Government had resolved to accede to the application of the committee for a contribution to the endowment fund in the terms of Lord Canning's minute, and to supplement the fund for the next five years by an annual grant of Rs. 5,000. Sir James Fergusson laughingly said this seemed like drawing a bill on his successor, but the simple fact was that the public revenues had turned out rather better than had been expected, and there were fortunately some funds to divide among deserving institutions, among which the Scottish Orphanage took its place. For the Orphanage itself there was nothing but congratulation and hope.

THE examination for the office of subordinate judges and High Court pleaders commences in the Town Hall on the 9th prox. There are 194 candidates. The examiners this year are Sir William Wedderburn, acting judge of the High Court; Mr. Fulton, acting Session Judge, Poona; Messrs. Fox and Anderson, barristers-at-law; Mr. K. C. Bedarkar, acting Registrar, High Court, Appellate side; and Mr. Narayen Ganesh Chandawarkar, pleader.

AFTER the reading of the evidence taken on commission in the Sir Munguldas Nathoobhoy case had been concluded, Mr. Vizbhookhandas Atmaram, a merchant and a Justice of the Peace, was called on behalf of the defendant to depose to the custom among the Gujerati Banyas in regard to the partition of ancestral property. He said that, according to the custom, a son could not enforce such a partition in his father's lifetime, adding that, to his knowledge, the custom had never before been so much as disputed.

THE *Englishman* says there is no truth in a report which appears to have been circulated in Calcutta that Admiral Hewett has instructions to proceed to Mandalay. H. M. S. Dragon goes shortly to Rangoon, and will be stationed in the Bay of Bengal for a few months; but the Euryalus leaves to-day for Madras and Bombay, unless fresh orders are received from the Admiralty.

THE late General Earle was at one time well known in India, having been Military Secretary when Lord Northbrook was Viceroy. The *Pioneer* says:—"There are those who were disposed to doubt General Earle's fitness for high command, but the leader who falls when gallantly leading his troops against the enemy silences all detraction."

COLONEL A. P. PALMER, Assistant Adjutant-General of the Allahabad Division, will rejoin his regiment, the 9th Bengal Cavalry, and take command of it on the expedition to the Soudan.

THE discussion on the Tenancy Bill in the Legislative Council is expected to begin on the 27th instant, and will probably last over two or three weeks, as various amendments are to be proposed.

MAJOR SIR GEORGE LARPENT, of the Connaught Rangers, is to be Aide-de-Camp on the staff of the Lieutenant-Governor, in the place of Captain Rose, as Major Spottiswoode is not coming out to take up the appointment.

AN up-country paper mentions the probability that the Amir of Kabul may visit India in the spring to meet the Viceroy. "Much of course depends on the general state of affairs in Afghanistan, and the complexion which the Boundary Commission wears a week hence."

GENERAL SIR FREDERICK HAINES writes as follows to the *Times* under date the 17th ultimo:—"It is stated in the letter of your correspondent with the Afghan Boundary Commission, published in the *Times* of yesterday, with reference to Lord Ripon's action in the matter of Sir Frederick Roberts's march from Cabul to Candahar:—'It was he who ordered it to be made in the teeth of the highest military opinions and of the advice of his own Council.' The march was cordially approved of by Lord Ripon when it was suggested by another. The plan met with no opposition whatever from the Council, being as cordially accepted by them as by Lord Ripon. Had Lord Ripon been in London I should have left him to deal with this inaccuracy emanating from a member or an *attaché* of the Afghan Mission."

NEWS has been received of the arrival at Khoja Saleh on the Oxus of a party detached from the Boundary Commission.

THE construction of the telegraph line from Tavoy to Siam, a work temporarily interrupted, is now proceeding satisfactorily under the charge of Mr. C. E. Pitman. On the 20th of last month Mr. Pitman's main camp was about 60 miles from Tavoy; and there remained some 40 miles of wire to be laid. The task of constructing this line has been extremely laborious, and great credit is due to Mr. Pitman for the successful manner in which he has carried on the work. The natural obstacles which have been overcome have been of a troublesome kind, and the difficulties of the task have been enhanced by the feverish nature of the country through which the route runs. The present party of constructors have, however, enjoyed better health than their predecessors.

THE *Pioneer* learns on good authority that the part which will fall to the share of the Indian troops in the forthcoming operations from Suakim, will be, as far as is practicable, a subordinate one, and that the idea of the home authorities is, that the infantry should be chiefly employed to garrison the town, while the cavalry would protect the metre-gauge line that is to be constructed to Berber. From the information it has received from Calcutta and London, the Allahabad paper assumes that the intention is to keep General Hudson's force, if possible, in the background, and if it must be used, to use it unobtrusively. "But the best intentions," it adds, "are apt to be modified by circumstances in the stress of a campaign; and it is more than probable that when the difficulties and hardships of a mid-summer expedition in Africa come to be practically felt, the special fitness of the Indian troops for the work in hand will give them a more prominent part than political considerations at present have marked out for them. The cavalry in any case have a sufficiently arduous and important duty before them, and as the line of communications grows with the advance, it seems inevitable that they will require reinforcement. It is obvious that no single regiment can guard a route of 260 miles, and it may be expected that we shall soon hear of another native cavalry regiment being added to the force."

IT is stated as a significant fact, fully confirming the reports which have cropped up from time to time, that the Mahdi has no lack of skilled and even European assistants, that for the first time in the annals of our warfare with savage tribes the enemy put into the field a body of picked riflemen. These men, who seem to have caused considerable annoyance to our troops, were, a correspondent suggests, probably trained by the ex-Austrian soldier who served in Hicks Pasha's army, and acted as servant to Baron Seckendorff. Other two Europeans were reported, so far back as last summer, to be in the Mahdi's camp, and in high favour and command. In addition to these men the Prophet has in his army a considerable number of Egyptian officers, including at least one of Arabi Pasha's famous colonels, who commanded the Nubian regiment quartered at Damietta in 1882, and who refused for some time to surrender to the British force, even after the battle of Tel-el-Kebir.

THE Secretary of State has formally sanctioned the proposed alterations and additions to the Viceregal residence at Simla. The work will cost between four and five lakhs. Building materials will be at once collected, and next September Lord Dufferin will have to vacate Peterhoff and take up quarters elsewhere in Simla. The older portion of the house, which now requires extensive repairs, will be demolished, leaving only that part built by Lord Lytton. A handsome three-storey building in brick and wood, giving ample accommodation, will be erected on the site available. The new house is expected to be ready to receive the Viceroy by the beginning of the hot weather of 1886.

ACCORDING to a Calcutta paper, opinion in British Burma regarding the settlement of affairs in the independent section of that country inclines to the view that the best method practically, if not ideally, would be the establishment of the Meingoon Prince upon the throne of King Theebaw. As regards the choice between him and the other pretender, known as the Nyoung Yan Prince, there appears, according to local opinion, to be no comparison between them. The objections to the Nyoung Yan Prince are based on the alleged facts that he is extremely unpopular both among his own countrymen and the people of the Shan States tributary to Independent Burma, while his rival enjoys considerable personal popularity in both quarters.

ACCORDING to the China papers Mr. A. R. Colquhoun, the *Times* correspondent, has gone to Corea.

THE laconic terms in which Mr. Cleveland has resigned his governorship suggests comparison with the brevity affected by Wellington, Napier, and other distinguished men in their despatches. The message, which is addressed to "The Legislature," and bears across the heading "Executive Chamber, Albany," merely says, "I hereby resign the office of Governor of the State of New York." A critic, however, points out that the "hereby" is redundant, and that the words "of the State of New York" might likewise have been omitted, as no official authorized to address a message from the "Executive Chamber, Albany," to the "Legislature" could resign the office of Governor of any State but New York. The message might therefore have stood, "I resign the office of Governor;" which would be nearly as curt as Sir Charles Napier's "Peccavi" (I have Sind), or Cæsar's "Veni, vidi, vici." It is true that another American critic found fault with Cæsar's famous announcement long since, for, as he pointed out, a general could not conquer unless he saw, and he could not see unless he came. "Vici," the critic thought, would have been quite enough; and he concluded that Cæsar had doubtless considerable time on his hands when he wrote that despatch, and that his style became diffuse in consequence.

MILITARY NEWS.

MR. HUGH WILLIAM MORRIS has been appointed Lieutenant of the Cachar and Sylhet Mounted Rifles, *vice* J. O. Bowhill, resigned; and Mr. John Stevenson Reid has been appointed Assistant Surgeon of the same corps.

HIS EXCELLENCY LORD DUFFERIN inspects the Calcutta Volunteer Rifles, of which he is Honorary Colonel, on the 7th March, on which date Lady Dufferin will present the prizes won at the late regimental prize meeting.

LIEUTENANT H. F. RAMSDEN, Military Account Department, embarks for Egypt on Saturday.

UNDER instructions from Her Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to notify that in future an officer of the Indian Medical Service, when holding no specific appointment, will be allowed the rates of pay drawn by officers of the Army Medical Department. When holding any appointment, permanent or acting, he will draw either the consolidated pay fixed for that appointment, or unemployed pay (to be designated in future "grade pay") with full or half staff salary or charge allowance, under existing rules, provided the total be not less than the grade pay laid down in Article 301 of Army Regulations, India, Vol. 1, Part 1.

MAJOR S. W. TYNDALL, 1st Durham Light Infantry, Inspector of Gymnasia in India, arrived at Calcutta on the 10th instant from inspection duty in Burmah.

THE Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India has allowed Deputy Surgeon-General Colvin Smith, M.D., C.B., to retire from the service, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

BREVET-COLONEL C. A. MCMAHON, Madras Staff Corps, has been admitted to Colonel's allowances and permitted to reside in Europe.

CAPTAIN F. F. JOHNSON, 2nd Battalion Bedfordshire Regiment, has been detailed for duty at the depôt.

MAJOR F. G. TEALE, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles, is about to proceed to England on six months' leave.

SURGEON-MAJOR J. N. DAVIS, M.D., Medical Staff, is retiring from the service.

THE VOLUNTEER PARADE.

THERE was a very fair attendance at the Commandant's parade on Saturday, considering the counter-attraction offered by the Annual Yacht Club Regatta, the opening events of which came off on the same afternoon. Each volunteer was served with thirty rounds of blank ammunition, as on the previous Saturday. The fall in took place at the Town Hall, where seven companies were formed and marched to the parade ground, headed by the band playing. Arrived at the ground, the order front form company was given, and after marching for a little distance the force right wheeled into line. The manual exercise was done under Major Fraser Hore, and the bayonet exercise under Major Wyer. Both of these were creditably performed. Several volleys were fired, first two rounds by companies from the right, then two by half battalions, and lastly the whole battalion fired two volleys. These, with perhaps one or two exceptions, were fired remarkably well, and would have created much havoc among the enemy. The marching past in echelon was very good, as were also the various other movements, specially the formation of the square and preparing for cavalry. The other movements gone through were similar to those of the previous week. Some skirmishing was practiced, and a very brisk fire was kept up all the time; having fixed bayonets a brilliant charge was delivered. When companies were formed again, Colonel Bayley told the volunteers that he had not as yet heard from the authorities with respect to the proposed field day to be held at Bandora by the military in conjunction with the volunteers, and said that as soon as he obtained the particulars he would communicate them to the officers commanding the different companies. Colonel Bayley said he had received a letter of invitation from the directors of the Bombay Educational Society, requesting the officers and men of the corps to attend at the Byculla Schools on the occasion of the distribution of prizes to the children by H. E. the Governor. He hoped, and he had no doubt, that everybody who could attend would take the opportunity of doing so. He was pleased with the attendance on parade, and also with the manœuvres; and expressed a hope that as the inspection is not far distant the volunteers would continue to turn out in force every Saturday. After this the parade was dismissed by the Adjutant (Captain Atkinson). The officers present, besides Lt. Colonel the Hon. L. H. Bayley and the Adjutant, were Majors Hore and Wyer, Captains Roughton, Brown, and Baird, and Lieutenants Place and Lund. The following was the field state:—

	F. O.	Capts.	Lts.	Sergts.	Bglrs.	R. & F.	Total.
A Co.	0	1	0	2	0	9	12
B „	0	1	0	2	0	13	16
C „	0	0	1	3	1	18	23
D „	0	0	0	4	0	25	29
E „	0	1	0	2	0	42	45
F „	0	1	0	2	0	16	19
J } Cadets.	0	0	0	5	0	36	41
K }	0	0	0	4	0	40	44
Staff & Band	3	0	0	4	0	26	33
Army Staff.	0	1	0	2	0	4	7
Total...	3	5	1	30	1	229	269

The following are the scores made by E Company in the competition for the Wyer Company Challenge Cup, on Saturday, 7 shots at each distance:—

Names.	300	500	Total.
Sergt. H. W. Prescott	24	20	44
Vol. L. Crowlep	16	25	41
Serjt. D. J. Sharp	17	19	36
Vol. G. Knowles	21	14	35
Lieut. G. Lund	12	22	34

TELEGRAPH WEATHER REPORT.

CALCUTTA, Feb 13.—The barometric changes of the past twenty-four hours comprise a rise over the Peninsula, Bengal, Assam, the greater part of Burmah, and the Central Provinces and hill stations in the North Himalayas, and a fall over the N. W. P., Punjab, Rajputana, Sind, and Central India. The conditions are becoming unsettled again in the extreme North-west, but the readings remain highest over northern India, and lowest over Mysore. North-west winds have appeared at Peshawur, and south-west winds at Murree; but with these exceptions the circulation is unaltered. Overcast weather is appearing in the Punjab, and a snowstorm is prevailing in Beluchistan; while in Orissa there is much cloud and has been some rain. But elsewhere the weather is very fine. Humidity has fallen fast over Bengal, and is abnormally low. The temperature is generally considerably below the February average.

FEB. 14.—The barometer has risen a little in the north of the Punjab and at a few stations in the Punjab, but has fallen elsewhere. A slight local depression seems to be forming near Ludhiana, but otherwise the distribution is unaltered, the readings being highest in the Punjab and lowest in Mysore. The wind has shifted to the eastward over Bengal, so that two main currents of winds are reported, a north-westerly blowing over Upper India and an easterly blowing over Assam, Bengal, Orissa, the Central Provinces, and a large part of the peninsula. The weather is less cloudy in the Punjab, and more cloudy in Bengal than it was yesterday, but is little changed elsewhere. A few drops of rain have fallen at Rawulpindee, Nagpore, and Jubbulpore, and a heavier shower at Gopalpore, while there has been snow at Simla. The temperature changes are irregular.

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL.—The facility with which this Oil is digested is one of its peculiar characteristics. Dr. Edgar Sheppard, Professor of Psychological Medicine, King's College, writes:—"Dr Sheppard has made extensive use of Dr. de Jongh's Light Brown Cod Liver Oil, and has great pleasure in testifying to its superiority over every other preparation to be met with in this country. It has the rare excellence of being well borne and assimilated by stomachs which reject the ordinary Oils." Sold only in capsuled imperial half-pints, pints, and quarts, by all chemists, druggists, and storekeepers. Sole consignees, Ansar, Harford and Co., 210, High Holborn, London.

BOMBAY REGATTA.

THE regatta arranged by the Royal Bombay Yacht Club took place on Saturday. The races were all sailing matches, and the course for each match was from stations off the Yacht Club House, Apollo-bunder, to a mark boat moored south of Gull Island, thence round a mark boat moored south of the new occulting light and back to the flagship, leaving both mark boats on the starboard hand, altogether a distance of twelve miles. At the commencement of the Regatta meeting the attendance appeared to be very small, consisting chiefly of those gentlemen who were directly interested in the contests, but later on in the evening there was a large gathering of ladies and gentlemen, both at the Yacht Club premises and at the Apollo Pier. The Sailing Committee were Captain H. Morland, Captain John Hext, and Colonel Merriman, the last-mentioned gentleman being appointed as the starter of the several races for the season.

Yachts coming under Club Rule 34, any rig. Time allowance (for tonnage. English rig to count 4-5th tonnage. Entrance Rs. 10. Prize, a cup value 10 gold-mohurs and entrance money.

Yacht's name.	Rig.	Entered by
Rani	S. Gunter	G. F. M. Grant, Esq.
Faerie	Lateen	Captain H. Morland.

A capital start was effected at three minutes past two, the yachts going away in close companionship. Soon afterwards the Faerie, which was skilfully handled, began to forge ahead, and kept the lead during the remainder of the race.

	Passed 1st Mark Boat h. m. s.	Finish. h. m. s.
1 Rani	3 5 5	5 37 4
2 Faerie	2 58 54	5 20 59

Club Yachts, any rig. Time allowance for tonnage. English rig to count 4-5th tonnage. Entrance 1 gold-mohur. Prize, entrance money and a cup value 20 gold-mohurs.

Water Queen	Lateen	F. A. Little, Esq.
Albatross	Schooner	J. Macfarlane, Esq.
Cinderella	Lateen	F. J. Mitchell, Esq.
La Mascotte	Do.	J. Westall, Esq.
Pauline	Do.	F. D. Parker, Esq.
Roostum	Do.	Rienzi Walton, Esq.
Ianthe	Do.	L. Rivett-Carnac, Esq.

This was the contest of the day; and on the preparatory gun being fired they speedily got into splendid position; and on the starting signal at 2-19-12 they slipped their bridles simultaneously and in an incredible short time they were crowding all sail on. The Albatross gaily scudded along in front of the bows of the Canning; and the remainder passed in a group astern of that vessel. A good race ensued.

1	Water Queen	3 9 10	4 45 25
2	Albatross		6 2 55
3	Cinderella	3 14 15	4 55 24
4	La Mascotte		5 38 28
5	Pauline		5 24 31
6	Roostum		5 35 37
7	Ianthe	3 18 45½	5 4 22½

For Club Yachts under 6 tons. No time allowance. Entrance Rs. 10. Prize, entrance money and a cup value 10 gold-mohurs.

Princess .... F. A. Little, Esq.
Sylph .... J. Westall, Esq.
Maud .... R. G. Walton, Esq.

Some delay was caused in dismissing these boats on account of the Maud breaking away on several occasions from her position. At 2-36-30, however, they got under weigh in splendid order.

1	Princess	6 23 41½
2	Sylph	6 34 30
3	Maud	6 17 44½

Bona fide ships' boats of any rig or size. No time allowance. Entrance Rs. 5. 1st prize Rs. 60; 2nd prize, Rs. 30. 3rd boat saves stakes.

H M's Osprey's cutter	De Hersey	Lieut Petley.
S. S. Assam's cutter	Cutter	Capt Cole.
S. S. Cathay's gunboat	Yawl	Capt Landen.
S. S. Zambesi's life-boat	Sprit	Capt Bason.
Magdala's cutter	Dipping log	Capt Gwyn.

Some difficulty was experienced in getting the Magdala cutter to "the post," and a further delay was caused by the Osprey's cutter dragging her moorings. Eventually the order to go was given at 2-49-50, and the start was a very fair one. After a good race H. M. S. Osprey's cutter came in the winner with the Magdalla's cutter a creditable second.

Licensed Kurrachee boats. No time allowance Entance free. 1st prize, Rs. 30; 2nd prize, Rs. 15.

Boats belonging to Suleman Ismail, Josab Sayn, Abdoola, Tundel Ismail, Ahmed Sah, Yoosub Visoo, entered, and they moved off from their bridles in splendid order. Unfortunately directly they had done so a pattemar came across their course, and caused some confusion, and Ismail Suleman's boat lost the halliyard of her mizzen lateen. After a good race Tundel Ismail passed the winning post first, and Abdoola obtained second honours.

Bunder Boats. Entrance free. 1st prize, Rs. 30 2nd prize, Rs. 15.

Khunjiri .... Mahomedally.
Sultani .... Mahomed Esmal.
Raj .... Mahomed Ebrahim.
Dustagiri .... Goolam Husen.
Salamati .... Abdool Cadur.
Jini .... Mahomedally.

All started. This was a capital contest, the first and second honours falling to Dastigiri and Sultani respectively.

Licensed jollyboats. Entrance free. 1st prize, Rs. 30; 2nd prize, Rs. 15.

Dustagiri .... Abdool Cadur.
Hindoostan .... Abdool Remon.
Goolburg .... Hoosein Goolam.
Luxmi .... Shaik Mahomed.
Gunga .... Burjorjee Ruttonjee.
Salamati .... Shaik Abdoola.

A very exciting start was made and the men handled their boats well throughout the contest. Dustagiri came in first with Luxmi a good second.

Licensed Kurrachee boats. No time allowance. Entrance free. 1st prize Rs. 30, 2nd prize Rs. 15. Started at 2-50 p.m.

Tundel Ismail	1
Abdoola	2
Suliman Ismail	0
Joosub Sayn	0
Ahmed Sah	0
Yoosub Visoo	0

Bunder boats. Entrance free. 1st prize, Rs. 30; 2nd prize, Rs. 15. Started at 3 p.m.

Dustigiri	Goolam Husein	1
Sultani	Mehomed Esmal	2
Khunjiri	Mehomedally	0
Raj	Mahomed Ebrahim	0
Salamati	Abdool Cadur	0
Jini	Mahomedally	0

Licensed jollyboats. Entrance free. 1st prize, Rs. 30; 2nd prize, Rs. 15. Started at 3-15 p.m.

Goolburg	Hoosein Goolam	1
Dustigiri	Abdool Cadur	2
Hindoostan	Abdool Remon	0
Luxmi	Shaik Mahomed	0
Gunga	Burjorjee Ruttonjee	0
Salamati	Shaikh Abdoola	0

Second Day, Monday, February 16.

SAILING MATCHES.

1ST RACE.—For all yachts, any rig, which may have competed in the 1st or 2nd sailing races in February 1884. Handicap allowance at the finish. Entrance one gold-mohur. Prize, cup, value 15 gold-mohurs. To start at 2-30 p.m.

Station No.	Yacht's name.	Rig.	Entered by.	Flag.
1	La Mascotte	Lateen	J. Westall, Esq.	Cross and Crescent.
2	Ianthe	Do.	L. Rivett Carnac, Esq.	Blue Burgee pierced with crest & dagger
3	Water Queen.	Do.	F. A. Little, Esq.	Blue Burgee pierced name.
4	Albatross	Schooner.	J. Macfarlane, Esq.	White flag pierced bird.
5	Cinderella	Lateen	F. J. Mitchell, Esq.	Diagonal stripe
6	Faerie	Do.	Capt. Morland	White blue border pierced crest.
7	Roostum	Do.	Rienzi Walton, Esq.	Red, pierced lion's head
8	Ranee	S. Gunter.	G. F. M. Grant, Esq.	Red Burgee pierced name
9	Pauline	Lateen	F. D. Parker, Esq.	Red with white stripe.

HANDICAP.

	Cinderella. M.	Ianthe. M.	Pauline. M.	Roostum. M.	Faerie. M.	La Mascotte. M.	Ranee. M.	Albatross. M.
3 Water Queen allows.	7	11	24	29	29	30	38	42
5 Cinderella	...	4	17	22	22	23	31	35
2 Ianthe	...	...	13	18	18	19	27	31
9 Pauline	...	...	...	5	5	6	14	18
7 Roostum	...	...	...	...	...	1	9	13
6 Faerie	...	...	...	...	...	1	9	13
1 La Mascotte	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	12
8 Ranee	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4

ROWING MATCHES.

2ND RACE.—For 5 or 6 oared gigs. Entrance Rs. 5. 1st prize Rs. 50; 2nd prize Rs. 25. Third boat to start or no race. To start at 4-30 p.m.

1 H M S Osprey	5-oared		Red and Yellow Diogonal.
2 J Hill	6	„	
3 H M S Osprey.	5	„	Red and Yellow Diogonal.
4 La Mascotte	5	„	Red and White.
5 S S Zambesi	5	„	Red.

THE SCOTTISH ORPHANAGE PRIZE DISTRIBUTION.

H. E. SIR JAMES FERGUSSON presided at the annual distribution of prizes to the pupils of the Scottish Orphanage at Mahim, on Saturday afternoon. At 3-30 p.m., an hour previous to the actual business of the day, a meeting of the committee, under the presidency of Mr. James Thorburn, was held for the purpose of receiving and adopting the report for the past year. The report, which appeared in our issue of Friday last, was read by Mr. Thomas Lang, the honorary secretary.

The chairman briefly commented on the chief features of the report. He said it would be observed that the number of children in the Orphanage was rather smaller than in the previous year, which was partly owing to some of them not having returned after the Christmas holidays. The number of pupils on the 31th December last was sixty-four in all. After the monsoon, owing to the prevalence of fever, the children were taken to Matheran and returned from there much improved in health. The fever was probably due to the late rains, as was the opinion of many medical gentlemen. Dr. Sydney Smith and another friend had continued to give their professional services to the Orphanage, gratuitously; and they could not be too much obliged to these gentlemen for their kind assistance. The accounts were rather more favourable than in the previous year; and the endowment fund had been added to the same extent. In the report a hint was thrown out, suggesting that an "apprentice fund" should be started for the benefit of the lads leaving school. The chairman hoped that such a fund would be initiated and that it would meet with support. The committee regretted to record the death of Mr. Cursetjee Nusserwanjee Cama, a gentleman who had materially assisted the Orphanage in acquiring their present property, when a difficulty rose about it.

On the motion of Mr. J. Hutton, seconded by Mr. D. S. Kemp, the report of the committee was adopted.

Mr. Anthony Morrison proposed, and Mr. Edward Miller seconded, "that the best thanks of the society are hereby given to the committee of 1884, and the office-bearers for their management of the institution, and to their mofussil colleagues and other friends for their successful efforts in increasing the funds of the Orphanage." The resolution was carried.

Mr. Thorburn proposed, Mr. G. Manson seconded, and it was resolved, "That the following ladies and gentlemen form the committee of management of the Bombay Scottish Orphanage during 1885:—

Chairman.—The Hon. F Forbes Adam, Member of the Legislative Council, Chairman Chamber of Commerce, &c.

Deputy Chairman.—Mr. Edward Miller, Messrs. Charles Macdonald & Co.

Members.—Dr. James Arnott, Professor Grant, Medical College; Mr. Allan Arthur, Messrs. Finlay Muir and Co.; the Hon. Mr. Justice Birdwood; Mr. Patrick Chrystal, Messrs P. Chrystal and Co.; Mr. Henry Conder, General Traffic Manager, G. I. P. Railway; Mr. James Douglas, Exchange Broker; Mr. John Fleming, C. S. I., Messrs. John Fleming and Co.; the Rev. John Forgan, Minister, Free Church of Scotland; Mr. D. E. Gostling, Architect; the Rev. A. C. Grieve, Free Church Mission; Mr. James Hutton, Manager, Agra Bank; Mr. D. S. Kemp, Messrs. Kemp and Co.; Surgeon-Major G. A. Maconachie, M. D.; Mr. W. M. Macaulay, Messrs. Ewart Latham and Co.; Mr John Macfarlane, solicitor; Dr. D. MacDonald, Professor of Biology, Elphinstone College; Mr. R McEwen, Bombay Municipality; Mr. A. McKenzie, Bombay Timber Works, Byculla; Mr. A. McLaggan, Messrs. C.H.B. Forbes and Co.; Mr. George Manson, Secretary, Bombay Port Trust; Mr. Magnus Mowat, Messrs. Ritchie, Stuart and Co.; Mr. Thomas Matheson, Accountant, National Bank of India; Mr. Anthony Morrison, Exchange Broker; Mr. P. Pearson, Secy., Anglo-Indian Spinning and Manufacturing Co., Ld.; Mr. F.A. Spencer, Political Department, Secretariat; Dr. Sidney Smith; Mr. James Thorburn, Messrs. Sir Charles Forbes and Co.; Col. H. R. M. Van Heythuysen, Comy.-General, Bombay; Mr. M. R. Wyer, Messrs. Wallace & Co; the Rev. A. B. Watson, Offg. Senior Chaplain, St. Andrew's Church; Dr. T. S. Weir, Health Officer, Bombay Municipality.

Ladies' Committee.—Mrs. Bapty, Mrs. Gostling, Mrs. Forgan, Mrs. Kemp, Mrs. MacDonald, Mrs. Macfarlane, Mrs. Maconachie, Mrs. Manson, Mrs. Pearson, Mrs. Spencer, Mrs. Thorburn, Mrs. Watson.

Superintendent at the Orphanage, Mahim.—Mr. John Anderson.

Lady Superintendent.—Mrs. Anderson.

Honorary Treasurer.—Mr. A. McLaggan, Messrs. C. H. B. Forbes and Co.

Auditor.—Mr. T. Matheson, National Bank of India.

Honoray Secretary.—Mr. Thomas Lang, Standard Life Office, 38, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

A vote of thanks, proposed by Mr. F. A. Spencer, seconded by the Rev. A. B. Watson, was then passed to the chairman.

The valuable services rendered by Messrs. T. Lang, T. Matheson and A. McLaggan were also referred to by Mr. Manson.

At 4-30 p. m. H. E. Sir James Fergusson, accompanied by Captain Boyle, A.-D.-C., arrived at the Orphanage and was received by the Committee of Management. There were present:—The Hon. F. Forbes Adam, the Rev. A. B. Watson, the Rev. J. Forgan, and Messrs. John Fleming, W. M. Macaulay, J. Thorburn, H. Conder, E. Miller, Dr. Collie, Messrs. D. S. Kemp, J. Hutton, G. Manson, P. Chrystal, P. Pearson, J. McDonald, Laidlaw, A. Morrison, W. F. Melvin, Dunlop, F. A. Spencer, A. Mckenzie, A. McLaggan, Kirby, Watson, Gillivray, Brown, etc.

This ceremony was preceded by an entertainment by the children of the institution, who sang several Scotch songs in very pleasing style, and concluded with the part song "Ye, Shepherds, tell me." Then followed the giving of the prizes and the Governor's address.

Sir James Fergusson said.—Ladies and gentlemen,—It is always expected that I should say a few words after performing this pleasant duty of giving the prizes, and as it is the last time, I am sorry to say, that I shall have the pleasure of seeing you, it is necessary at all events I should wish you good-bye. Before doing so I must congratulate the friends of the institution on the pleasant features that present themselves at this annual meeting. It is true that the numbers are slightly reduced from last year by the changes that necessarily take place. I do not know that that is a matter entirely for regret, because it used to strike me that perhaps the bedrooms were just a little crowded. But I have no doubt there are others who will soon join and take the places of those who have left. It is natural for the headmaster to regret the leaving of the senior pupils, which makes sad blanks at the top of the school; but that, again, is the way of all schools; and I am sure his regret in parting with them must be mixed with pleasure and hope for their future, which certainly will be greatly benefited by their education in this school. I have not had the pleasure of seeing the report of the examination of the school. I can only speak from what I see, and I must say that the appearance of the pupils gives me pleasure. I think I can myself see the benefit they have received from their little trip to the country; and there is a general happy look about the school. I am very well pleased, ladies and gentlemen, with the singing. I am sure we must all have seen, as I did, a marked improvement in the singing, and indeed I question whether you could ever hear better in a school than we have heard just now. (Applause.) It always gives me great pleasure to listen to good singing, and I can only say that, from the beginning when that grand old psalm was sung to the beautiful old English glee at the end, I do not know that I ever heard better. I think it reflects great credit on the headmaster, and perhaps on the good friends at his back. Now, the school is one that has always been warmly supported, and the ladies and gentlemen who take an interest in it are some of the leading citizens of Bombay. I have no doubt they are determined not only that it shall never fall back, but that it shall continue to advance. I can only say that they are vigorous in their attacks upon Government (laughter), and I have observed that whenever people want anything out of Government they have always got some old minute by some past Governor-General as a text upon which to hang their demands—they will always find a minute to fit them. I have no doubt that these minutes justly entitle this and other institutions to a larger share of the public money. The worst of it is that those who hold the purse-strings are not able to stretch the purse, and they cannot often find money to fulfil the just expectations that may be founded on the minutes of past Governors-General. Therefore we, from no stinginess and certainly from no unfriendliness to the Scottish Orphanage, have been obliged to turn a deaf ear to the active solicitations of its friends until the present year. But your committee have prepared for me a pleasant duty on this occasion; for whether it was done from want of information or from their courtesy to myself, they have lamented in their report the want of that which in fact Government have supplied. They have expressed their regret that Government have not seen their way to supplement the Endowment Fund, but in fact, before I went to Calcutta, Government resolved to do so (applause), and for the next five years to make an annual grant of Rs. 500 towards the Endowment Fund—I mean Rs. 5,000 (applause)—I always get mixed between the pounds and the rupees. (Laughter) Perhaps you will think that promising you this for the next five years is drawing a bill on my successor; but this is the simple fact, that the public revenues have turned out rather better than we had expected, and we have fortunately had some funds to divide among our deserving institutions, among which, of course, this takes its place. I heartily agree with the committee that it is most desirable to form an apprentice fund, because it is a thought that has often suggested itself to me, as to others, what is to be done with our boys when we have educated them? Clearly there is no better thing we can do than to get them an entrance to some good trade, and it seems to me they should have a home in which to live safely and cheaply while they are receiving a small pay. And therefore I certainly hope that the committee will find co-operation in other institutions in founding an apprentice home, and I shall have great pleasure as a parting help to this and other institutions in giving my little contribution to begin that fund. (Applause.) I should do wrong not to notice the regret which I must have felt in the death of Mr. Cursetjee Nusserwanjee Kama, to whom this school owes a debt of gratitude, as so many good institutions do. You are all well aware that by his kindness a fund was established out of which annually these beautiful prizes are provided, which I am sure must give pleasure to so many deserving children. He has passed away from us, but there are many other liberal native gentlemen, as well as Europeans, who will carry on the traditional liberality of the citizens of Bombay. I do not know that there is anything but congratulation and hope to be expressed with regard to this institution. I do feel that, in coming among you, ladies and gentlemen, to-day, I have a foretaste of the pleasure I shall feel in returning to my own country, to which we all belong. I shall be able to tell our friends at home that there is a good Scottish institution here, founded on our national lines, doing a good work, and keeping up the reputation of Scotchmen for charitable and good works in this distant land. I hope you who are brought up here will have a kindly and warm feeling to Scotland as in some sense your parent country and that the good, manly, sterling principles of a Scotch education may indeed fit and equip you well for the work of life. You have good advice given you, so I need not preach to you here; but I am sure that, boys and girls, if you will get the best work out of the institution, all your lives long you will be grateful to it. To say my last words, I wish you farewell, and I hope to hear well of you, and of this institution, when I shall no longer be among you. (Loud applause.)

Mr. Thorburn, in proposing a vote of thanks to His Excellency for once more presiding at the annual meeting, reminded the assembly that on this occasion they were specially indebted to Sir James Fergusson, as he had only that morning arrived from a long and fatiguing journey. During the whole of His Excellency's stay in Bombay he had most warmly interested himself in their welfare; he left them his good wishes, and it was for those interested in the institution to maintain it as hitherto. In all matters connected with education in the Presidency, Sir James Fergusson had left his influence, and he (Mr. Thorburn) thought this would remain one of the most marked features of his administration. Many who were also associated with other institutions owed His Excellency a deep debt of gratitude for the support he had always accorded them. He should also notice the announcement His Excellency had been able to make of the accession granted towards their endowment fund, which they had listened to with the very greatest pleasure.

The Hon. F. Forbes Adam, in seconding the vote of thanks, remarked that their institution and many others would lose a sympathising friend and generous supporter on the departure of Sir James Fergusson. They were not only grateful for what His Excellency had himself done, but for the example he had set to others. He should be glad to contribute Rs. 100 to the apprentice-ship fund, to which His Excellency had made a beginning, and had the authority of his friend, Captain Boyle, who sat under the shadow of His Excellency (laughter) to state that he would also put down Rs. 100 for the same fund. (Applause.) Mr. Forbes Adam was sure they all hoped His Excellency would not forget them when he went to the old country, as he certainly would not be forgotten by themselves, and that in years to come they might hope to hear of his continued health, happiness, and prosperity. (Applause.)

The resolution was carried with acclamation, and His Excellency said.—I am much obliged to you for the kind expressions of your feelings, and I will only remind you that there is another Scotchman coming in my place. (Laughter.)

The children having sung the National Anthem, Sir James Fergusson led the way in an inspection of the institution by the visitors, and an examination of the collection of needlework exhibited by the orphans.

THE BYCULLA SCHOOLS.

THE following is a copy of the report of Mr. Kirkham, Educational Inspector, C.D., for the past year:—

I have the honour to present my annual report on the Byculla Schools. I reported on these schools at so great length last year that this time I need do little more than lay before you the figured results of my individual examination of the children, which speak for themselves. I may say at once that both schools passed a very highly satisfactory examination.

BOYS.

2. The following table shows the numbers presented under each of eight standards for European and Eurasian schools, and the numbers found qualified to pass under each head:—

Standard.	Number presented.	Number passed. 1st Head Mathematics.	2nd Head.	3rd Head.	4th Head.	All Heads.
VIII	3	3	3	3	3	3
VII	2	2	2	2	2	2
VI	9	9	9	8	9	8
V	18	18	18	18	14	14
IV	17	15	17	17	17	15
III	27	27	27	27	27	27
II	15	15	15	15	15	15
I	14	14	14	14	—	14
	105	103	105	104	87	98

3. You will see that these results are as nearly as possible cent. per cent. of passes.

The only failures at all were in Head I Mathematics, in which I purposely made my examination especially severe and searching. I consider the results in the highest degree creditable to Mr. Walters and his staff of zealous assistants. The work throughout the school is characterized by great thoroughness and accuracy of detail, and in the higher standards by good taste in addition. The penmanship throughout is admirable as usual. The recitation of Standard IV. might perhaps have been a little less loud and strident with advantage, but I really could offer no other suggestions towards improvement without feeling myself hypercritical.

4. Two boys, I was glad to hear, have passed the Bombay First Grade Art Examination and obtained School of Art certificates. The school reading-room continues to flourish, and school drill is maintained in the same efficient manner reported last year.

The study of the second language—Hindustani—was also found to be sound and practical.

GIRLS.

5. The following table shows the number of girls presented for examination under each of the first five standards, and the number passed under each head:—

Standard.	Number presented.	Number passed. 1st Head Mathematics.	2nd Head.	3rd Head.	4th Head.	All Heads.
V	9	9	9	9	8	8
IV	14	14	14	14	13	13
III	23	23	23	22	21	20
II	22	22	22	21	20	20
I	24	24	24	24	...	24
	92	92	92	90	62	85

6. The results are also extremely good—in fact I never remember the girls' school doing so well under examination.

In arithmetic the girls in Standards III, IV.. and V. worked all the examples set correctly; in Standard II. all but one had all their sums right, and the one exception had 2 right out of 3. There has been a great improvement made in English throughout the school, especially in the matter of recitation of poetry, in which the improvement is most striking. Miss Fenemore rightly attaches great importance to this exercise, and in her hands, in the three highest standards it has become an efficient instrument of education. Mrs. Durham's class did remarkably well in grammar. The weakest part of the school work is the penmanship, which I hope to find much improved next year. The infants' kindergarten is well managed, and the needle-work throughout the school appeared to be excellent, as usual.

7. I have much pleasure in reporting, in conclusion, that the girls appeared to me to be in better health and spirits, and less nervous and timid, than on any previous visit I can recall. This is no doubt directly due to the changes of air they have enjoyed; but is also, I think, connected with the drill, now conducted in a reasonable manner, and the school swings, etc., which I was glad to find Capt. Walshe had caused to be erected in the playground. If the improvements in studies and tone I have noted go on for another year, the girls' school will be more nearly on a level with the boys' than it has been for many years past.

THE SUIT AGAINST SIR MUNGULDAS NATHOOBHOY.

THE suit in which Jugmohundas Munguldas, the youngest son of Sir Munguldas Nathoobhoy, Kt., C.S.I., claims a partition of the ancestral property alleged to be in the hands of his father was further proceeded with on Saturday before Mr. Justice Scott, at the High Court.

The Hon. Mr. Latham, Advocate-General, and Mr. Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Macfarlane and Edgelow, appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Macpherson, Mr. Inverarity, and the Hon. Mr. Telang, instructed by Messrs. Little, Smith, Frere, and Nicholson, represented Sir Munguldas Nathoobhoy.

Mr. Telang read the evidence taken on commission in Koondla, Jaffrabad, Junaghur, and Delwada, which was quite similar to what has been already reported.

The reading of the evidence having been finished, witnesses were called on behalf of the defendant.

Crishnarao Ambanath, accountant, Bombay United S. and W. Company, deposed to the sums received by Sir Munguldas as his commission during the time he acted as the agent of the mill. The sums paid to him were as follows:—August, 1871, Rs. 11,075; March, 1872, Rs. 11,023; August, 1872, Rs. 11,546; February, 1873, Rs. 11,491; August, 1873, Rs. 14,046; February, 1874, Rs. 13,621; August, 1874, Rs. 13,582; as well as a sum of Rs. 3,400 in the same year. About this time Sir Munguldas made over his agency to Khatau Makanjee and Co.

Cross-examined by Mr. Latham.—Sir Munguldas did work for his salary as managing director. He was looking after the management of the company. The secretary had to take his orders from Sir Munguldas, who was the man who negotiated for the sales and purchases of articles connected with the mill.

Re-examined by Mr. Inverarity.—The whole of the management of the mill during the years Sir Munguldas remained its agent was carried on by him.

Mowjee Raghowjee, a mehta in the employ of Sir Munguldas, produced the books for the year 1852, and pointed out an entry of two lakhs credited to the account of Nathoobhoy as being due from Dewidas Hurjeewandas. Witness likewise produced a similar entry on the credit side for the 4th December, 1849, of Rs. 95,000.

Mr. Vizbookhandas Atmaram, examined by Mr. Inverarity, said.—I am a Modh Bania and a Justice

of the Peace and a member of the Chamber of Commerce.

Mr. Inverarity.—Have you reached the height of being a Fellow of the University? (A laugh.)

Witness.—No. I am one of the leading members of the Bania Mahajan in Bombay. With but a few exceptions the Banias of different castes associate with one another. The reason of their not associating is that some of them eat animal food, and one caste allows widow re-marriage. I associate with the Kapole Banias. According to the custom of my caste, a son is not entitled to a partition of ancestral property, whether moveable or immoveable, in his father's lifetime and against his wish. The custom is general among the Gujerati Banias, including the Kapole Banias. I have not heard of a son among the Gujerati Banias obtaining a share of the ancestral property in his father's lifetime and against his wish. My own caste and the Kapole Bania caste associate with eight of the twelve castes mentioned in this list just handed to me. I do not know if they associate with the four other castes. By association I mean eating and drinking, except intermarriages.

Cross-examined by Mr. Latham.

Q. I don't think your associating together depends upon the law of inheritance?

Witness.—No. As to the laws of inheritance, it is generally the same among Hindus. People do not associate with those who eat animal food or who have married in a scale of society inferior to their own. We would eat and drink with Brahmins, whatever their law of inheritance may be. My caste of Modh Banias is principally to be found in Gujerat and Kattywar. I cannot say from where the caste originally came. I have not heard of any instance occurring in these places of a son enforcing his claim to partition. I have not lived in Kattywar, but have stayed there for a few days.

Mr. Latham.—Are you prepared to say there have been no such cases of partition?

Witness.—I do not know of such instances, so far as my inquiries go. I have inquired in Kattyawar with reference to the custom Mr. Borrodaile has inquired in Gujerat, and not in Kattywar. I was in Bhownuggur in December last.

Mr. Latham.—Do you know of any case in Bombay or Surat of a son who has tried to enforce a partition and failed?

Witness.—I do not know. The matter has never come before my caste. Questions of partition and inheritance do not come before my caste. I do not know if there have been any cases in my caste of voluntary partition during the lifetime of one's father.

Mr. Latham.—In your caste has the father a right to enforce partition of ancestral property between his sons and himself?

Witness.—Yes, a father can, but no such cases have occurred. My caste is divided into six sections, and I myself belong to the Modh Nisa Aradja. I saw a complete volume of Borrodaile's report about a month ago. In the volume that is incomplete there is something about partition.

Re-examined by Mr. Inverarity.—To my knowledge, the custom I have deposed to has never before been disputed. The inquiries I made at Kattywar were on the last occasion when I went there. I made inquiries of my own caste people, and they agreed with me as to the custom.

The court here adjourned.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

THE ELECTIONS IN THE AHMEDABAD DISTRICT.

The Government of Bombay have issued the following Resolution with reference to reports on the results of the elections of members of Taluka Local Boards in the District of Ahmedabad.

No. 1198.

Revenue Department.

Bombay Castle, 9th February 1885.

Letter from the Collector of Ahmedabad, No. 239, dated 30th January 1885:—

"As desired by Government in their Resolution No. 8355, dated the 11th November last, I have the honour to forward herewith a return in the prescribed form showing the result of the elections for the Taluka Local Boards held in this district on the 5th instant. A statement of the Inamdar members and another of the Municipality members elected for each of the Boards except Sanand where there is no Municipality, are also forwarded.

"2. The member (the talukdar of Gangad) elected for the Gangad group in Dholka is physically unfit and another member will have to be elected hereafter under Section 15 of the Bombay Local Boards Act, 1884.

"3. There was an equal number of votes in favour of two persons for the Kathiawar group in Dhandhuka and one of them (Jatashankar Parshotam) was selected by lot under Section 24, Clause 1 of the Act.

"4. Ganesh Khushal, Mukhi of Vadhrota in Parantij Taluka, was elected for the Fatepur and Sonasan groups, but his name has been entered for the Sonasan group he having elected to stand for it. For the Fatepur group Gumansing Jalamsing, Mukhi of Agiol, has been appointed under Section 24, Clause 3 of the Act subject to the approval of Government.

"5. A statement of persons proposed for nomination to the Taluka Boards also accompanies this letter. The qualifications of the nominees have been stated in the last column of the statement.

"6. In order that no delay may take place in publishing the names of the elected and nominated members and of the Presidents of the Taluka Boards I beg to submit draft notifications under Sections 26 and 27 of the Act. I shall feel obliged by your kindly moving Government to have them published in the next *Gazette*.

"7. The result of the elections has on the whole been satisfactory. In almost all cases the elected members are either landowners, patels and others of the cultivating class or prosperous mercantile men who are also generally interested in the land. It will be seen that in some Talukas, Sanand for instance, there was but little interest in the elections, while in the next Taluka of Dholka there was considerable competition."

Memorandum from the Commissioner, N. D., No. 335, dated 2nd February 1885:—

"Forwarded to Government.

"2. The result of the elections is embodied in the very complete returns submitted by the Collector.

"3. The average number of candidates was 14·01 per group as compared with 6·06 and 8·77 in Broach and Surat respectively. This is satisfactory, but the absence of public spirit in the Sanand Taluka is most remarkable. It will be seen that in no taluka but Sanand and Parantij was there any instance of an uncontested election. In the Talukas of Daskroi, Viramgam and Dhandhuka there were large numbers of candidates for seats in all groups except one in the first mentioned taluka.

"4. The proportion of qualified persons who availed themselves of the privilege of voting was 47·66 per cent. as compared with 40 per cent. in Broach and 55 per cent. in Surat. The little interest shown in the Sanand Taluka is again apparent in the small proportion of persons entitled to the franchise exercising the privilege. The Collector will be desired to enquire and report whether this is due to apathy or to defective information.

"5. It will be observed that not a single vakil has been elected, but a large number of influential landholders and money-lenders have obtained seats. The undersigned concurs with the Collector that the Thakor of Gangad is unfitted for office and another man will now have to be elected under Section 15 of the Act.

"6. The undersigned approves of the list of persons to be nominated. In some cases however the Collector has not mentioned the occupation or position of the persons named by him and there is little information to enable the Commissioner to judge of their fitness in these instances."

Memorandum from the Commissioner, N. D., No. 410, dated 6th February 1885—Forwarding, in continuation of his memorandum No. 335, dated 2nd idem, a letter No. 264, dated 3rd idem, from the Collector of Ahmedabad, who states that the Sanand officers did their best to acquaint the people with the intentions of Government in connection with the scheme of local self-government, but that the people appear to have taken little interest in the measure; and adds that the town of Sanand is a singularly backward place and that there is no other place of any size where well educated and intelligent people reside.

Resolution.—The persons proposed by the Collector should be appointed as nominated members of the Taluka Local Boards in the Ahmedabad District.

2. The lists of members submitted by the Collector should be published in the *Government Gazette*.

3. The officers named should be appointed Presidents of the several Local Boards in the district.

4. The Collector reports that the result of the elections of members of Local Fund Boards recently held in the various talukas of the Ahmedabad District "has on the whole been satisfactory," and in this opinion the Governor in Council concurs.

5. The number of persons entitled to a vote at the election of members of the Taluka Local Fund Boards was for the entire district 7,503. The number of persons who actually availed themselves of this privilege was 3,[illegible]76 or about 47·7 per cent. of the total number. The proportion of voters on the register who did record their votes was consequently materially higher in Ahmedabad than it was in Broach though materially less than was the case in Surat. The percentage of persons entitled to the franchise who voted varied greatly in the different talukas ranging from 73·3 in Modasa, where however the number of voters was very limited, and 75·9 in Gogha, where also it was very small, to 35·2 in Viramgam and 18·2 in Sanand. In the last-mentioned taluka but a very slight interest was evidently taken in the elections. Of 745 persons on the list of voters only 136 voted and for 6 seats only 8 candidates appeared. The Daduka group contained 130 voters of whom but 4 recorded a vote, and in the Visalpur group of 140 voters only 16 voted. The explanation furnished of this indifferent attitude on the part of the inhabitants of the Sanand Taluka is that "Sanand is a singularly backward town and there is no other place of any size where well educated and intelligent people reside." A comparatively keen interest in the elections was displayed in the Daskroi and Dholka Talukas where the number of persons on the register was largest, being respectively 1,958 and 1,531, and the percentage who voted was respectively 49·4 and 6·59.

6. For 42 seats on the Local Fund Boards there were no less than 589 candidates. In Viramgam and Dhandhuka the number of the candidates was so large, being in the one case 246 and in the other 1[illegible]3, that the electors must have experienced some difficulty in making their selections with so wide a choice before them. In the Mandal group of Viramgam there were 65 competitors for one seat, but the enthusiasm would not appear to have spread to the electors generally as of 321 persons on the list of voters only 129 voted, and but 26 votes were recorded for the candidate who headed the poll. In the Tret group of Viramgam there were 47 candidates for the seat, but of 329 voters on the list only 94 voted and the candidate who proved successful obtained but 6 votes. In the Bhal group of Dhandhuka 64 persons stood for the one seat, but as only 63 out of 111 voters attended to vote and the successful candidate was returned by 21 votes many of the candidates must have failed to secure a single vote. In the Dhandhuka group of the same taluka the number of candidates (41) exactly equalled the number of persons who voted, and as the candidate eventually chosen obtained 35 votes the great majority of his rivals must have been unable to find a single elector prepared to support them with his vote. In the Sanand and Parantij Talukas on the other hand the number of aspirants for a seat on the Boards was remarkably small, 8 candidates only appearing for the 6 seats on the Sanand Board and 6 for the 4 seats on the Parantij Board.

7. The electors would seem on the whole to have exercised good judgment and made a judicious selection in choosing their representatives. The report submitted concerning the successful candidates is in almost every instance distinctly favourable. Nearly all of them would appear to be men of intelligence, means, good social position and considerable local influence, whilst many of them are also well educated. The land-holding and farming interests are fully represented, the trading and money-lending classes will make their influence be felt, and that important section of the rural community, the hereditary village officers, occupies a prominent position in the list of members returned. The 42 elected candidates include 11 talukdars, 10 mukhis and patels, 7 landholders and cultivators, 7 village bankers, 6 persons who combine money-lending with the holding of land, and 1 estate-manager. The Inamdars in the various talukas appear to have been equally fortunate in the choice of members from their own bodies to represent them on the Boards.

8. The Collector states that the talukdar of Gangad who has been elected as member for the Gangad group of the Dholka Taluka is "blind and physically unfit for work," and that consequently another person will have to be elected under Section 15 of the Act. The Commissioner concurs in this view. The talukdar however can only be displaced after it has been proved that he is incapable of acting, and it must be seen whether he is able to attend meetings and take a share in local business before further proceedings are held under Section 15.

JOHN NUGENT,
Secretary to Government.

PATELS AS MEMBERS OF LOCAL BOARDS.

The following Government Resolution with reference to remarks by the Poona Sarvajanik Sabha on the nominations of members of Local Boards under Act I. of 1884, has been issued:—

Bombay Castle, 14th February, 1885.

Letter from the joint secretaries of the Poona Sarvajanik Sabha, No. 20, dated 5th February, 1885, submitting certain observations on the recent nominations made by Government to the Local Boards in the districts of Broach, Surat and Ahmednagar; and suggesting that the nominations already notified may be revised with a view to remove irregularities in the nomination of salaried servants of Government to Local Boards, and that the attention of the district officers may be drawn to the necessity of exercising greater care and discretion in submitting the lists of persons recommended for nomination, with a view to give more legitimate effect to the spirit and provisions of the Bombay Local Boards Act I. of 1884, and to prevent the repetition of similar mistakes in future.

Resolution.—Government are in receipt of two communications from Native Sabhas or Associations on the subject of the election and nomination of members of Local Boards under Act I. of 1884. The first is a letter from the Praja Hit-Vardha of Surat in which gratification is expressed at the satisfactory results of the Taluka Board elections for that district, among which is noted that "among the elected there are sixteen patels all as a matter of course agriculturists." The second is a letter from the Committee of the Poona Sarvajanik Sabha, "whose painful duty it is to have to observe" that the nomination by Government of patels as members of the Taluka Boards is not only contrary to the Act but is illiberal and ungenerous, and bears "the semblance of a desire to dominate the new Boards by securing a standing majority of the official or semi-official element;" "that patels are incapable of independence, and" "as the representatives of the rate-payers are worse than useless."

2. The Poona Sabha places the blame on the local officers, whom it describes as "responsible in the main for these nominations." The Sabha is mistaken. The Governor in Council made these nominations, and is responsible for them. It is true that the nominees were proposed by the district officers, but the latter were required in each case to state the grounds of recommendation. These were generally that the person named is possessed of local influence and likely to be active and intelligent in conducting local business and not in any case that he is a patel. The Governor in Council when assured that a nominee is influential, active, and intelligent, did not reject him because he is a hereditary village officer. But it was ruled that stipendiary village officers must be treated for the purposes of the Act as "salaried servants of Government."

3. The persons whom the Sarvajanik Sabha proposes to exclude from all participation in local affairs are the hereditary village headmen, maintained by hereditary lands and allowances which along with their status and privileges are secured to them by a special law. It is indisputable that they are the ancestral leaders of the village communities, and it is not denied that they are as competent as any other class to be members of Local Boards. But the Sabha points out that they "do not occupy the same honoured position and do not enjoy the same influence which they once did." This is true, and the reason is that the village community no longer depends on its headman to stand between it and the oppressions of the Government. Now if the village officers, the traditional headmen of the little strongholds of local independence formed by the village communities, have lost some of their influence, it might be supposed that the revival of Local Self-government would be hailed as a notable opportunity to restore their leadership and direct it in a new sense to the management of local affairs. The Poona Sarvajanik Sabha on the contrary proposes to exclude the village headmen altogether from being members of Local Boards, (for if, as dominated by official dictation, they are unfit for nomination they are *a fortiori* unfit for election), and would thus efface their influence at one blow. The Governor in Council considers that of two persons equally active and intelligent, that one is distinctly the more truly representative for local purposes who holds in the village system the important place of hereditary patel, and His Excellency in Council is therefore unable to accept the advice of the Sarvajanik Sabha that the nominations of patels should be revised.

JOHN NUGENT,
Secretary to Government.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

SPECULATION IN SPINNING SHARES.

The Franco-Chinese war, increased price of cotton, tardy sales of yarn, and scarcity of coal have all combined to render the spinning companies' shares less marketable than they used to be some time ago. Speculators have taken advantage of this state of things to cause a panic in the market. Men of straw go in heavily for forward sales. Real investors, consequently, hold aloof. Within the last week the rates have gone down Rs. 50 without any cause.—*Akhbar-i-Soudagar.*

ROAD IMPROVEMENTS.

On Wednesday last the Town Council gave the necessary sanction for widening the Tardeo, Warden and Clarke roads. The desirability of improving roads where necessary is, of course, not to be denied, but it is always necessary to give precedence to those roads that require improvement urgently. On the three roads above-mentioned there is no heavy traffic. We never heard of complaints of carriages having been smashed there. On the other hand near, M[illegible]andvie and such other places we find foot passengers picking their way with difficulty owing to the heavy cart traffic. The rush and confusion near the Hanooman-street, Baberkote, are simply disgraceful. There was no absolute necessity for the construction of the Gibbs's and Peddar roads. The new Khetwady-road, though more useful than the former, was not indispensable. The new road east of Moombadevi is entirely useless. The new road which is being constructed near the Pydhowni chowki is good, but the land purchased for the purpose is needlessly large.—*Bombay Samachar.*

OUR RETIRING GOVERNOR.

We read in the *Bombay Gazette* of Monday last that a requisition to the Sheriff of Bombay is proposed to be sent by some influential gentlemen, requesting him to call a meeting of the inhabitants of Bombay for the purpose of considering what measures should be adopted to honour Sir James Fergusson previous to his departure from Bombay. In all fairness and justice we must frankly say that Sir James has, during the latter half of his five years' tenure of office, done a good deal towards repairing the mistakes committed by him during the first half of that period, and towards acquiring for himself some space in the estimation of the people of the Presidency. Sir James is a conscientious, honest, and well-meaning gentleman, and these qualities both in a member of society and in a ruler of men are no doubt extremely valuable. But a ruler of men requires in addition to these qualities some others in order to achieve a great success in that sphere. These latter qualities Sir James Fergusson does not possess. Foremost among them are the absence of all independent judgment, and an ever ready willingness to be guided by the narrow prejudice of the surrounding atmosphere of an Indian ruler.—*Dnyan Prakash.*

For Sir James Fergusson personally we have nothing but good to say. His appointment was a relief to the public, and none but the perverse could deny even to-day that he has shown himself an honest and well-meanig man. We were assured of this five years ago; and for a good while tried to judge him more by his intentions than his acts. But his early associations here were too opaque for outside influence. He commenced his career with strong likes and dislikes, though we gladly allow that Sir James Fergusson's prejudices do not appear to have been so strong as his predilections. His rule cannot be condemned as a failure in every direction; but on the whole it has proved barren of results. And things might have gone worse but for a sincere friend like Lord Ripon to control his administration, an honest and experienced Private Secretary, and latterly some fair-minded colleagues in Council. But weak and unstable like water, except when wrong, who could save His Excellency from political pitfalls? We have failed to see anything like character in his administration, anything to which the heart would yield its homage or the head bow its reverence. On the other hand, we have grieved, almost month, over mistakes and failures, hasty action and more hasty withdrawal from it. To offer national honours to Sir James Fergusson is like doing violence to his finer nature—his humility, candour, benevolence, his love of everything that lies at his feet. These are qualities worthy of generous appreciation, and any private movement for this object will have the sympathy and approval of every right-thinking man. But we cannot think much of his "friends and admirers" whose regard must needs take the form of cakes and ale in the name and at the expense of the people of Bombay.—*Indian Spectator.*

THE GOVERNOR'S LEVEE.

We cannot understand why the Governor's displeasure could have fallen on only six individuals out of a large number who presented themselves at the last levee. We see before us a lot of names that ought not to have been in the levee list on account of their young age or misconduct. We do not approve of the mode of exposing to public ridicule names of persons whom the Governor did not want to see. As long as we know nothing against them they ought to be protected from such public insult. The better course would have been to privately inform these six men that their presence at future levees would be undesirable.—*Kaisar-i-Hind.*

PUBLIC HONOURS.

Sir Jamsetjee is not much to blame for having had to propose public honours to be voted to the retiring Governor of Bombay. He occupies an anomalous position—with his hand, as the native proverb says, "neither in the milk nor in the curd." Those who made him leader think they have a right to lead him on occasions. But we dare say Sir Jamsetjee has now and then a quiet half-hour to himself. Next time he gets it we beg of the Baronet to reconsider his proposal in the light of public policy and expediency, if not of high principle, which is an element that seldom troubles your society men. Is it well to cheapen public honours, which are the crystallised expression of national good will? Indian politicians cannot guard too jealously against an indiscriminate expenditure of the national credit. If they do so, from however worthy a motive, they must be prepared to be disowned by the people they allege to represent.—*Indian Spectator.*

PARSEE BEGGARS.

So we are becoming accustomed to the sight of "well-dressed and respectable-looking" Parsee beggars and pickpockets. This is bad business for the sons of Rustom and Zal whom great officers eulogise in unctuous words. It is a pity these official admirers and the leaders of the community do not teach the people the value of hard labour. The love of show and of high living, and an aversion to honest work and small earnings, may ultimately prove the ruin of a fine race. Why don't they establish an Association for the improvement of the material condition of the Parsees of Bombay? It is all very well for our elderly reformers to talk periodically of saving *souls*; they had better begin with saving *stomachs*.—*Id.*

BRIGADIER-GENERAL HUDSON, C.B.

The *Pioneer* writes:—Colonel John Hudson, C.B., to whom has fallen the honor of commanding the brigade of Indian troops destined to garrison Suakim, is a type of the Indian soldier of the best school: cool, self-reliant, thoroughly acquainted with the capabilities of native troops, and of great experience in warfare against savage enemies. As a young man he passed through the Persian campaign of 1856-57, and was afterwards in the thick of the fighting during the Mutiny. He shared in the recapture of Cawnpore, and the march upon, and relief of, Lucknow; was in the later defence of Lucknow and Cawnpore and at the capture of Bareilly. His services as a subaltern were so marked that, besides being three times mentioned in despatches, he received the thanks of the Governor-General and was awarded a Captain's commission and a brevet Majority. Ten years later he went through the Abyssinian campaign; and when the Afghan War entered into its second phase, after the murder of Cavagnari, he took part in the advance upon Cabul as Colonel of the 28th Punjab Infantry. In the dark days when Mahomed Jan was for the time triumphant in Cabul and the Sherpore garrison was forced to act on the defensive, Colonel Hudson rendered service of the highest order by holding the Luttabund post, the one link between General Roberts and the force on the Khyber side. The Luttabunn Kotal was some twenty miles from Cabul on the direct road to India; it was garrisoned by some 600 men with two mountain guns, and had a timid and irresolute officer been in command disastrous consequences might have ensued. The position was a bad one: water could only be obtained at one point in the Kotal, and this had to be held even though it was commanded on all sides by neighbouring hills. No help could come from Sherpore, and the handful of men had to defend themselves as best they could. Colonel Hudson recognised the importance of holding on to the post at all costs, and after throwing up *sungars* and entrenching himself waited with calm determination for any attack that might be made. He saw that if the Luttaband post were captured by the Afghans the advance of General Charles Gough's brigade from Jugdulluck would become almost an impossibility, for the Ghilzai tribes were in arms and needed but one stroke of success to stimulate them to attack the force advancing through the dangerous defiles between Gundamuk and Luttabund. The tribesmen surrounded the outpost and made their attack; they were easily beaten off, and thereafter whenever they appeared on the near hills, Colonel Hudson took the initiative and boldly acted on the offensive. The effect was very marked; the Ghilzais receiving no reinforcements from Mahomed Jan, gave up their attempts to capture Luttabund, and General Gough's small force eventually advanced though the Passes practically unmolested. It had been a trying time, eight or nine days only through it was, for the handful of men under Colonel Hudson's orders, and every soldier in Sherpore from General Roberts downwards recognised how much the successful defence of the post had depended upon the commandant's firmness of purpose and the cool, clear-headed way in which he had met the danger which had so suddenly confronted him. Colonel Hudson well earned the Companionship of the Bath, which was his ultimate reward; and the high qualities he then showed under heavy responsibility have now been more fully recognised in his appointment to the Indian brigade ordered to Suakim. That the Indian regiments will acquit themselves well under his leadership we have not the least doubt. Colonel Hudson, we may add, commanded the 28th Punjab Infantry recently quartered in Allahabad, and the regiment, which was somewhat out of hand six or seven years ago, has, under the strict discipline he has enforced, developed into one of the finest in Upper India. He has already served on the Brigade Staff, having officiated in the Mooltan command last year.

BENGAL.

Mr. Buckland's Health.—Mr. C. E. Buckland's health will necessitate his taking a somewhat extended period of leave very shortly. Mr. P. Nolan, the Magistrate Collector of Shahabad, will succeed Mr. Buckland as Junior Secretary of the Board of Revenue.—*Englishman.*

N.-W. PROVINCES, PUNJAB, AND OUDH.

A Soldier Shooting a Comrade.—A sepoy of the 21st Punjab Native Infantry, at Rawal Pindi, shot a lance-havildar of the same regiment, on the morning of the 9th instant. Death was instantaneous, the bullet passing through the brain. Nothing is known concerning the motive for the deed. The murderer was immediately secured.—*Civil & Military Gazette.*

BENGAL GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Calcutta Gazette*, Feb. 11.)

Mr W Heysham, Special Depy Colr, is vested with the powers of a Colr.

Mr H G Cooke, Offg Magte and Colr, Tipperah, furlough for nine months from 25th inst, or subsequent date.

Mr A L Clay, Depy Comr, Manbhoom, leave for six months from 1st April 1885 or subsequent date.

Mr R H Wilson, Magte and Colr, Madnapore, on special duty, furlough for nine months, from 22nd March next.

Mr R H Anderson, Offg Jt Magte and Depy Colr, Barh, Patna, furlough for eighteen months from 16th April next.

Mr G A Grierson, Tempy Jt-Magte and Depy Colr, Patna, furlough for eighteen months from 1st May, 1885, or subsequent date.

Mr F A Chichester, Asst Supdt of Police, in Mr H E C Paget, Asst Supdt of Police, Bhagulpore, to act in first grade of Asst Supdt of Police from 24th Nov, 1884.

Mr C S Murray, Tempy Asst Supdt of Police, Jungpore, to act in second grade of Asst Supdts of Police from 4th Nov, last.

Mr C H Parish, Offg Asst Supdt of Police, Dacca, was on leave from 13th to 16th March, 1884, both days inclusive.

Mr R F Guise, Asst Supdt of Police, in charge of the Dist Police, Puree, to act as Dist Supdt of Police of that dist, from 6th Dec, 1884, during the absence of Mr M F Beamish.

Mr G H P Livesay, Asst Supdt of Police, Sungoo, Chittagong Hill Tracts, to act in first grade of Asst Supdts of Police from 15th Dec 1884.

Mr H M Parish, Tempy Asst Supdt of Police, Midnapore, to act as an Asst Supdt of Police, from 16th Dec 1884.

Mr A V Knyvett, Persl Asst to the Inspr-Genl of Police, leave for one month and twelve days, from 1st March next.

Mr H E C Paget, Asst Supdt of Police, Bhagulpore, is transfd to the 24 Pergha dist.

Mr S J Kilby has been granted by H M's Secy of State for India an extension of furlough for eight months.

Surg.Maj W A Gillgan, medical officer in charge of the Northern Bengal State Railway, to act as Civil Surg of Chittagong, during absence, on deputn of Surg R D Murray.

Surgeon A Tomes, Civil Surgeon, Midnapore, furlough for twenty months.

The Lieut Govr is pleased to sanction the Akra Brick Factory being temply constituted a Public Works Divn from 1st Febry 1885, and to appoint Mr F Sills to be Ex Engr.

Mr A J Oldham, Exe Engr, third grade, Cuttack-Puri, Benares-Cuttack Railway Surveys, furlough for eight months, from 5th March 1885, or subsequent date, together with the necessary subsidiary leave.

Mr T Butler, Asst Engr, first grade, is transfd, in the interests of the public service, from the office of the Surtdg Engr, Orissa Circle to the Brahmin-Byturni Div.

Mr H E Pellereau, Asst Engr, second grade, is transfd, in the interests of the public service, as a tempy measure, from the Circular and Eastern Canals to the Balasore Divn.

Mr C A White, Asst Engr, first grade, privilege leave for one month from 11th idem.

Mr J P Cleghorn, Asst Engr, 1st grade, privilege leave for 3 months from 1st Jan 1885.

Dr J Lupton Hendley made over charge of the Maldah Jail to Babu Nogendro Nath Mullick on forenoon of 5th Jan 1885.

Valuable Discovery for the Hair.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it *will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair* to its original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed." Ask your Chemist for "The Mexican Hair Renewer," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per Bottle. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American-Drug Co., Limited, 33, Farringdon road, London.

HOME!! HOME!!!

SPECIAL LIST OF REQUISITES.

FOR THE VOYAGE.

	Rs. a.		Rs. a.
Gent's Overcoats and Ulsters ....Rs. 45 to 50	0	Ladies' Dressing Gowns..........each 15	0
Gent's Deck Suits ....each 10	0	Ladies' Bonnet Boxes..........Rs. 8-4 to 11	8
Gent's Dressing Gowns ....Rs. 10 to 25	0	Ladies' Straw Hats trimmed 8	0
Gent's Deck Shoes..........Rs. 4-8 to 10	0	Ladies' warm Stockings,..........pair 2	4
Chairs, strong and light ....Rs. 8 to 12	0	Marine Soap per tablet 0	8
White Shirts ....½ doz. Rs. 22 to 30	0	Sun Umbrellas..........each 4	8
Cambric Shirts ....½ doz. 30	0	The Victoria Wrapper ....each 16	4
Oxford Shirts..........½ doz. 33	0	Rugs and Mauds..........Rs. 13-8 to 33	0
Flannel Shirts ....each 8	8	Gent's Undervests..........each 2	0
Celluloid Collars ....each 0	12	Gent's Seamless Socks..........doz. 3	0
Soiled Linen Bags ....Rs. 5 to 6	0	Pocket Handkerchieves ....doz. 5	8
Overland Trunks 22	0	Rug Straps ....Re. 1-4 to 7	8
Leather Portmanteaux ....Rs. 15 to 21	0	Cambric Ties..........doz. 3	8
Hold-alls, specially useful ....Rs. 17 to 20	0	Money Belts ....each 2	0

Suits, Ulsters, Overcoats, &c., made to measure at a few hours' notice.

BADHAM, PILE AND CO., Ld.,

BOMBAY POONA & SECUNDERABAD.

GOLD MEDAL
AND
FIRST CLASS CERTIFICATE,
CALCUTTA EXHIBITION,
FOR SYMPATHETIC SQUARE CONCERT PIANOS.

NOTICE.

In consequence of other firms advertising their Square Pianos having obtained the Highest Award at the Calcutta Exhibition, we subjoin an extract from the list of awards showing that THE HIGHEST award for SQUARE PIANOS was bestowed upon the SCHIEDMAYER'S PIANOS exhibited by us, and for which we are sole agents in India.

"1st CLASS CERTIFICATE and GOLD MEDAL, Section B., Class 14, Catalogue page 319.—SQUARE CONCERT PIANO, exhibitors' name SCHIEDMAYER and Co., STUTTGART, and BOMBAY, makers, name SCHIEDMAYER and Co."—Vide *Bombay Gazette*, Feb. 4, 1884.

SOUNDY & CO, LIMITED,
BOMBAY.

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN & CO., LD.,

ENGINEERS, BOILER-MAKERS, IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS, SHIP AND MILL-WRIGHTS.

CONTRACTORS for the supply of Machinery and erection of the Buildings for Cotton, Flour, Sugar, Oil Mills, Distilleries, &c., for a lump sum, or on commission. Special Financial facilities afforded to approved parties.

(We have erected and successfully started several excellent-going Spinning and Weaving Mills in different parts of the country, and our Mr. Alcock has in addition been the responsible adviser throughout in the erection, starting and working of many more.)

Manufacturers of all kinds of cast and wrought iron work of the heaviest description Cotton Presses and Hydraulic Machinery, Mill and Rope Gearing, Ornamental Gates and Railings, Road Rollers kept in stock. Wheels made by Machinery up to 4 feet diameters Cutters made for Wheel-cutting Machines.

To enable us to meet all Engineering and Trade requirements we have lately added to our works some of the largest and heaviest tools in India, and greatly extended and improved our Foundry.

We are also prepared to furnish designs for Bridges, Gerders, Roofs, &c., and to manufacture and erect same in any part of India.

Importers of Machinery, Agents for Linen and other Belting, the "Kerlew" Patent Oil Ga Apparatus, Baird's Sight Feed Lubricators, etc.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated Valvoline Cylinder Oil, and specially prepared Valvoline Ring Sinning Spindle Oil (a trial solicited).

Plate, Bar and Angle Iron of the largest sections, also Diamond and Silver Steel, and Engineer's Stores and Requisites of all descriptions kept in stock.

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN & HEPWORTH,
Secretaries and Managers.

Works and Offices—Mazagon.

GENTLEMEN'S SOCKS AND UNDERVESTS.

THORPE AND CO.,

OUR STOCK in this Department we can with confidence recommend The Socks are made Double Heels and Feet. The Undervests well stayed in the seams to resist the rough usages of Indian washing.

When ordering Socks, size of foot in Inches; Undervests or Banians, size of chest in Inches.

COTTON SOCKS.	Rs. a
Fine Brown Cotton Socks ....Doz.	8 8
Extra Super do. .... ,,	11 8
Best Balbriggan, embroidered colours...... ,,	20 0
Brown Cotton, plain stripes.......... ,,	15 8
Light Colours, fancy stripes.......... ,,	22 8
Best Dark Grounds, fancy stripes.......... ,,	22 8
Navy Blue, striped white.......... ,,	22 8
DRESS SOCKS.	
Black Balbriggan for Dress with } per pair	2-8 0
Silk Cloaks, to Silk .... } per doz.	26 0
Black Spun equal to Bes Silk..........per pair.	5-8 0
Dress Socks, Best black silk ....Pair.	8 8
Lisle Thread, fancy stripes, very thin and cool .... ,,	24 0
MERINO SOCKS.	
Super Merino, Fawn, a soft and comfortable Sock ....Doz.	22 0
Extra Super Blue, assorted stripes, thin, soft, and shrinkless, perfectly fast colour, one of the best Socks made ... ,,	22 0
Fine Saxony Merino, grey, assorted stripes, a splendid article .... ,,	20 0
Fancy Striped Merino, in various shades, wide or narrow stripes .... ,,	22 0
Real Scotch Shetland Lambswool, pure wool.......... ,,	25 0
Hand-knit Rib Half-hose, a splendid Sock for shooting .... ,,	30 0
DRESSING GOWNS.	
Best White Turkish..........Each	15 8
Best Brown Turkish.......... ,,	25 0
Oxford Cloth, the Genuine Article.......... ,,	10 8
Fancy Flannels and Fancy Tweed......Rs. 20 to	30 0

KNICKERBOCKER HOSE.	Rs. a.
All-wool Ribbed Hose, Heather Mixtures, for Sportsmen, Hand-made ....Pair	3 12
Ribbed Merino Heather mixtures, a superior article .... ,,	4 8
Navy Blue Ribbed, Hand-made.......... ,,	3 12
BANIANS OR UNDERVESTS.	
Fine Ganze Vests, for hot weather wear	6 for 12 0
Anglo-Indian Gauze, the lightest and most comfortable Vest made... ...	6 for 30 0
Anglo-Indian Gauze, mixture of Silk and Wool; shrinkless and non-irritating...Each	7 8
Stout Merino Vests for English wear.. ...	6 for 30 0
Stout Brown Merino Vests, long sleeves...	6 for 36 0
Grey Lambswool Vests, very warm	6 for 36 0
UNDER DRAWS OR PANTS.	
Gauze Merino Pants, very fine..........	6 for 30 0
Anglo-Indian Gauze Mixture of Silk and Wool, non-irritating ....Each	8 8
Short Draws to the Knee, very fine Merino	6 for 27 0
Stout Merino, for English wear	6 for 33 0
Stout Brown Merino Pants	6 for 45 0
Grey Scotch Lambswool, very warm	6 for 33 0
CARDIGAN JACKETS.	
The Cardigan, Black or Brown. These we strongly recommend to Overland Passengers. They are hand-knitted and very warm, each.......... ....Rs.	10 8 and 12 0
Warm Mufflers.......... ,,	2 12 and 3 0

Out size Vests and Pants Rs. 6 extra per ½ dozen.

THORPE AND CO.,

MILITARY TAILORS, SHIRTMAKERS AND GENERAL OUTFITTERS,

NOTE THE CHANGE OF ADDRESS: RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

YARROW'S
SMALL STEAMERS & STEAM LAUNCHES

BUILT OF WOOD, IRON, OR STEEL.

Screw Steamers, with speeds ranging up to 26 miles an hour.

Paddle Steamers, with draughts ranging down to 6 inches of water

MACHINERY CONSTRUCTED FOR BOATS BUILT ABROAD.

YARROW & CO.,

(LATE YARROW & HEDLEY),

ENGINEER'S & SHIPBUILDERS, ISLE OF DOGS, POPLAR, LONDON.

NOTICES.

SWIFT & FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBT.
No. 9, HUMMUM STREET FORT, BOMBAY.

CAWNPORE WOOLLEN MILLS AND ARMY CLOTH MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Limited,
Sole Contractors to H. M. Government in India for the supply of Blankets to British Troops.

THE Company having at a great cost perfected its machinery for the manufacture of Broad cloths, Serges, great coatings and fabrics of a similar nature, is now in a position to register orders for these goods. The cloths manufactured by this Company are warranted to be of pure wool throughout, and for cheapness, durability and finish will be found unsurpassed.

Price Lists and Samples may be had on application to
THE MANAGER.

INDIAN GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION.

THE THIRTEENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS of the INDIAN GUARANTEE and SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, Limited, will be held at No. 9, Elphinstone Circle, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th instant, at 4-30 P. M.
(1) To receive Directors' Report and audited Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1884.
(2) To declare a Dividend.
(3) To elect Director and Auditor.
(4) To transact any other Business that may be brought before the Meeting.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.,
Bombay, 4th February, 1885. Secretary.

ORIENTAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, Limited, will be held at the Offices of the Company, on SATURDAY, the 28th February, 1885, at 3 p. m.
(1) To receive Directors' and Auditors' Reports for year ending 31st December, 1884.
(2) To elect a Director and Auditors.
(3) To declare a Dividend.
(4) To transact any other business which may be brought before the Meeting.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary.
9, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 22nd January, 1885.

HIS HIGHNESS MAHARAJAH TUKOJI RAO HOLKAR, G. C. S. I., has been suffering for many years from Diabetes. Any Doctor, Vaidya, or Hakem offering to treat His Highness with a view to effect cure, may apply to the undersigned within one month from the date hereof, and forward with his application such certificate or certificates as he may possess of having cured any respectable person of this disease. On receipt of applications, the undersigned will decide to call any of the applicants to come to Indore. The maximum period for treatment is 18 months. The following are the conditions of remuneration, reward, &c.

Railway expenses, remuneration, &c., for the whole term	Rs. 6,000
Reward after complete cure is effected	,, 18,000
Total	Rs. 24,000

NANA MOROJI,
Minister to H. H. Maharajah Holkar.
Durbar Office, Indore, 11th February, 1885.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited for the following services for the official year 1885-1886, viz:—
I. Ordinary and petty repairs to all the Military and Civil Buildings and works in charge of the Executive Engineer, Bombay Defences, in Bombay, Butchers' Island, Hog Island, and Elephanta.
II. Supply of, and repairs to Barrack Furniture.
2. Conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of tenders and all necessary information obtained on application at the Bombay Defences Office, Fort, during Office hours.
3. Tenders, which should be sealed, will be received by the undersigned at his office up to noon, on 26th instant, when they will be opened.
4. The amount of earnest money required to accompany the tenders is Rs. 500 each.
5. The acceptance of the Tender rests with the superintending Engineer, Northern Division.
6. Authority is reserved to reject any or all of the tenders received.
W. MERRIMAN, Bt. Lt.-Col., R. E.,
Executive Engineer, Bombay Defences.
Bombay Defences Office, Fort, 9th February, 1885.

INDISPENSABLE TO TRAVELLERS IN INDIA

THE INDIAN TRAVELLER'S GUIDE,

A MONTHLY PUBLICATION containing time and fare tables of the Railway Companies Steam-boats and Dak companies, the routes between the principal Indian towns, tables of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the hill sanitaria, &c. With a new Coloured Map of India, showing every Railway station on the Indian lines. Price eight annas. Postage Free. Published on the first of every month at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY,
(SOCIETE L'ECLAIRAGE ELECTRIQUE, PARIS.)
Paid-up Capital, Fcs. 6,500,000.
OUR PRICES DEFY ALL COMPETITION!
HIGHEST REWARDS AT ALL THE EXHIBITIONS
OUR GRAMME MACHINES have shown the BEST results at all Government Trials, at Woolwich, &c.

Electric Machines for 10 Incandescent Lamps...			Rs. 350
Do.	40	do.	,, 750
Do. for 6 arc lights	2,000 Candles, each.		,, 1,200
Do. 8 do.	500	do.	,, 1,200
Do. 20 do.	500	do.	,, 2,000

SWAN'S AND OTHER INCANDESCENT LAMPS.
Patent Wick Carbons give a steadier light than any other Carbons.
JABLOCHKOFF CANDLES improved make.
INSULATED CABLE, GLOBES and other accessories.
NOTE:—OUR MACHINES work with LOW TENSION currents and do not present the dangers of other system.
F. FISCHER,
Agent and General Manager.
1, Meadow-street.

FOR SALE
AT
JAFFER SULLIMAN'S BAZAAR:

ONE new patent Landau with back light, and one new handsome circular-fronted BROUGHAM with open quarters, both by Watson, and suitable for one or pair of horses arrived per s.s. Henzada.
One New Mail PHAETON with head and ladies double folding sliding steps complete, by Lewis Fulker, of Salisbury, per s.s. Arcot.
Just arrived, per s. s. Huzara, one new MAIL-PHAETON and one new VICTORIA by Watson, suitable for one or pair of horses.
Arrived per s.s. Kerbela, one new BAROUCHE with inside folding steps and enamelled leather awning to the head, by Lewis Fulker, of Salisbury.
Apply to
JAFFER SULLIMAN & CO.

NOTICE is hereby given that KHOJA SALLAY MAHOMED GOOLAM HOOSEIN has contracted to SELL all that piece or parcel of land or ground situate at Mount-road, Mazagon, with the tenements, hereditaments and buildings standing thereon or appurtenant thereto registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 45, New Survey No. 3662, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 3, and admeasuring (2,212) two thousand two hundred and twelve square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on or towards the east by the Mount-road, on or towards the west by the property of Nusserwanjee Manockjee Petit, on or towards the north by the property of H. H. Aga Jungee Shah, and on or towards the south by the property of Merwanjee Nowrojee.
All persons having claims upon the said premises by way of inheritance, mortgage, gift or otherwise, are requested to make the same known to the undersigned at his residence, No. 8, Love-lane, Mazagon, within 14 days from the date hereof: otherwise the purchase shall be completed without reference thereto, and the purchaser shall not be liable for any such claim whatever which shall be considered as null and void.
KURRIM KHAN.
Mazagon, 7th February, 1885.

SINDH, PUNJAB AND DELHI RAILWAY COMPANY
NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the supply, at Lahore and Kurrachee, of certain STORES of COUNTRY PRODUCE and MANUFACTURE, during the nine months commencing 1st April, 1885.
Printed lists of the articles required at each place, and specifications and conditions under which the Company will receive tenders, and enter into contracts, may be obtained on application to the Chief Storekeeper, Lahore.
Tenders must be submitted to the Agent's office, Lahore, in sealed covers, superscribed "Tenders for the supply of country stores," and must reach not later than 2 p.m. on the 3rd March, 1885.
The following list will give an indication of the stores principally required:—
1. Metals, manufactured and unmanufactured.
2. Tools.
3. Hardware.
4. Cloths, uniforms, &c.
5. Ropes, &c
6. Kerosine oil, Tallow, Soaps, &c.
7. Hides, Leather, and Leather work.
8. Timber, Bullies, Charcoal, &c.
9. Furniture and Glassware.
10. Painter's stores.
11. Chemicals, &c.
12. Wicker work, Bamboos, Baskets.
13. Pottery.
14. Country stationery.
15. Lamps, &c.
16. Miscellaneous.
R. BOCQUET, C.I.E.,
Agent, S. P. and D. Ry. Co.
Agent's Office, Lahore, 24th Jan. 1885.

THE NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE CORPORATION, Limited.
CAPITAL £1,000,000.
TRUSTEES:
SIR HENRY ARTHUR HUNT, C.B.
CHARLES HOARE, Esq.
CHAIRMAN:
SIR GABRIEL GOLDNEY, Bart., M.P.
DEPUTY CHAIRMAN:
FOSTER MORTIMORE, Esq.
DIRECTORS.
H. W. HOARE, Esq.
HENRY LOFTS, Esq.
ROBERT OWEN WHITE, Esq.
THE HON. ROBT WELLESLEY GROSVENOR
THOMAS A. H. HAMOND, Esq.
HENRY A. HUNT, Esq.
HEAD OFFICE—74, King William-Street, London.
PELLY AND CO., Ld.,
Agents.
Bombay, February 2, 1885.

NOTICES.

USE THE ORIGINAL & ONLY GENUINE WRIGHT'S AN ELEGANT TOILET SOAP COAL TAR SOAP

TABLETS 6d. & 1/- BOXES 1/6

PRESCRIBED BY THE ENTIRE MEDICAL PROFESSION FOR THE CURE OF SKIN DISEASES.

PROTECTS FROM MEASLES, SMALL POX & SCARLET FEVER.

W. V. WRIGHT & Co SOUTHWARK, LONDON.

GENUINE EMERY. BRUNSWICK BLACK. ACTON AND BORMAN, LONDON.

ACTON'S "PROTECTOR" KNIFE POLISH

A SILVER SURFACE PRODUCED IMMEDIATELY ON CUTLERY WITHOUT WEAR FRICTION OR DUST

PACKETS 3d TINS 1 & 2/6 EACH

DEPOT 72 SHOE LANE LONDON

EMERY CLOTH. GLASS PAPER.

ACTON'S "ROYAL LUSTRE" BLACK LEAD.

A LASTING & BRILLIANT POLISH PRODUCED IMMEDIATELY WITHOUT WASTE OR DUST

1d 2d & 4d PACKETS EVERYWHERE

72 SHOE LANE LONDON

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS

Sold by all Stationers.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

NOTICE.

Messrs. HENRY S. KING CO. LONDON,

EXECUTE ORDERS FROM ANY CO-OPERATIVE STORE CATALOGUE,

Supplying Goods of equal quality and at the same prices. No Orders executed unless accompanied by a full Remittance.

THE MUIR MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED, CAWNPORE.

MILITARY DRILLS.

WHITE DRILLS FOR THE CLOTHING OF EUROPEAN TROOPS.

KHAKI DRILLS, yarn or piece dyed, in approved shades for native Troops. Samples and patterns on application to the Managing Director or to the Company's Agents, Messrs. W. WATSON and Co., Apollo-street, Bombay.

BADHAM, PILE and Co., Limited.

SUCCESSORS TO P. GRANT AND SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF SADDLERY AND HARNESS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

6, HORNBY-ROAD, BOMBAY.

KEATING'S COUGH-LOZENGES.

COUGHS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIFFICULTY of BREATHING are speedily cured by KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES, recognised and recommended by the Medical Faculty. No other remedy is half so effective. One Lozenge alone gives relief. They contain no Opium, Morphia, nor any violent drug, and may be taken by the most delicate. One or two at bed-time ensures rest when troubled by the throat sold at all Chemists, in bottles.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S., VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATE, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion Rs. 5. Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 30 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attentions Horse broken to single and double harness, in the yard single Rs. 15, double Rs. 30.) The Horse Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier and every class of shoeing done.

£50 STERLING A YEAR to be received in quarterly instalments from age 55

Costs, if commenced at age	20	Per annum. £ s. d. 0 10 8	No medical examination is required for this provision Form very simple.
" " "	25	0 14 6	
" "	30	1 0 5	
"	35	1 10 1	
" " "	40	2 7 7	

£500 STERLING payable at 55 age or at death of previous,

Costs, if commenced at age	20	Civil. £ s. d. 1 10 1	Military. £ s. d. 1 14 3	The Military rate covers Risk of War in any part the Globe.
" "	25	1 14 2	1 18 4	
" "	30	2 0 4	2 4 6	
" "	35	2 10 5	2 14 7	
" "	40	3 7 6	3 11 8	

RATES FOR OTHER AGES, and FOR OTHER AMOUNTS, FORMS OF PROPOSAL, CONDITIONS OF ASSURANCE, and all information may be obtained on application to SECRETARY, STANDARD LIFE OFFICE, Bombay, or to any of the Standard Company's Agents. Applicants are particularly requested to state date of birth.

LIVER COMPLAINTS.

DR. KING'S DANDELION and QUININE LIVER PILLS (without Mercury,) THE BEST REMEDY FOR BILLIOUSNESS, STOMACH DERANGEMENT, FLATULENCE, PAINS BETWEEN THE SHOULDERS, BAD APPETITE, INDIGESTION, ACIDITY, HEAD-ACHE, HEARTBURN, and all other symptoms of disordered liver and dyspepsia. Acknowledged by many eminent surgeons to be the safest and mildest pills for every constitution.

In Boxes at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., and 4s. 6d.

Sold by Chemists and Medicine Vendors throughout the world. Prepared by Jas. Rorke, London.

Specially valuable Pills for residents abroad and traveller.

TARAXACUM and PODOPHYLLIN—Prepared only by J. Pepper, London. This Fluid combination, extracted from medicinal roots, is now used instead of blue pill and calomel for the cure of dyspepsia biliousness, and all symptoms of congestion of the liver, which are generally pain beneath the shoulders, headache, drowsiness no appetite, furred tongue, disagreeable taste in the morning giddiness, disturbance of the stomach, and feeling of general depression. It sets the sluggish liver in motion, very slightly acts on the bowels, giving a sense of health and comfort within 24 hours. It is the safest medicine. Taraxacum and Podophyllin is a fluid made only by J. PEPPER, Bedford Laboratory, London, whose name is on every label. Bottles, 2s. 9d., and 4s. 6d. Sold by all Chemists. A most valuable and essential medicine for India, Australia, the Cape, and Colonies generally.

LOCKYER'S SULPHUR HAIR RESTORER will darken grey hair, and in a few days completely bring back the natural colour. The effect is superior to that produced by an instantaneous dye, and does not injure the skin.

LOCKYER'S SULPHUR HAIR-RESTORER is the best for restoring grey hair to its former colour. It produces a perfectly natural shade, and is absolutely harmless. Recommended for destroying scurf and encouraging growth of new hair.

LOCKYER'S SULPHUR HAIR-RESTORER.—No other hair dressing is requisite. Large Bottles, 1s. 6d. Sold by Chemists, Hair-dressers, and Perfumers in London, and throughout the world. Lockyer's is equal to any of the high-priced preparations. Sold by TREACHER & Co.

SULPHOLINE LOTION.—An External by Means of CURING SKIN DISEASES. There is scarcely any eruption but will yield to "Sulpholine" in a few days, and commence to fade away even if it seems past cure. Ordinary pimples, redness, blotches, scurf, roughness, vanish as if by magic; whilst old, enduring skin disorders that have plagued the sufferers for years, however deeply rooted they may be, "Sulpholine" will successfully attack them. It destroys the animalcule which cause these unsightly, irritable, painful affections, and always produces a clear, healthy, natural condition of the skin. "Sulpholine" Lotion is sold by most Chemists. Bottles, 2s. 9d. Made by J. PEPPER and Co., London. Sold by TREACHER and Co.

PEPPER'S QUININE and IRON TONIC strengthens the nervous and muscular system, improves digestion, animates the spirits, recruits the health. For debilitated health from the effect of hot climates, this tonic is invaluable.

PEPPER'S QUININE and IRON TONIC rouses and develops the nervous energies, enriches the blood, promotes appetite, dispels languor and depression, fortifies the digestive organs. Is a specific remedy for neuralgia, ague, indigestion, fevers of every kind, chest affections and in wasting disease, scrofulous tendencies, &c. The whole frame is greatly invigorated by Pepper's Tonic, the mental faculties brightened, the constitution greatly strengthened, and a return to robust health certain. Bottles, 32 doses, 4s. 6d.; next size, 11s. Sold by Chemists everywhere. The name of J. Pepper, Bedford Laboratory, London, must be on the label. There is no Tonic so certain in effect as Pepper's Quinine and Iron. It is strongly recommended to residents in India and the Colonies, and should always be kept ready for use in every case of fever or febrile condition. Sold by TREACHER & Co.

COD LIVER OIL

PETER MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL again victorious over all others AT INTERNATIONAL FISHERIES EXHIBITION.

PETER MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL in competition with every known MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD.

PETER MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL was the ONLY ONE AWARDED TWO GOLD MEDALS.

PETER MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL Dr. Abbotts says "Productive of MORE BENEFIT THAN THE OTHER KINDS."

PETER MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL 'The Indian Medical Gazette' says "SUPERIOR TO ANY WE HAVE EVER SEEN."

PETER MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL Dr. Lewis A. Sayre "In every respect ALL THAT COULD BE WISHED."

At CHEMISTS, GROCERS, &c. MOLLER'S COD LIVER OIL REGISTERED TRADE MARK. and GODOWNS EVERYWHERE.

Steam Manufactories, Lofoten Islands, Norway.

Offices & Warehouses, Christiania; and 43, Snow Hill, London, E.C.

A HIGH-CLASS ANTI-CORROSIVE

LUBRICANT

("ENGELBERT'S LUBRICATOR"),

For Cylinders, Valves, Shaftings, Bearings, &c.,

LEAVES NO DIRT OR DEPOSIT. CANNOT "GUM" OR CLOG.

Price 3s. 9d. per Gallon.

PATENTEES & SOLE MANUFACTURERS,

ENGELBERT & CO.,

BISHOPSGATE, LONDON.

AGENT—J. B. K. MACBETH, ENGINEER, BOMBAY.



(REGISTERED TRADE MARK.)

DRESS FABRICS

"DIRECT from the LOOM to the CONSUMER!!"

Showing a Great Saving to the Purchaser!!!

(ANY LENGTH CUT.)

THE Bradford Manufacturing Co.,

BRADFORD, YORKSHIRE,

ENGLAND.

Will, on receipt of letter or post card, promptly forward, post free, to any address, a Sample Parcel of Patterns of all the Leading Novelties in Dress Goods to suit every Season of the year, and every climate, at prices to meet every class of Society. Innumerable Press Opinions testify to the excellence of the Fabrics, and the great advantages offered to the public. The "Century Cashmeres," which received the highest awards (Silver Medals) at the International Health and Crystal Palace Exhibitions, are in ever-increasing demand. Export Orders over £1 in value delivered free to any of the principal ports in England. Write at once and mention this paper.



SQUARE BOTTLE WHISKY.

FREE FROM FUSEL-OIL.

Everywhere in demand.

NAPIER JOHNSTONE'S HIGHLAND MALT WHISKY.

Price per dozen case Rs. 26, subject to Cash Discount.

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.,

Sole Agents in Bombay.

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT.

New Goods in all Departments.
Rich Silk Dinner and Visiting Dresses.
Ball Dresses in Tulle, Gauze, etc.
Rich Silk Dresses for Receptions.
The New Spotted Muslins.
Embroidered Nun's Cloth.
French Flowers in all the new colours.
Ladies' Paris Bonnets and Hats.
French Kid Gloves for Ladies and Gentlemen.

MRS. LAKE,

7, CHURCH-GATE-STREET, FORT,

BOMBAY.

THE CASH BAZAAR, LIMITED,

MILLINERS, DRESS-MAKERS, TAILORS, HOSIERS, HATTERS, DRAPERS, GLOVERS, BOOT AND SHOE MERCHANTS, AND GENERAL PROVIDERS,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

SASH RIBBONS.

SATIN REVERSE SILK.

3½ in. wide, Pale Blue, as. 12 per yard.
4½ in. wide, Cream, Pink, Blue, and Brown.
Rs. 1-4, Rs. 1-8, and Rs. 1-14 per yard.
6⅝ in. wide, Cream, Grenal, Dark Maroon, Punn, Pale Blue.
Rs. 1-12 and Rs. 2-8 per yard.
8 inches wide, Pink Cardinal, Peacock, and Pale Blue.
Rs. 2-8 per yard.

MORIE.

4⅜ inches wide Navy Blue, Rs. 2-4 per yard.
6½ inches do. Blue, Pale Blue, Navy Blue, Maroon, Pink, Pale Pink and Black.
Rs. 2-4 and 2-8 per yard.

SILK CORDED.

3½ inches wide, Pale Blue and White Re. 1-2 per yard.
4½ inches wide, White, Pink, Pale Blue and Yellow, Rs. 1-8
6½ inches Cream, Rs. 2-4

LEATHER BELTS

Of all descriptions, from Rs. 1-4 to Rs. 3-15 each.

THE SCOURGE OF THE UNIVERSE!!!

CHOLERA

SUCCESSFULLY TREATED BY THE USE OF

COTTER'S CHOLERA PILLS.

Now that the frightful ravages of cholera is the subject of controversy among our eminent Medical and Sanitary authorities, it behoves us to look to ourselves, and to seek the knowledge of a faithful reliable medicine, which, while being thoroughly efficacious, will also come within the reach of the means of everyone.

COTTER'S CHOLERA PILLS!!!

Have obtained a reputation which, if it was more generally known, would prove an eminent blessing to thousands of sufferers. The present holder has obtained the sole proprietary right from Mr. Cotter, and the cause of humanity demands, undeniably, that the public should be made fully cognizant of a remedy so easy of access.

COTTER'S CHOLERA PILLS

Surpass any other medicine in the world for efficacy of properties, and several have derived great material benefit from a medicine which has only to be tried to recommend itself, even to sceptics in matters medicinal. In every fact, Cotter's Pills are miraculous in their effects, and will eventually prove their many advantages in theface of any other choleraic preventive.

Note the price for a certain cure or the Scourge of the Universe. RS. 2. Note the price for a certain cure for the Scourge of the Universe.

The Proprietor strongly recommends strict attention to the directions which accompany each bottle, and NO Water, Wine, Spirits, or Liquid of any kind whatever, should be given, except the fusio prescribed.

AGENTS { JAMSETJI'S SONS, Sialkote, Lahore, Mian Mir, Jullundur, and Delhi. MANAGER, Railway Refreshment Rooms, Umballa. EDULJI & Co., Lucknow. J. SHAPOORJI & Co., Allahabad. DINSHAW & Co., Meerut.

Sole Proprietor, N. EDULJI BANKWALLA, Lahore.

GOLD MEDAL AND CALCUTTA INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION 1883-84 CUTLER, PALMER & Co. FOR GENERAL EXCELLENCE

Established in Europe, 1815. Established in India, 1842.

FIRST CLASS CERTIFICATE.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO., BOMBAY.

ALSO OF LONDON, CALCUTTA, BORDEAUX, MADRAS, LAHORE, KARACHI.

FOUR GOLD and TWO SILVER MEDALS were awarded to us and Correspondents whom we represented at the late Calcutta International Exhibition.

Cash. Per case. 1 doz. Qts. Rs. a.	2 doz. Pts. Rs. a.	SPARKLING GERMAN WINES.	Credit. Per case. 1 doz. Qts. Rs. a.	2 doz. Pts. Rs. a.
43 0	45 0	Hock, Nonpareil, extra quality	45 0	47 0
32 8	34 8	Hock, Sparkling Rudesheimer	34 0	36 0
43 0	45 0	Moselle, Nonpareil, finest	45 0	47 0
32 8	34 8	Moselle, Muscatel, very choice	34 0	36 0
		STILL GERMAN WINES.		
33 12	...	Liebfraumilch dinner	35 8	...
29 8	31 8	Rudesheimer, mellow	31 0	33 0
24 4	26 4	Hochheimer, fine flavoured	25 8	27 8
19 4	21 0	Laubenheimer, light	20 0	22 0
30 0	...	Steinwein in Bocksbeutels	31 8	...
Cash. Per case. 1 doz. qts. Rs. a.		SHERRY.	Credit. Per case. 1 doz. qts. Rs. a.	
38 12		Amontillado, A 1, the best	gold capsule 40	8
36 12		Amontillado, choice	black " 38	8
34 8		Solera, very superior pale	purple " 36	0
28 12		Solera, medium dry	black " 30	0
28 4		Amoroso, full-flavoured	black " 29	8
27 4		Montilla, extra pale and very dry	black " 28	8
25 4		Vino Puro, very pale, dry	blue " 26	8
24 0		Oloroso, golden	green " 25	0
22 0		Manzanilla, light and very dry	red " 23	0
20 0		Vino de Pasto, pale and dry	pink " 21	0
16 12		A good Dinner Wine	white " 17	8
		MARSALA.		
16 12		Marsala, virgin, pale, yellow capsule	17	8
		MADEIRA.		
37 12		Madeira, E. 1., very superior, 2 voyages, black capsule	39	8
32 8		Madeira, direct, excellent wine red	34	0
24 0		Madeira blue	25	0
		HUNGARIAN WINE.		
19 4		Carlowitz, red, very choice	20	0
		WHISKY.		
37 0		Whisky, Scotch, "the Carlton," 11 years old	38	0
32 12		Whisky, Scotch, fine Highland, 5 years old	34	0
25 2		Napier Johnstone's Highland Whisky	26	0
23 0		Whisky, Scotch, Glenlivet, Special Reserve	24	0
21 0		Whisky, Scotch, Glenlivet, old vatted	22	0
23 0		Whisky, Scotch, fine old, pure	24	0
18 0		Whisky, Scotch, Crown Brand	18	8
26 0		Whisky, Irish, Finest Old Dublin, three shamrocks	27	0
24 0		Whisky, Irish, Fine old Dublin, one shamrock	25	0
23 0		Whisky, Irish, fine old, pure	24	0
18 0		Whisky, Irish, Crown Brand	18	8
		COGNAC AND SPIRITS.		
19 8		Jean Sibadey's Brandy	20	0
24 0		Monogram cognac	25	0
27 0		Blue Capsule, "a capital pea Brandy"	28	0
29 8		White Capsule, "delicate flavour"	30	8
32 12		Yellow Capsule, "fine old soft, pale"	34	0
37 8		Black Capsule, "old pale, superior"	39	0
45 4		Black Capsule, "extra superior," rare, 20 years old	47	0
22 4		Rum, finest old Jamaica	23	0
20 8		Rum, fine "Pineapple"	21	0
22 4		Gin, London Old Tom, first quality	23	0
28 4		Dry Gin	23	0
21 0		Geneva, in flasks, the best	18	0
31 0		Schnapps, Henke's Aromatic	18	8

PRESENTATION CLOCKS.

MESSRS. FAVRE-LEUBA & Co. have much pleasure to inform their numerous customers that they have just received a large supply of

PALANQUIN OR CARRIAGE CLOCKS

of the newest and most elegant designs.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH MARBLE CLOCKS.

A collection unequalled in India.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH FANCY CLOCKS,

Elegant, Fashionable, Useful.

All the above have been chosen by our Manager personally from the best manufactories of Paris and London, and intending purchasers will find with us a rare choice. The prices will be found to compare favorably with those of the best firms at home, while in quality they are at least of same standing.

Each clock is guaranteed for a term of 2 years. Carriage and Fancy clocks are fitted in a strong, well-finished Morocco Case.

Nothing could be more appreciated and suitable for

WEDDING PRESENTS AND BIRTHDAY GIFT.

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.

BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

BOURNE AND SHEPHERD,

PHOTOGRAPHERS,

11, ESPLANADE-ROAD.

STUDIO FOR PORTRAITURE OPEN DAILY FROM 9 A.M. TO 4 P.M.

PORTRAITS of all sizes and descriptions executed in oils, water colour, sand black and white by thoroughly competent artists.

PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEWS

(Universally admitted to be the finest collection in the world) Of India, Burmah, Ceylon and the Straits Settlements always available.

LISTS AND TERMS ON APPLICATION.

BRANCH HOUSES:

TALBOT HOUSE, SIMLA, AND 8, CHOWRINGHEE, CALCUTTA.

P. VUCCINO AND CO.,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS

BY

SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

PRIZE MEDAL BOMBAY ART EXHIBITION OF 1879.

INTERNATIONAL CALCUTTA EXHIBITION.

PRIZE MEDAL AND FIRST-CLASS CERTIFICATE.

Studio is open daily for portraiture from 9 a. m. to 4 p.m.

Office open from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. for any person wishing to make any engagement.

VIEWS of BOMBAY, AJUNTA, KARRACHI, MAHABLESHWAR, etc., etc. Also a number of Revolving Portrait Albums, Cabinet Box Albums, and more Stander Frames of different sizes.

WACHTER'S "Royal Charter."

PERRIER, JOUET & CO.'S "Reservee Cuvee" (Fines' Extra, Extra Dry.)

PERINET & FIL'S "Cuvee Reservee" (Extra set

HEIDSIECK & CO.'S "Dry Monopole."

C. P. & CO.'S 1880." "Excelsior."

Shipments (*not* consignments) of these deservedly appreciated CHAMPAGNES, we receive continually at this port, and parcels thereof are, as heretofore, at the disposal of constituents and others desirous of these *unequalled* Brands.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO., BOMBAY.

P. S.—In the choice and selection of Wines our Constituents and others can avail themselves of the assistance of our experienced European representatives; they are "not directed" to apply to "head (nor tail) native godown keepers."

C. P. & Co.

INSURANCES.

SUN FIRE OFFICE, LONDON. ESTABLISHED 1710.

INSURANCES effected upon Merchandize, Warehouses Shops, Dwelling-Houses and their contents, in Bombay and the Mofussil, at the current rates.

CLAIMS arranged by the local Agents, and paid with promptitude and liberality.

PEEL, CASSELS & Co., Agents.

ROYAL EXCHANGE ASSURANCE CORPORATION.—Policies covering the risk of Fire on Merchandise and Buildings in Bombay are issued by

REMINGTON & Co.

Agents, Royal Exchange Assurance Corporation. Bombay, 10th August, 1875.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE.

CAPITAL—£2,500,000.

FUNDS EXCEED—£1,950,000.

THE above Company INSURES almost every description of FIRE and SEA RISK and also accepts LIFE PROPOSALS at advantageous Rates.

WALLACE & Co., Agents, 4, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

ESTABLISHED IN 1834.

LARGE REDUCTION OF PREMIUM

ON PARTICIPATING POLICIES

6 YEARS IN FORCE.

EQUAL TO 50 PER CENT.

SPECIAL REDUCED RATES upon ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES payable at 10 years, or before, at death.

Full particulars upon application to

KING, KING & Co., Agents and Secretaries.

THE INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, Limited,

IS the FIRST PUBLIC COMPANY established in India, to provide Security against Losses arising through dishonesty of persons holding situations of trust, and to obviate the inconvenience and defects of Suretyship by Prite Bondsmen.

The Security of Association is now generally adopted for European and Native Officer under Government and Public Companies.

Friends and Relations are relieved of the fear of those pecuniary-losses to which persons are exposed who become responsible for the acts of others.

Moderate rates according to the nature of the employment on the amount of security required.

Premiums periodically reduced.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms, apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I. A., 9, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. Secretary.

NOTICES.

FOR SALE, MANILLA and OILED COIR ROPE and CORDAGE. Apply to

OWEN & OKELL, Agents to W. H. HARTON & Co., Calcutta. Apollo Street, Bombay.

OOSMAN ALLARUCKIA,

NEAR ZACKARIA MUSJID, BOMBAY.

VELVET CARPET, Brussel's Carpet, Persian and Hyderabad pattern.

And Tapestry Carpets, various patterns.

And Oil Flower Carpet, large and small, Music Boxes, English and Hindustani tune, and all kinds of coloured Table.

Furniture, Silk and coloured Damask, Silk and Velvet Tassel for cushion, and Antimacassar, best black lustering, large Turkish brown Blanket, Plush and Silk coloured Velvet.

A GENTLEMAN with several years' Indian journalistic experience is open to an engagement, either to undertake the entire conduct of any journal or as Joint, Assistant, or Sub-editor.

No objection to take up the management or superintendence of any Press or News Office. Advertiser understands thoroughly the minutiæ of every department of a Printing Office and carries with him a good business connection. First-class references. Address "A. Z.," care of General Post Office, Calcutta.

BASCH & PARDOWITZ.

NEW GOODS, JUST ARRIVED.

THE CHEAPEST FIRM IN BOMBAY.

GENT'S READY-MADE CLOTHES of all kinds and style, very cheap.

Frocks, Dressing Suits, and every requisite for Gentlemen, Shoes, Boots, Hats, Shirts, Umbrellas, Stocking, Professor Ager's wearing apparel, consisting of Banians and Panjamas, bittle dressers for Girl.

We always get twice a month fresh goods, and we will thank the ladies and gentlemen of Bombay to give us a call.

BASCH AND PARDOWITZ, PROPRIETORS.

PERRY DAVIS VEGETABLE PAINKILLER.

Perry Davis & Son Manufacturers and Proprietor Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.

UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND And a complete mitigator of Pain.

A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE-BITES.

AS an application for BRUISES, BURNS, NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM has no equal

AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA Or any sort of Bowel Complaint, it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.

Full Directions accompany each bottle.

Retailed by chemists all over the world

Beware of imitations exposed for sale in the Indian Bazars

GENERAL AGENT AT BOMBAY.

ESUFALLY HIPTOOLA, No. 9, Pir Mar [illegible] near Jumma Masjid.

SHOW OF NOVELTIES IN DRESSES.

PARIS MODELS of DINNER DRESSES are on view at SOUTHWELL and AUSTIN'S, Apollo-street, Bombay.

PARIS MODELS of EVENING DRESSES are on view at SOUTHWELL and AUSTIN'S, Apollo-street, Bombay.

PARIS MODELS of BOATING COSTUMES are on view at SOUTHWELL and AUSTIN'S, Apollo-street, Bombay.

PARIS MODELS of LAWN-TENNIS COSTUMES are on view at SOUTHWELL and AUSTIN'S, Apollo-street, Bombay.

PARIS MODELS of YACHTING COSTUMES are on view at SOUTHWELL and AUSTIN'S, Apollo-street, Bombay.

PARIS MODELS EMBROIDERED LACE TABLIERS.

PARIS MODELS LACE COLLARETTS.

SOUTHWELL AND AUSTIN,

DRESSMAKERS, MILLINERS, AND LADIES' OUTFITTERS,

APOLLO-STREET, BOMBAY.

BHAVNAGAR-GONDAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

THE public is hereby informed that on and from the 10th January, 1885, to the 10th May, 1885, THROUGH PASSENGER and GOODS SERVICE by STEAMER will be in operation between the Bhavnagar-Gondal Railway stations and Bombay. Passengers and Goods will be booked from any station on the Bhavnagar-Gondal Railway to Bombay, and from Bombay to any station on the Bhavnagar-Gondal Railway. The Railway Steamer "OORUN" will start from Carnac Bunder, Bombay, every SATURDAY, and from Bhavnagar Bunder every TUESDAY following. The charge by Sea between Bombay and Bhavnagar Bunder will be for passengers as under:—

1st Class	.....	Rs. 8
2nd do.	.....	" 5
3rd do.	.....	" 2

FREE LUGGAGE BY STEAMER.

1st Class	3 maunds	or 240 lbs.
2nd do.	2 do.	or 160 do.
3rd do.	1 do.	or 80 do.

All luggage in excess of above allowance will be charged at Rs. 2-8 per maund of 80 lbs.

Through tickets for passengers will be issued, the above charge being added to the fare by Railway as published in tariff exhibited at all stations.

The tickets issued by the Bhavnagar-Gondal Railway Stations for Bombay will also be available by the steamers "Bhavnagar" and "Eran on the following days:—

Steamer "Bhavnagar" every Saturday from Bhavnagar.

Steamer "Eran" every Thursday from Bhavnagar.

All tickets issued for the sea voyage through and local, will hold good for 7 days; after that, if used, they will be exceeded full charge being collected. Local tickets Bhavnagar for Bombay can be had at Bhavnagar Bunder office, or booking office in the Bhavnagar city.

For goods rates and rules, see classifications at stations and at booking office, "Carnac-bunder," Bombay.

For further particulars apply to the Traffic Superintendent, Ghadeehi, Booking Clerk, Carnac-bunder office, Bombay, and booking office at Bhavnagar bunder.

By Order,

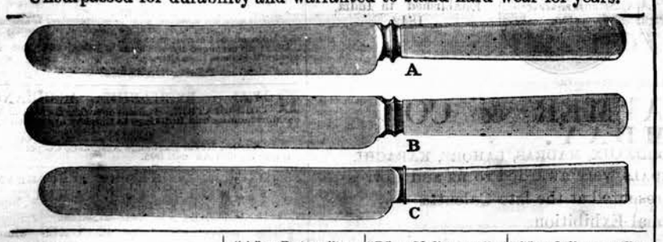
CHAS. CARROLL, Traffic Superintendent.

Traffic Supdt.'s Office, Ghadeehi, 15th January, 1885.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 27 June, 2017

BEST SHEFFIELD CUTLERY.

Unsurpassed for durability and warranted to stand hard wear for years.



	"A" or Best quality, with tang rivet.	"B" or Medium quality, with pin rivet.	"C" or Ordinary quality, a good serviceable article.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Table Knives	per doz. 30 0	per doz. 25 0	per doz. 20 0
Dessert do.	„ 25 0	„ 20 0	„ 17 0
Meat Carvers (Knife and Fork) ...	per pair. 10 8	per pair. 8 0	per pair. 7 0
Game Carvers (do. do.) ...	„ 10 8	„ 8 0	„ 7 0
Steel Sharpeners	each. 4 8	each. 3 8	each. 2 8
Complete set	Rs. 80 8	Rs. 64 8	Rs. 53 8

Bone-Handled.	Rs. a.	Buckhorn-Handled.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Table Knives ... ... per doz.	15 0	Table Knives ...per doz.	10 8 ... Forks...	4 8
Dessert do. ... ... „	12 0	Dessert do. ... „	9 0 ... do. ...	4 0

Cutlery Cases of Oak or Mahogany fitted with a complete set of "A" Cutlery and best Fiddle Pattern Electroplated Forks ... ...Rs. 145 8
Do. do. do. do. "B" do. do. ... „ 129 8
Do. do. do. do. "C" do. do. ... „ 118 8

TREACHER & Co., LIMITED,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

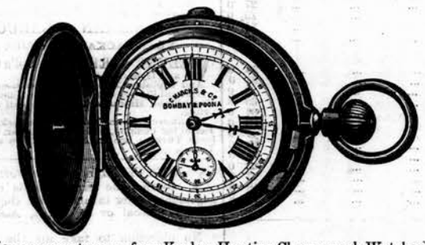
CHRONOGRAPHS & RACING WATCHES

MANUFACTURED BY

POONA, 1, East-street. } C. MARCKS & CO. { BOMBAY, 43, Esplanade-road

MESSRS. C. MARCKS & Co. have pleasure in acquainting their numerous Constituents that the Chronographs and Racing Watches enumerated here below are in every respect RELIABLE, DURABLE, and THE MOST PERFECT TIME-KEEPERS EVER MADE:—

Best value obtainable anywhere, Rs. 125 net cash.



In case, with spare glass, spare main spring, and a 2-years' guarantee.

The Illustration represents one of our Keyless Hunting Chronograph Watches in sterling silver case. The long seconds hand is an independent one with three actions, *viz.*, starting, stopping, and flying back to zero, all of which are effected by a pressure on the button projecting near the figure 12 of the dial. The escapement is a lever one fitted with COMPENSATION balance, so as to keep accurate time in ANY climate. Price, net cash ... ... Rs. 125 0
The same works in crystal case. Net cash 110 0
A large collection of high-class Chronograph Gold Watches always in stock, varying in price from Rs. 510 to... ... ... 750 0
Watches with Chronograph hand at the back, of a cheaper quality, each at Rs. 75, 85, and 95 0
We are ready to exchange any of the above if, on receipt, not approved of. Repair executed by the most experienced Workmen at very low prices.

C. MARCKS & COMPANY,

WATCH MANUFACTURERS, &c.,
43, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

GOLD AND SILVER PRESENTATION NECKLETS, COLLARETTES & LOCKETS.



Handsome Gold Gothic Embossed Band Necklet, with Spring Loop for Locket, Rs. 257 Cash.
A large variety of other Necklets and Collarettes in stock, priced from Rs. 150 to 360.

THE NEW AND

FASHIONABLE FLEXIBLE BAND NECKLET.

IN SILVER, Rs. 35, 30, 28.



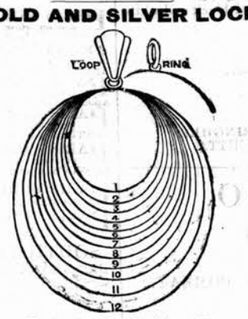
IN GOLD, Rs. 200, 185, 110, 90, 80, 55, 45, 40.

A larg assortment of very pretty Neckchains, of various Patterns, from Rs. 14 to 55.

RICH GOLD AND SILVER LOCKETS.

SILVER LOCKETS.

Plain.		Engraved.	
Rs. 5	No. 1	Rs.	7
„ 6	2	„	8
„ 7	3	„	9
„ 8	4	„	10
„ 9	5	„	11
„ 11	6	„	13
„ 12	7	„	14
„ 13	8	„	15
„ 14	9	„	17
„ 15	10	„	18
„ 17	11	„	20
„ 20	12	„	22



GOLD LOCKETS.

Plain.		Engraved.	
Rs. 23	No. 1	Rs.	25
„ 26	2	„	28
„ 30	3	„	33
„ 33	4	„	36
„ 38	5	„	42
„ 42	6	„	46
„ 48	7	„	52
„ 54	8	„	58
„ 60	9	„	64
„ 66	10	„	72
„ 80	11	„	85
„ 95	12	„	100

A large assortment of other pretty Lockets with and without Gems and with Forget-me-Nots, richly Enamelled, from Rs. 30 to Rs. 250.

HAMILTON & CO.,

JEWELLERS, SILVERSMITHS AND WATCHMAKERS,
RAMPART ROW.
CALCUTTA. January 31st 1885. SIMLA

"CARLTON" WHISKEY.

ELEVEN YEARS OLD & FIVE YEARS OLD

GOLD MEDAL,
CALCUTTA EXHIBITION, 1884.

CARLTON RICHD MATHEWS & CO TRADE MARK WHISKEY

For Prices apply to CUTLER, PALMER & Co., Agents for India.
Shippers: RICHARD MATHEWS & Co. London.

H. SAMUEL'S WORLD-FAMED WATCHES!!!

TO THE INHABITANTS OF INDIA.

H. Samuel, whose name has become famous throughout the civilized world as the pioneer of a movements which has caused a revolution in the art of watchmaking, b, supplying the public with a watch at first cost direct from the factory—H. Samuel now opens up to the inhabitants, native and European, of this vast peninsula, advantages which have been heretofore offered only to the British public.

H. Samuel is the manufacturer, and is thereby enabled to supply his wonderful watches from the finisher to the wearer's pocket. This saves, in most cases, three profits, which would make the cost of the watch more than double the price which H. Samuel charges.

These watches are all of the best manufacture, made by the most skilled workmen, are elegant in appearance and noted for their durability and marvellous



ACCURACY OF TIMEKEEPING,

supplied to the inhabitants of India at the astonishing price of £2 12s. 6d., which, with the cost of carriage, 2s. 6d., is £2 15s. 0d., or 27½ rupees, for which sum may be obtained, safe by post, securely packed, one of the finest English levers in the world. Unobtainable at £4 6s. 0d. (63 rupees).

Each is fitted with dust and damp-tight cap, in splendid solid silver, English Hall-marked cases, and are undoubtedly a

PARAGON OF PERFECTION.

The accompanying engraving represents our celebrated English Lever of magnificent appearance and most finished workmanship, is fitted with dust and damp-tight cap, very massive English Hall-marked cases, beautifully engine-turned, with shield and garter on back, white enamel dial, gold hands, and sunk seconds. Send for one of these watches, and you will echo the words of thousands who daily send for them from all parts of the world, that they far exceed their highest expectations.

Will keep Exact Time in any Climate.

MANY OF THESE WATCHES ARE NOW WORN IN INDIA, AND GIVE THEIR WEARERS UNBOUNDED SATISFACTION.

H. SAMUEL, being the Manufacturer, is enabled to supply his Marvellous Watches lower than any firm in the World.

Under these circumstances it would be a matter of surprise were H. Samuel's name less widely known than it is. In no other firm have the public such security against deception, everything being of special and wonderful value. The reason of H. Samuel's extraordinary success is due to the determination with which he has persevered in what would to other houses be most disastrous—*i.e.*, THE DEMOLITION OF LARGE PROFITS, and so brought the following wonderful watches within the reach of all.

	OUR PRICE.	
The finest English Lever in the world, fitted with dust and damp-tight cap, sterling silver, English Hall-marked cases (stamped). Retail Price, £5 5s.	£2 12s. 6d. ..	27½ rupees.
Very beautiful Lady's Real Gold Watch, horizontal movements, exquisitely engraved cases, timed to a second. Retail Price, £6 6s.	£3 3s. ..	32½ „
H. Samuel's Superb English Lever Chronograph, in massive English Hall-marked (Silver) cases, with patent stop action. Retail Price, £10 10s.	£4 17s. 6d. ..	50 „
H. Samuel's specially-made, True Timekeeper, English Leve Watch, extra massive cases, patent expansion balance, made for rough usage. Retail Price, £8 8s.	£4 4s. ..	43½ „
Lady's or Gent's very handsome, real silver Watches, horizontal movements, timed to the most astonishing accuracy. Retail Price, £3 3s.	£1 5s. ..	13½ „

Cost of Carriage, 2s. 6d. extra.

INSTRUCTIONS.

Cut out Coupon below and enclose it with Money Order obtainable at Post Office, and made payable to H. Samuel, General Post Office, Manchester, England. The Watch will be sent on same day as order is received, securely packed, with key, warranty, and full printed instructions at our own risk, and will arrive at its destination with the least possible delay.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" COUPON.
For H. SAMUEL'S Celebrated Watches.
On receipt of this Coupon we agree to supply the bearer with any of our Watches at the reduced price as above.
(Signed) H. SAMUEL.
Lever Watch Factory, 97, Market Street, Manchester.

THE COST OF CARRIAGE TO INDIA IS 2s. 6d. ADDITIONAL ON EACH WATCH = 1½ RUPEES.

Descriptive pamphlets, containing full particulars and hundreds of astounding testimonials from all parts, with upwards of 500 illustrations, sent to any address gratis.

THE FOLLOWING IS ONE OUT OF MANY THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS RECEIVED:—

Crudgington, near Wellington, Salop,
July 17th, 1884.

Mr. H. Samuel.

DEAR SIR,—I thank you kindly for sending me the catalogue, and for the prompt manner with which you have attended to my order; and as to the watch I might say I am perfectly satisfied with it. But this would not be saying enough. I must say I am astonished, for I never imagined that there was such a watch in the world. I am not a mechanic, but I have been in the habit for many years of examining watches, when out of order, for different parties. This has brought to my notice watches of all grades and prices, but the one you have sent me far exceeds any I have yet witnessed for symmetry, strength, durability, neatness, compactness, and last, though not least, precision of movement.

I must say that to the best of my judgment it stands unrivalled. After six weeks' trial and with the most close and minute inspection I cannot discover that it has varied one secon'; and as a friend I would say to all who wish to have a good watch, "Send for H. Samuel's True Timekeeper," and you will have a watch that will give you the time to a second, endure your lifetime, and all for a very trifling expense. I remain, yours sincerely,
JAMES TAIT.

Write at once for full pamphlets containing valuable information from wearers of these watches; containing 500 beautiful illustrations and 200 pages. Will be forwarded by next mail following receipt of application. Post free.

H. SAMUEL,
LEVER WATCH FACTORY,
97, MARKET STREET, MANCHESTER, ENGLAND.

VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL
STEAM ENGINES.
CIRCULAR & BAND SAW BENCHES.

PORTABLE ENGINES
(ON TWO WHEELS)
For Hilly Districts and Rough Roads.



E. S. HINDLEY,
11, Queen Victoria St.,
LONDON, E.C.
Catalogues on Application.



Orders through Shippers or Remittance on London House.

'SERIOUS REFLECTIONS'
AND OTHER CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE
BOMBAY GAZETTE
BY THE LATE
GEORGE-ABERIGH MACKAY
UNDER THE NOM DE PLUME
OF
OUR POLITICAL ORPHAN
300 pages; Demy 8vo. Cloth-bound
Price Rs. 2-8.

opies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette Office.*

S. ROSE & Co., BOMBAY, invite attention to their importations of MUSICAL BOXES. They have been manufactured to special order, and will be found to be excellent in mechanism, musically correct, of rich tone and of beautiful finish. All boxes are of rosewood inlaid with lock and key.

BENGALEE AND HINDOSTANEE NATIONAL AIRS.
SINGLE-AIR MANUAL BOXES.
Playing "Taza bhee Taza" and other Hindostani Tunes, each Rs. 5.

In Rosewood Inlaid Box, with Lock, Playing 6 Airs. Length 18 in.; Width 8 in.; Depth 6 in. Rs. 120.
Taza bhee Taza.
Gaiboree.
Hilli Milli Punnya.
Denga Chate Ayore.
Kia Hoga Bhaia Janee.
Ragineee, Kumbai.

Playing 4 Airs only as above. Size 13 in. by 6½ in. by 5 in. Rs. 80.

6 Airs, Size 13 in. by 6½ by 5 in. Rs. 80.
Ragnee, Sarang.
Ragnee, Bhoirabee.
Ragnee, Kaffee.
Ragnee, Jhinjotee.
Ragnee, Bhoirabee.
Ragnee, Kawalee.

6 Airs, Rosewood Inlaid Case. Size 17 in. by 9 in. by 6 in.
Bhairabi.
Ragini Purabi-Gonri.
Kalangra.
Sankara Tangla.
Kunjhit.
Bhup Kalyan.

6 Airs, Rosewood Inlaid Case. Size 17 in. by 9 in. by 5 in. Rs. 60.
Ragini Saranga.
Ganra Saranga.
Ragini Iman-Kalyana.
Ragini Saratha No. 2.
Pilu Barana.
Ragini Behagee.

8 Airs, Rosewood Inlaid Case. Size 17 in. by 8 in. by 6. Rs. 80.
Ragini Bhupallia.
Kambaja.
Ragini Surata Yatha.
Ragini Bihoash.
Chh-aya Nata.
Bhup Bibhash.
Khambeja No. 2.
Ragini Kedara.

BENGALEE AND HINDOSTANEE NATIONAL AIRS.

8 Airs, Rosewood Inlaid Case. Size 18 in. by 9 in. by 6 in. Rs. 100.
Kalangra.
Sankara Tangla.
Thunjhit.
Bhup-Kalyan.
Ragini Iman-Kalyana.
Ganra Saranga.
Ragini Saranga.
Ragini Behaga.

8 Airs, Rosewood Inlaid Case. Size 18 in. by 9 in. by 6 in. Rs. 100.
Pilu Barana.
Ragini Saratha No. 2.
Bhairabi.
Ragini Purabi-Gouri.
Kalangra.
Sankara Tangla.
Thunjhit.
Bhup-Kalyana.



ENGLISH TUNES.
SINGLE-AIR MANUAL BOXES.
Playing one tune, each Rs. 5.
Faust Waltz, Grandfather's Clock. We are a Merry Family, and other Airs.

ROSEWOOD INLAID BOX, WITH LOCK.
Playing 4 Airs.
Size 1 foot by 7 inches. Rs. 45.
Here's a Health to all Good Lasses.
Home, Sweet Home.
Auld Lang Syne.
Blue Bells of Scotland.

Playing 4 Airs.
Size 1 foot by 5 inches by 7½ inches. Rs. 55.
Sweetheart's Waltz.
Clochea de Corneville.
I'll Sing the Songs of Araby.
Alastian Mazurka.

ROSEWOOD INLAID WITH LOCK.
Playing 6 Airs.
Size 17 in. by 7½ in. by 5 in. Rs. 50.
Love Not.
Nancy Lee.
Trial by Jury.
Princess Marie Galop.
H. M. S. Pinafore.
Home, Sweet Home.

Playing 6 Airs. Rs. 60.
Home, Sweet Home.
Blue Bells of Scotland.
Auld Lang Syne.
Les Huguenots.
Il Trovatore—Duet.
Sweetheart's Waltz.

Playing 6 Airs.
Size 16½ in. by 8 in. by 5½ in. Rs. 65.
Don Giovanni.
Bonnie Dundee.
Those Evening Bells.
Annie Lisle.
Will Jones and Susan Jane.
The Blue Danube Valse.

Playing 6 Airs.
Size 16½ in. by 8 in. by 5½ in. Rs. 65.
Precious.
Girofla Girofla.
Those Evening Bells.
Talisman—March.
La Fille de Mme Angot.
Wien mein eine Valse.

Playing 6 Airs.
Size 1 foot 5 inches by 7½ inches. Rs. 65.
Home, Sweet Home.
Auld Lang Syne.
Duet from Trovatore.
Blue Bells of Scotland.
Chorus from Huguenots.
Sweetheart's Waltz.

Playing 6 Airs.
Size 1 foot 5 inches by 7½ inches. Rs 65.
La Jolie Perfumera.
La Fille de Tambour.
Grand Duchess.
Le Retour du Printemps.
Orphée aux Enfers.
Clochea de Corneville.

Also a large variety of others from Rs. 25 to Rs. 1,000.
NEW CATALOGUES NOW READY, POST-FREE.

S. ROSE & Co., BOMBAY,
21, ESPLANADE ROAD.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Tart Fruits, Potted Meats.

PURVEYORS BY APPOINTMENT TO HER IMPERIAL MAJESTY THE EMPRESS OF INDIA.

Preserved Fish, Soups, Game, Sausages, Hams, Bacon and Cheese
May be obtained of all Storekeepers throughout India.

ALL GENUINE GOODS ARE LABELLED

CROSSE & BLACKWELL,

PURVEYORS TO THE QUEEN,
SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.

SPECIAL AGENTS FOR
LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF
HIS EXCELLENCY SIR JAMES FERGUSSON, BART., GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES

ARE manufactured only by The SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

EVERY SINGER'S MACHINE BEARS
THE TRADE-MARK
As per the annexed sketch.



BEWARE of COUNTERFEITS,
AND
TO AVOID DECEPTION,
Buy no Machine without this Trade-mark and without the Company's Trade name "SINGER" on the Machine

ACKNOWLEDGED BEST IN THE WORLD.

SWIFT,
PERFECT,
SIMPLE.
DURABLE,
EASY,
LIGHT RUNNING.
FOR FAMILIES,
TAILORS,
MILLINERS,
SHOEMAKERS.



FACTS BETTER THAN FICTIONS. After the Chicago Fire the Relief Committee undertook to furnish Sewing Machines to the needy women of that city. Out of 2,994 applicants 2,427 chose Singer Machines, and 517 took from five other makers. These girls were to earn their own living. WHY DID THEY TAKE SINGER'S?

THE RULING MACHINE OF THE DAY.

Ten Offices and thirty-five Agents in India.

WANTED AGENTS.

Most profitable terms offered. Hundreds of Hand, Foot or Steam-power Machines always on hand.



ON HIRE,
WITH OPTION OF PURCHASE,
Rs. 10 A MONTH.
PARTICULARS POST FREE.
INSTRUCTIONS GRATIS.
REPAIRS UNDERTAKEN.
DUPLICATE PARTS IN STOCK.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING Co.,

5, CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

NOTICES.

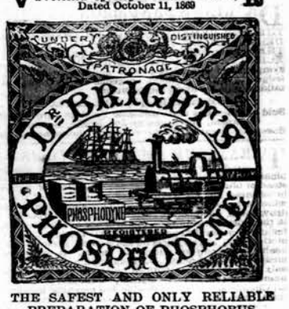
THE LATEST NOVELTY.

THE "New Argosy" GLOVE.
No Buttons to come off.
BEST BLACK KID,
Cash Rs. 4-4 per pair.



HOAR & Co., BOMBAY.

Patronized by the Aristocracy and Elite, extensively used in the Army and Navy, and highly recommended by the leading Medical Practitioners.
V *Protected by Royal Letters Patent,* R
Dated October 11, 1869



THE SAFEST AND ONLY RELIABLE PREPARATION OF PHOSPHORUS.

This Phosphatic combination is pronounced by the most eminent members of the Medical Profession to be the most efficacious medicine hitherto discovered for the speedy and permanent cure of—

Nervous Prostration, Liver Complaints, Female Complaints, General Debility, Indigestion, Flatulence, Sick Headache, Lassitude, Loss of Energy and Appetite, Mental and Physical Depression, Consumption (in its first Stages only), Nervous Debility in all its Stages, Premature Decline, Nervous Fancies, Eruptions of the Skin, Palpitation of the Heart, Impoverished Blood.

And all morbid conditions of the system arising from whatever cause.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE

Is unequalled for its power in replenishing the vitality of the body, by its supplying all the essential constituents of the blood and nerve substance, and for developing all the powers and functions of the system to the highest degree, therefore, a marvellous medicine for renovating impaired and broken-down constitutions. It quickly improves the functions of assimilation to such a degree that where for years an emaciated, anxious, and semi-vital condition has existed, the flesh will rapidly increase in quantity and firmness, and the whole system return to a state of robust health.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.

The ONLY medicine of that name granted certificates by Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Marks. Beware of counterfeit Phosphodynes and cheap imitations bearing similar names.

☞ CAUTION.—The indubitable proof of the great value of DR. BRIGHT'S (THE ONLY GENUINE) PHOSPHODYNE is the various worthless imitations which are being made up with a view to deceive the public. Therefore ask for DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE, and refuse Useless and Possibly Dangerous Substitutes.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE
Is sold in CASES by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the Globe.
Full Directions for use in 16 Languages accompany each case.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR INDIA.—BOMBAY—Kemp & Co. CALCUTTA—Smith, Stanistreet & Co.; Baltgate & Co.; Scott, Thompson & Co. MADRAS—Morris & Co. SIMLA & LAHORE—Pioneer & Co.; Gillon & Co.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, GRATTAN GEARY, at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.

AGENTS.—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill, E.C.—PARIS: Messrs. CALIGHANI & Co., 224, Rue de Rivoli.—CALCUTTA: Messrs. THACKER SPINK and Co.